The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

VOL. 17—No 34 | FORT WAYNE, INDIANA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1857. | WHOLE No 1237

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE.—*Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, Third Story, opposite P. Kiser.*

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum, in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.
No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher.
Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten lines for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.
A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch, and on the most reasonable terms.

Insurance Agency.

The subscriber having received the Agency of the

Ætna Insurance Company

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

IS prepared to issue policies on the most favorable terms. This Company has a Capital Stock of

$300,000.

All paid and well invested, and is one of the oldest and most responsible Companies in the Union.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.
Fort Wayne, Oct. 30, 1851. y17.

GIRARD
Fire & Marine Insurance Co,
OF PHILADELPHIA,
CAPITAL HALF A MILLION.

One of the most reliable Companies in the Union.

THE undersigned is now prepared to issue policies for this Company, at moderate rates. This is the only Agency in the West.

E. F. COLERICK, *Agent*,
FORT WAYNE, IND.,

[Is also Agent for the *New England Live Stock Insurance Co.*]
December 15, 1854. 24

General Insurance Agency,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

Ætna Fire & Mar Insurance Co.,
Hartford, Connecticut.—Capital $500,000.
MERCHANTS FIRE & MARINE INS. Co
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.—Capital $150,000.
STAR FIRE & MARINE INS. Co.
Ogdensburgh, N. Y.—Capital $150,000.

The above Companies have all their capital paid in, and have complied with all the conditions of the late Act of the Legislature relating to Foreign Insurance Companies, thus affording ample guarantees to the insured.

HOUGH & JONES, *Agents.*
May 17th, 1855. y46

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

HOUGH & JONES, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, will attend to all legal business entrusted to their care, and will give special attention to the collecting and securing of debts throughout the State.
OFFICE—Calhoun street.

L. M. NINDE, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.
OFFICE—Corner of Calhoun and Pearl streets, under the Sentinel Office.

WM. W. CARSON, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.
OFFICE—On Calhoun street, one door south of P. Kiser's (second story).

F. P. RANDALL, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery.
OFFICE—Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store.

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jun., Attorney and Counsellor at Law, will attend to the Collection, Adjustment or Securing of Debts, the payment of taxes, purchase and sale of lands, and examination of titles in any part of Indiana.
OFFICE—Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, under the Sentinel office.

W. S. SMITH. W. W. STEVENS.

SMITH & STEEVENS,
Attorneys at Laws.
FORT WAYNE, IND.

Collections made with fidelity and dispatch, and the proceeds promptly paid over.
Sale or purchase of Real Estate negotiated.
☞OFFICE—Over City Auction Store. 36

MEDICAL NOTICES.

Dr. C. S. Smith.

Office on Calhoun street, over Hill's Book Store.
Fort Wayne, July 7th. y—1

HOMŒOPATHY.

P. M. LEONARD, M. D., respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, as Homœopathic Physician and Surgeon. He may be found at the office of Dr. Brooks, on Calhoun street, in building north of Canal Bridge, at all times when not professionally engaged.

To the Afflicted.

DR. M. FALCON'S Practice is confined entirely to all obstinate or critical diseases such as CANCERS, TUMORS, ULCERS, SCROFULA, SALT RHEUM, TETTER, ERYSIPELAS, KINGS EVIL, BARBER'S ITCH, SCALD HEAD FEVER SORES, PILES, KIDNEY DISEASES, LUMBAGO, DYSPEPSIA, CATARRH, FISTLE OR FISTULA, CANKER OR NURSING SORE MOUTH, ETC., ETC.

All Diseases of the Eyes
Successfully treated.

His mode of treating CANCERS is by giving Medicine internally to operate on the blood, and apply external Medicine, which separates the cancer from the good flesh, and consequently removes it out by the roots and without the use of any caustic medicine or surgical operation.

He has samples of Cancers removed by him, for any person to examine that wishes, which will convince any rational person that it is the only true method by which a permanent cure can be effected.

Dr. F. will give references to hundreds of persons cured of the above diseases, through different parts of the United States.

Dr. M. Falcon has recently located in Fort Wayne, his Office and dwelling on corner of Clinton and Wayne streets.
Fort Wayne, Oct. 3, 1856. p6m13

Dr. Rogers.

OFFICE—Corner of Calhoun and Main street, at Wagoner's Drug Store.
Fort Wayne, Sept. 19, 1853. p6m21

A CARD FOR THE LADIES.

THE GREAT TURKISH PERIODICAL REMEDY—For the immediate removal of Obstructions, Irregularities, Prolapsus Uteri (Falling of the Womb) Leuchorrhœa or Whites, &c &c.

These Pills have never in a single instance failed in producing the menses. Too much cannot be said in their favor. No woman can enjoy good health when that particular part of her peculiar organization is deranged. Sickness at stomach, headace, languor, debility, pain in the head, side and back, loss of appetite, costiveness, &c., are some of the symptoms which attend irregular menstruation. As certain as time are these Pills to remove one and all of these symptoms.

Be sure and get the genuine, which has our signature on each box. These Pills may be had by addressing Dr. Sanfloy and Co., and enclosing $1; the Pills will be sent by return mail.

N. B.—Ladies whose health will not permit of an increase of family, will find these Pills a successful preventive.

Ladies who are pregnant should not use these Pills, as they are sure to bring on mis-carriage, though no injury to health would follow. Address,

DR. SANFLOY & CO.,
Cincinnati, Ohio.
Feb. 6, 1857. 1y—32

Carter's Spanish Mixture.
THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD!
THE BEST ALTERATIVE KNOWN
Not a Particle of Mercury in it!

An infallible remedy for Scrofula, King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Boils, Ague and Fever, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ringworm or Tetter, Scalded-head, Enlargement and pain of the Bones and Joints, Salt Rheum, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Disorders, and all diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Imprudence in Life, or Impurity of the Blood.

This great alterative Medicine and Purifier of the Blood is now used by thousands of grateful patients, from all parts of the United States, who testify daily to the remarkable cures performed by the greatest of all medicines, "*Carter's Spanish Mixture.*" Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Eruptions of the Skin, Liver Disease, Fevers, Ulcers, Old Sores, Affection of the Kidneys, Diseases of the Throat, Female Complaints, Pains and Aching of the Bones and Joints, are speedily put to flight by using this inestimable remedy.

For all diseases of the Blood, nothing has yet been found to compare with it. It cleanses the system of all impurities, acts gently and efficiently on the Liver and Kidneys, strengthens the Digestion, gives tone to the stomach, makes the skin clear and healthy, and restores the Constitution enfeebled by disease or broken down by the excess of youth, to its pristine vigor and strength.

For the DISEASES OF FEMALES it is peculiarly applicable, and wherever it has become known, is regularly prescribed with the happiest effects. It invigorates the weak and debilitated, and imparts elasticity to the worn-out frame, clears the skin, and leaves the patient fresh and healthy; a single bottle of this inestimable remedy is worth all the so-called Sarsaparillas in existence.

The large number of certificates which we have received from persons from all parts of the United States, is the best evidence that there is no humbug about it. The press, hotel keepers, magistrates, physicians, and public men, well known to the community, all add their testimony to the wonderful effects of this *Great Blood Purifier.*

Call on the Agent and get an Almanac, and read the details of astonishing cures performed by *Carter's Spanish Mixture*, (in most cases where every thing else has signally failed.) The limits of an advertisement will not admit their full insertion.

WM. S. BEERS & CO., PROPRIETORS,
No. 304 Broadway, New York.

To whom all orders must be addressed.

For sale by Druggists and Country Merchants in all parts of the United States and the Canadas, and by H. B. REED and WALL & MEYER, Fort Wayne; P. HELLER & SON, Heller's Corners; D. S. DANTON, Perry; SNYDER & TALBOT, Zanesville; J. BEACHGOOD, Maysville. 1y11

DOCTOR HOOFLAND'S
CELEBRATED
GERMAN BITTERS,
PREPARED BY
Dr. C. M. JACKSON, Philadelphia, Pa.
Will effectually cure
Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Jaundice,
Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach.

Such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or webs before the sight, Fever and dull pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant imaginings of evil and Great depression of spirits.

THE proprietor in calling the attention of the public to this preparation, does so with a feeling of the utmost confidence in its virtues and adaptation to the diseases for which it is recommended.

It is no new and untried article but one that has stood the test of a ten year's trial before the American people, and its reputation and sale is unrivalled by any similar preparations extant. The testimony in its favor given by the most prominent and well known Physicians and individuals in all parts of the country is immense, and a careful perusal of the Almanac published annually by the proprietor, and to be had gratis of any of its Agents, cannot but satisfy the most skeptical that this remedy is really deserving the great celebrity it has obtained.

Principal Office and Manufactory,
No. 96 ARCH street, Philadelphia, Pa.

For sale by Druggists and Country Merchants in all parts of the United States and the Canadas, and by H. B. Reed & Co., and Wall & Meyer, Fort Wayne; P. Heller & Son, Heller's Corners; D. J. Danton, Perry, Snyder & Talbot, Zanesville; J. Beachgood, Maysville. 1y11

DR. J. HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED
STOMACH BITTERS

IS a sure cure for Dyspepsia—will remove all Flatulency and Heaviness from the Stomach—keep you free from Costiveness, assist Digestion, give a good Appetite, and impart a healthy tone to the whole system. It is a certain preventive of

Fever and Ague.

For sale by all the principal Druggists, and
HOSTETTER, SMITH & CO,
Sole Manufacturers and Proprietors,
No. 267 Penn st., Pittsburgh.

☞CAUTION☜

Carefulness should be our study, but more particularly when the health is at stake. Since these Bitters have, from their medical qualities, become so popular, there have been a great many concoctions called Stomach Bitters, and often represented to be the same in virtue as Dr. Hostetter's, palmed upon the public. Be careful of these villainous compounds! Our Bitters are put up in square quart bottles, and covered with the patent metallic cap, stamped "Hostetter's Stomach Bitters," and Dr. J Hostetter blown on the glass. All others are imitation.

For sale, at Fort Wayne, by
J. D. WERDEN & CO, WALL & MEYER,
H. B. REED, H. G. WAGNER.
Sept 13, 1856 y11

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

Moffat's Life Pills
AND
PHŒNIX BITTERS,
FREE FROM ALL MINERAL POISONS.

THE great popularity which *Moffat's Life Pills* and *Phœnix Bitters* have attained, in consequence of the extraordinary cures effected by their use renders it unnecessary for the proprietor to enter into a particular analysis of their medicinal virtues or properties. Having been more than twenty years before the public, and having the united testimony of more than *Three Millions* of persons who have been restored to the enjoyment of perfect health by them, it is believed that their reputation as the best vegetable medicine now before the public, admits of no dispute. In almost every city and village in the United States there are many who are ready to testify to their efficacy in removing disease, and giving to the whole system renewed vigor and health.

In cases of SCROFULA, ULCERS, SCURVY OR ERUPTIONS of the skin, the operation of the Life Medicines is truly astonishing, often removing in a few days every vestige of these loathsome diseases, by their purifying effects on the blood. FEVER AND AGUE, DYSPEPSIA, DROPSY, PILES, and in short most all diseases, soon yield to their curative properties. No family should be without them, as by their timely use much suffering and expense may be saved.

Prepared by WILLIAM B. MOFFAT, M. D.,
New York.
And for sale by WALL & MEYER. y17

WALL PAPER.

C. L. HILL is now receiving a large and beautiful assortment of Wall Paper and Bordering of the latest and richest patterns.
June 28, 1856.

A FULL stock of QUEENSWARE, from a common sett of Tea for 25 cents, to a China Tea sett at $20, at ORFF'S.

PRINTING INK.

JUST received at HILL'S BOOK STORE, a full supply of Lightbody's celebrated News Ink—in 25lb, 30lb and 60lb kegs.
Calhoun street, Dec. 1856.

ROCKHILL HOUSE,
By PHILO RUMSEY,
Corner of Broadway and Main Streets,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
January 20th, 1855. y26

HEDEKIN HOUSE,
Barr Street, near Columbia,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

THE underrigned having leased the above well known House for a term of years, respectfully inform the public, that they have refitted and furnished the same anew, and intend it shall not be surpassed by any House in the West.

CALVIN ANDERSON,
JOHN J. KNOX.

☞Omnibus to convey Passengers to and from the Packets and Cars without charge. y46

MAYER HOUSE,
Formerly Palo Alto
H. B. GARTIN Proprietor,
FORT WAYNE, IND.,
Corner of Wayne and Calhoun Streets.
☞Omnibus to convey passengers to and from the Cars. y2

NEW GOODS

THIS day opened at the Boston Dry Goods Store, No. 75 Columbia street, a large lot of
New Style De Laines, Pints, and other Dress Goods.
Sept. 12, 1856. WM. T. ABBOTT.

New Fall Goods
At Old No. 3.

J. & C. ORFF are now receiving a new and general assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods

of the latest styles and best quality.

As they will be sold very low, buyers will find it to their interest to call and make their purchases at the far-famed cheap No. 3.

Call and see them!
GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE

Invite the public to examine their new stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

which in point of beauty, style, and quality, will be found at least equal to any in the city; and an examination of the prices will satisfy all that to cheapness they are a little ahead of all competition. They have also a full supply of the choicest fresh

Family Groceries.

October 13th, 1856.

More Goods!
H. R. SCHWEGMAN has got a tremendous stock of

NEW GOODS

to which he invites public attention. He is too busy opening them and attending the great rush of customers to write a long advertisement this week. Further particulars hereafter,
Oct. 4th

J. PIERR,
No. 1 Phœnix Block, Calhoun Street,

HAS received large additions to his stock from the eastern markets, and now offers to the public a general and full assortment of

FALL & WINTER GOODS,
Groceries, Queensware, &c.

Which he will sell at the lowest rates.

Buyers are requested to call and examine, and satisfy themselves that this is the truth
Oct. 4th,

DENTAL DEPOT.
61 Columbia St, Fort Wayne, Ind.

The subscriber has just received a large stock of ARTIFICIAL TEETH from the celebrated manufacturers Orum and Armstrong, Phil consisting of Gum teeth, single and entire sets; Plain and Pivot Teeth; Gold and Tin-Foil of superior quality. Also, still be receiving *Dental Instruments, Crucibles, &c.*

J. U. WINSLOW,
Aug. 16th. 61 Columbia street.

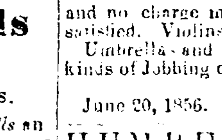
CARIER & WEHMER,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c.,

ARE now opening at the corner of Calhoun and Canal streets, two doors north of H. B. Reed's, on the Canal, and will keep constantly on hand a large stock and each variety of articles in their line, and of the best quality, both foreign and domestic, to which they would call the particular attention of both the city and country trade.

CHEAP PRICES!

Please give us a call.
y35 CARIER & WEHMER.

ORGAN, PIANO FORTE,
—AND—
Musical Instrument
MANUFACTORY.



THE subscriber has commenced the manufacture of Organ, Piano Fortes and other Musical Instruments, in the 2nd story of the building in Clinton Street two doors south of Hamilton's Bank, where he will be happy to accommodate all who need any thing in his line. All kinds of repairs promptly and tended to, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Pianos and Melodeons Tuned,

and no charge made unless the parties are fully satisfied. Violins, Guitars, &c., repaired.

Umbrellas and Parasols neatly repaired, and all kinds of Jobbing done.

HENRY WARTENSLEBEN.
June 20, 1856. 6m51

HUMPHREY & HURD,
Carpenters and Joiners,

HEREBY give notice to their friends and all whom it may concern, that they manufacture to order at their shop, nearly opposite the Rockhill House *Doors, Blinds, Window Sash*, and all other kinds of work usually in their line of business. Having the most extensive assortment and the very best of machinery driven by steam of any establishment in this vicinity, they are prepared to execute all orders with dispatch and at the lowest prices. Give us a call.
Fort Wayne, April 11th, 1856. y41

BLINDS AND SASH
CHEAPEST AT HOME.

MAKERS of *Blinds* in Toledo and other places, and their agents here represent their work *cheaper* than any made here. To those in want of such articles, we would say we are prepared to furnish BETTER WORK at prices that will compare *all the time* with any made abroad, and respectfully invite a call. HUMPHREY & HURD
Fort Wayne, April 11th, 1856. y41.

JOCQUEL & WEBER,
DEALERS IN
STOVES,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
Tin, Copper, Brass and Sheet Iron Ware,
At the new Tin Shop, Sign of the big Coffee Pot Calhoun St., opposite the Auction Room,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
Spouting, Troughing, and all kinds of Job Work done to order. y37

BONNETS—The largest, and most tasty assortment, and cheapest, can be found at ORFF'S.

POETRY.

[*From the London Punch.*]

CRINOLINA.

Lesbia's skirt doth streaming fly,
But none observe how full it streameth;
Right and left the men go by,
But of remarking no one dreameth.
Bolder 'tis to dare put on
My Lina's skirts of extra sizes:
Light she seems, but every one
By unexampled bulk surprises.
Oh, my Crinolina dear,
My pavement-filling Crinolina,
Beauty lies
In moderate size,
My Tom in your's my Crinolina,

Lesbia's dress keeps out the cold,
Good-taste, good sense, all feel have graced it;
But Tom approval must withhold.
There's not a breadth of stuff in't wasted!
Oh, my Lina skirts for me.
That swells baloon-like on the breezes,
Letting everybody see
How far stuff CAN go, if it pleases!
Yes my Crinolina dear,
My rustling, bell shaped Crinolina,
Taste in dress
Can't well be less!
Than you display, my Crinolina!

Lesbia had a waist refined,
But with mod'rate drapery round it,
Who can tell her hearts confined,
From breaking bounds, when Love hath found it.
Pillowed safe, my Lina's heart
Within her miles of skirts reposes,
Beyond the flight of Cupid's dart—
Poor Love quiet lost among the rows is,
Oh, my Crinolina dear,
Expansive and expensive Lina,
Waist less tight,
Skirts less a sight,
Indulge in, do, my Crinolina!

How Sandusky was saved from Famine.

Years agone, when the course of trade ran in a counter direction to what we now behold owing to a severe drouth, the City of Sandusky underwent all the horrors of a protracted famine. The water on the bar at the mouth of the Bay was so low that vessels were unable to reach the port, and as there was no land transportation at that time which could be relied upon in a case of sudden emergency, it appeared as if providence had forsaken the place entirely, and that its inhabitants must soon perish. For days weeks their stock of provisions had been gradually disappearing, until soon all was gone, and their only reliance was upon the few fish which they were enabled to obtain from the waters of the Bay, and an occasional meager supply of game from the neighboring forest.

At the time of which we write the woods in that vicinity, and in fact throughout the Western reserve, were frequented by vast numbers of wild hogs, which obtained a beautiful subsistence and grew fat on the *shack* which everywhere abounded. These hogs were doubtless estrays, but the spareness of the population in the interior, and the rapidity with which they multiplied, rendered them strangers to man and very shy of his presence. During the drouth, of which mention has already been made, large droves of these animals wended their way to the lake near which they continued to remain. Sandusky Bay in particular was a favorite place of resort for them, in the waters of which they were accustomed to wallow after slaking their thirst. Those who are acquainted with the locality of which we speak, will remember the annoyance to which the early settlers were exposed in the shape of fine red sand which covered the beach, and which, in times of high wind, was not only exceedingly troublesome, but dangerous. Thousands of hogs, in consequence of frequenting this spot, became totally blind; but still, with all the cunning which belongs to this perverse race in their natural state, they continued to elude the hunters.

One day when the famine in the city was at its height, and when it was apparent that even the strongest must succumb, Joe B——took down his gun and resolved to make a last effort to rescue his wife and little ones from a fate the most horrible of which the mind has any conception. All day long had their suken eyes and shriveled hands implored him in vain for bread—and alas he knew to well that not within the whole city was there a mouthful to be had, though he were to offer in exchange thrice its weight in gold.—Nerved to desperation by this reflection, but still with feeble steps, he took his way to the forest, resolved not to return with relief in some shape.

For a long time he hunted in vain, traversing miles of weary pathway, without so much as seeing a single evidence of animated nature, until he was on the point of yielding to despair.—At this moment a noise as of approaching footsteps, attracted his attention, and he paused, with every faculty rendered keen by hunger to listen. Nearer and nearer came the tramping, and just as Joe, to screen himself from observation, took shelter behind a tree, a wild hog emerged from a thicket, advancing directly towards him, followed immediately by annother still. The hunter, trembling with anxiety and excitement, raised his gun, but suddenly paused in astonishment at the singular phenomenon before him. The drove (for drove there was) was approaching him in Indian file, and headed directly for the Bay. *The second hog held in his mouth the tail of the first, the third of the second, and so on*, to the number of sixty and upwards, each was holding fast to the caudal appendage of his predecessor, and all were being led by the foremost of the drove, and he, being the only one that could see was thus conveying his afflicted companions

The hunter comprehended the scene in a moment, and instantly decided upon his course.—Raising the gun deliberately, he fired, and severed the tail of the leader close to the roots. His affrighted leadership, with a loud squeal, bounded into the thicket and disappeared, while his blind companions came to a dead halt. Joe quickly divested himself of his boots and crept stealthily up to the first of the band, which stood quietly holding in his mouth the amputated tail of his former conductor. This the hunter seized and commenced gently pulling upon it. First one hog started, then another, until soon, like a train of cars, all were in motion, and without pausing to rest for a single instant, Joe led them quietly into a huge pen near his residence, where they were soon killed, and the city was saved.

A Pair of Bridal Hits.—We find the following items floating around loose in the papers, and unite them as worthy each other's society.

At a wedding the other day, one of the guests who is often a little absent minded, observed, gravely: "I have frequently remarked of late, that there have been more women than men married this year."

The following atrocity was committed by an old bachelor in Wisconsin who is an editor:

Why is a bridegroom more expensive than the bride? Because the bride is always *given* away, while the bridegroom is usually *sold*.

Shawnee Bank.—The liabilities of this "legitimate institution," as reported by Joseph Poole, Esq., one of the assignees, amount, to about $25,000; and the means on hand to liquidate the same, only $2,000. After expenses of winding the thing up, she will probably pay to her creditors less than ten cents on the dollar, while her bills issued are entirely worthless. Rather a sound institution, that.—*Covington Friend.*

The Securities of the Late Auditor Talbott.

Mr. Talbott gave two bonds for the faithful performance of his duties; one for $10,000, with ample securities, it is said, to "faithfully discharge the duties of the office of the State of Indiana, according to law," and the other for $25,000 with good security, for the faithful performance of his duties under an act, entitled, "An act to amend an act to authorize and regulate the business of general banking," passed March 3d 1855, as required by the fifth section of said act.

As neither the Gramercy or Shawnee Banks deposited securities for the redemption of their issues under the amended act stated above, there is no liability on the part of the securities of Mr. Talbott upon the $25,000 bond. The securities are liable on the first named bond for $10,000 for the misapplication by Mr. Talbott of the securities of the Gramercy and Shawnee Banks, which will be equal to about 23 per cent. on their issues. This is the only security the bill holders have for the redemption of notes of these Banks.

The family of Mr. Talbott is, we understand, wealthy, amply so to redeem all the out-standing notes of these Banks without inconvenience, but we learn that he has little or no property in his own name, which can be reached for his liabilities. We state these facts in answer to the numerous enquiries made of us about the situation of these Banks and the liability of Mr. Talbott. At the time of the failure of the Banks it was expected that Mr. Talbott would feel it incumbent upon him, as a man of honor, to make good the mis-application, on his part, of the bonds deposited with him for the security of the bills of these Banks, but we fear that public expectation will be disapointed in that respect, and that the community will have to pocket the loss occasioned either by his indiscretion, credulousness, or want of sagacity.—*State Sentinel.*

How Members of Congress are Made.

Marshal, of Kentucky, in a speech in Congress, a few days ago, took occasion to unbosom himself of a good deal of bitterness toward editors generally, and to speak very disparingly of the entire newspaper press of the country. The Louisville Journal thus takes him off:

"We like Dr Marshall very well, but his being a member of Congress gives him no right to sneer at editors as a class. To be sure, editors can afford to be sneered at by members of Congress, but members of Congress, considering how they are generally, can ill afford to sneer at them. When William Penn, the Governor of Pennsylvania, was traveling in a portion of the State where he was not known, a fellow, in whose presence the Quaker Governor presumed to wear his hat, exclaimed with an air of offended dignity, 'Sir, I would have you know that I am a justice of the peace.' 'Well, friend,' said the Governor, in his quiet way, '*I make such things as thee.*'"

That's so. The newspapers *make* just "such things" as members of Congress. The St. Louis Republican adds its testimony to that of the Journal, as follows:

"The M. C.'s, when they get to Congress, soon forget who made them—who gave them name and position and a Representative character—who in short, in many instances, convert very inferior materials into what are, for the time, honorable gentlemen.' Some blame does lie at the door of the partizan press for the indifference with which they have taken up, and carried the elections of men not worthy of so high a place—and it will be well if the same press shall hereafter exercise some discrimination in the advocacy of men for such responsible stations.—'Whatever members of Congress may say to the contrary, the press of this country stands upon a respectable a footing as, and has more influence than, the majority of that body.'

The Dead Alive—An Extraordinary Murder Case.—Our City Hall has been crowded to its utmost capacity during the last few days by an excited and deeply interested crowd of listeners to the Brownstown murder case. Much sympathy was felt for the prisoners—three elderly ladies—as the the examination of the witnesses elicited suspicious appearances and circumstantial evidence of a condemnatory character.—Some blood was proved to have been found about the house, some out of doors, some human hair, and some boarps knocked off the barn.—Also, bones supposed to be human were found in the ashes barrel. All this tended to prove that a crime of the blackest dye had been committed; and what rendered conviction a certainty was the fact that a little pedlar had strayed from the fraternal care of his brother, and had not been heard from in a week. Excitement had reached its highest pitch. The pedlar's brother had identified a piece of cloth on the premises as belonging to his brother's vest. The bones, notwithstanding the assertions of the doctors that they belonged to a sheep's hind leg, were believed to be the remains of the pedlar, and the hair was appropriated for the same personage, though it had been maliciously whispered around that they came from the appendage of a male cow. The council were about summing up the case with all their well-known ability, when a little Dutchman (the pedlar) who had stood with his hands in his pockets a quiet spectator of the scene, stepped forth and protested against any such liberties being taken with his affairs, declaring that he had neither been slaughtered nor burnt up, and, as to being dissolved into the small show of sheep bones and horse-hair which the table before him afforded, he felt indignant at the idea.

Of course we shall not attempt to describe the delight of the spectators, the consternation of the learned council, or the amazement of the judge, at the summary winding up of the beautiful case which had been made out; but we will confidently assert that the scene was rich.—*Detroit Free Press, 8th inst.*

Startling Disclosure of Embezzlement of Railroad Bonds.—We learn with regret that a most embarrassing disclosure was made at the meeting of the Henderson and Nashville Railroad Company on the 15th instant, that threatens to embarrass and interrupt the progress of this road. At the meeting it was divulged, for the first time, that nearly $600,000 of the bonds of the Company had been misapplied by the Company's agent in London. The bonds were issued three years ago, and carried by the then President of the Company to London for negotiation. Not succeeding to his wishes at that time, they were left in the hands of an agent, brother of the Chief Engineer of the road, to be negotiated under the direction, and on such terms as should first be approved by the Company, for iron for the road. It appears this agent, in gross violation of his trust, used a part of the bonds in the purchase of a steamship, or some other vessel, for the avowed purpose of freighting the iron that should be bought for the Company. This vessel he chartered to go to the Crimea, and she was lost on the voyage, and as it would appear without inturance. When called to an account, he alleged the vessel was the Company's, and the the loss theirs. What amount of the bonds were used in this transaction is not known, or what has become of the balance of them, has not yet been discovered, as no satisfactory account can be obtained from him of their disposition. The correspondence with him has been very unsatisfactory.—*Louis Journal of Jan 26.*

Appalling Disaster.
Railroad Train Plunging into DuPage River—Seven Car-loads of Horses Submerged—Three Lives Lost.

The recent heavy rains, washing away embankments, occasioning slides undermining ties, and sweeping away bridges, have been the cause of delays, and much hard swearing, of failures to make connections and detentions of the mails, and a general derangement of the rail and lines in Illinois and Missouri. If this were all, we be glad. On the Chicago and Rock Island Road, as it crosses the Du Page River, five miles from Joliet, the heavy rains of Friday had swollen the river till it overflowed its banks, covered the bottom and submerged the track on both sides of the bridge. A freight train, consisting of the locomotive, tender and seven cars loaded with horses, approached this river on Saturday. The engineer, ignorant of any obstruction and confident in the firmness and safety of the road, though covered with water, held on his way, plowing through a stream two feet deep, guided by the iron track, until he reached the bridge, when the appalling fact was revealed that the swollen river had not only submerged the bridge, but swept it away! Locomotive, tender, seven cars with their freight of horse, one after another, disappeared beneath the surface of the stream, deep enough, by reason of the freshet, to hide from view every vestige of the train. Down with it went all in charge of it, and three of them were lost. One human life destroyed overbalances the destruction of a thousand horses. But who can think, without a shudder, of those seven cars closely confining, beyond all hope of escape, their noble freight of horses? And who, without a thrill, can picture to his imagination the frantic death-struggles of those helpless animals, as with the falling train they took the fatal plunge, and amid gurling and inrushing waters, died, their cars of transportation proving their coffins, and their tomb!—*St. Louis Republican, Feb. 11.*

Seeds—A Humbug Exposed.—One of the various humbugs that are so extensively produced at the seat of our Federal Government, is the expenditure of large sums of money to purchase seeds, herbs and plants for distribution through the country by members of Congress, under their frank. It turns out that the seed and roots thus distributed are gross impositions, and many members of Congress have been greatly annoyed by the complaints of their constituents of the utter worthless, and, in many cases, of the noxious character of these horticultural and agricultural specimens. Honorable gentlemen, who thought they were strengthening themselves at home—making fast friends by such little attentions—have been disagreeably awakened from these pleasant delusions by the receipt of letters of ironical thanks, or positive abuse, for imposing on unsuspecting farmers and gardeners the seeds of some pestilent weed or creepers, labeled with some high-sounding Latin or Greek name.

The venerable Judge Butler, Senator from South Carolina, got into a serious scrape by some of these little attentions: Having received several parcels of a new and very rare species of fruit of vegetable, labeled "Ground Almonds," he transmitted a quantity of them to his constituents who planted them in various parts of the State. The seeds were in good condition, and germinated rapidly, coming up in the shape of a rich and luxuriant grass, which quickly spread over the whole country, choking and extinguishing all other plants, and carrying everything before it. The unfortunate recipients of this new Nessian shirt, discovered too late that their Senator had, under the name of "ground almonds," imposed on them the seed of that pestilent grass, the great terror of Southern planters, known as *coco*. Mr. Butler has had a very laborious and vexatious task in responding to the numerous letters of complaint from his constituents, in regard to what many of them consider a very sorry practical joke in a dignified official and elderly gentleman.—*Cin. Enq.*

The Davis and Scott Correspondence.—The long-talked-of correspondence between General Scott and Secretary Davis, in relation to the accounts of the former with the Government, of which so much has been said in Washington letters, has at last found into the public prints. We anticipated, from the giving out, something spicy, in the way of personalities, in the letters of the two officials, but were perfectly astonished at the vulgar and low abuse with which they seem to be filled. If the telegraphic accounts are correct, we do not hesitate to say that the correspondence is most discreditable to both of the parties to it, as well as to the Government, in which they are high officials. It is much to be regretted that it ever saw the light, or its objection phrases, at least, ought to have been striken out before it was published. It is lamentable that men, holding such high positions as General Scott and Jefferson Davis, should have resorted to the language of billingsgate in their official intercourse with each other; and years hence, we are confident, it will be a source of regret to both. Unlike the Marcy correspondence, this not seem to have been enlivened by genteel and pungent sarcasm, for, in personalities, it is singularly coarse, rough and vulgar. We think it will be perused by the country with general regret and disgust.—*Cin. Enq.*

Got Enough of Him.—Lewis D. Campbell, of Ohio, was elevated to a seat in Congress through the influence of know nothingism. He was a high-priest of that proscriptive organization, and was regarded by the order as one of their highest lights. This opinion of him by "Americans" appears to have undergone a great change of late. The Germantown Republican, the know-nothing organ of his congressional district, has an article in relation to him, in which the following language is employed:

"We hope those Americans whom we persuaded to vote for Campbell will pardon us we feel confident that they will, when we assure them that we have been as badly humbugged as they have. But we have the consolation of knowing that Campbell is about politically 'pegging-out.' Perhaps that is what makes him spiteful—he knows he is going down, and wants to bite somebody as he goes. Well, a majority of us rejoiced when he was elected; but we can counterbalance it by jollifying if Vallandigham succeeds in ousting him from his seat—and the probabilities are now strongly in favor of such a result. Upon the whole, we think we would much rather crow over the success of a locofoco than that of a traitor!"

☞ Milano, who attempted to kill the anointed King of Naples, suffered such horrid punishment in this world that he deserves at least as pleasant a hereafter as his royal tormenter:

He was stripped, bound hand and foot and hung to a beam with his head downward; he was tormented in this position for two hours, burning wisps of straw being held under his head. He was also bound and hung up by the ears, causing him the most agonizing pains in the head and ears; and the ground beneath him was covered with burning coals, so that with his bare feet he could not stand. He was also tortured with alternate applications of cold and boiling water, and his shoulder bones were pulled out of joint with ropes tied to the arms. Lastly, he was scourged, and those who saw his naked body declare that the skin was blackened, with green and yellow marks upon it, hideous to behold.

A New Excitement in Prospect—Burning the Dead

An eminent New York physician has according to the Buffalo Republic, written an elaborate work in favor of the practice of burning the dead, which is to be published after his own death.

By his will he directs his mortal remains to be kept for five days in a warm room; the thorax then to be opened and the heart extracted, which is to be embalmed and enclosed in a thick vellum bag, strongly impregnated with asphaltum; the remainder of his body is then to be publicly burnt on a pyre of sassafras or sandal wood, in one of the public cemetries—the ashes carefully gathered and deposited with the embalmed heart in a bronze urn. Five copies of the leading daily city papers, containing an account of the whole proceedings, are likewise directed to be deposited in the urn, which is then to be hermetically sealed and taken to the New York Museum.

In the midst of the excitement created by these proceedings the work is to be published.—For its circulation $10,000 are appropriated, $10,000 more for distribution among the city officials and leading politicians of all parties, who are to receive from $25 to $700 each for assisting in the ceremony and $10,000 more for the editorial fraternity to be delivered *pro rata*, according to their influence.

Should anything occur to prevent the due execution of the will, the bulk of his property is to be at once transferred to a charitable institution in Philadelphia. The Republic has these facts from the attorney who drew up the will. He estimates the property at $200,000.

An Election Joke.
"NINE CHEERS FOR OLD ZIM,"
or Breaking Down the System.
BY U. J. JONES.

In a remote county of Pennsylvania the scene is laid. The time was the year 1842, when party spirit rose to 102 deg. in the shade, in every hamlet throughout the length and breadth of Uncle Sam's glorious domain. The respective political parties met in convention at Bugsbury (the county seat) and made their nomination for county officers. As there were many aspirants for the few nominations, it follows as a matter of course, that there were some bitter disappointments—to no one more so than to "Old Zim," who was confident of getting a nomination for Sheriff.

Zimmerman, or "Old Zim," as he was familiarly called, was a miserly old codger, who was well to do in the world yet he was up at every convention for a nomination for something from 'time whereof the memory of man runneth not to the contrary.' He was reputed wealthy—that is, he owned a farm and had money, but he never showed the color of it, except when he unfortunately got on a spree; then he would sow it broadcast—but that was only a biennial occurrence.

A few evenings after the nominations above noted a knot of dissatisfied were congregated at the Black Horse Tavern, discussing the merits and demerits of the fortunate nominee.

'Gentlemen,' said Old Zim, 'merit and long service to the party, is no recommendation in this county. The wireworkers and schemers have it all their own way.'

'Ay,' responded one of the bar room loafers, 'they does the pickin out, and they expect us to do the votin.'

'But, gentlemen,' continued Zim, 'they will fetch up agin a snag or a sawyer, one of these days. Yes, gentlemen, by the eternal, I'll upset the applecart and spill their peaches. I'll see if it's the *people* or a set of broken down political hacks, as makes the county nomination. By Judas, I'll run as a volunteer candidate for Sheriff and if I don't lay em out, then my name ain't Zimmerman, that's all.

This determination was received with favor by the crowd, and Zim sealed it with a 'half' for red eye.

Full soon he was in the field, announced there a card in both papers to his fellow citizens, pledging himself to discharge the duties of the office with impartiality—*in case he was elected.*

Right lustily did old Zim go to work, and things appeared to go on swimmingly. He canvassed the county; and the people were profuse in their promises of doing their best for him. In one of his peregrinations, he met Wattles, the nominee of Zim's party, who was also on an electioneering tour.

'Ha! Wattles,' said he, 'my fine fellow, I'm sorry to see you allow yourself to be the tool of the unholy and corrupt cabal—I say I am sorry to see you sacrificed, but you are bound to be beat. I'll show them that the freemen of this county will not bear dictation; so my friend, if you wish to save yourself from the disgrace of defeat, you had better resign in my favor.'

Wattles expressed his own conviction that he should feel very much used up in such an event but at the same time he had made up his mind to stand the hazard of the die.

Election day at length came and my worthy friend, armed with a hat full of tickets, stationed himself on the ground of his own precinct, and commenced dealing out his tickets, and urging his claims in the strongest kind of way; miser as he was, he made his friends swim in Mongahala long before the polls were closed.

The election over, evening came on apace, and the eager expectants gathered in the bar room to await the coming of the votes, and the returns to come in from the different townships. Old Zim was flourishing about, treating the crowd, expressing full confidence in the success of his effort to 'break down the system.'

Seated in a remote corner, where a number of wags, in a low but earnest conversation, and any one who might have chanced to see them would at once have concluded that something was to follow. The consultation soon broke up and the plot began in about fifteen minutes to develop itself. The clatter of a horse's hoofs were heard on the frozen ground—a solitary horseman rode up to the door, and flinging the reins over a post rushed into the bar room, where he was soon raised on the top of the table, and silence commanded.

'Here,' said he, drawing a strip of paper from his pocket, 'are the returns from Lower Buffalo township—Wattles, 40, McGregor 40, Zimmerman 190!—majority for Zimmerman—100!'

'Nine cheers for old Zim!'

'Huzza! huzza! huzza!'

'Gentlemen,' said old Zim, taking off his hat—I am much obliged to you for this expression of your—that is to say, let us take a horn all around!'

Of course the crowd acquiesced in this proposition, and the welkin rang with loud huzzahs. But hark!—scarcely had the crowd imbibed before another horseman came galloping up to the inn.

'Beegum township, one hundred majority for Zimmerman!'

'Nine cheers for old Zim!'

'Hip, hip, hurrah!'

Again did old Zim attempt to speak, but his feelings overcame him—and he ended by inviting the entire company to call for just what they wanted. Again the glasses jingled as the excited multitude wedged themselves to the bar, and again we heard the clatter of a horse's hoof

Continued on the Fourth Page.

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1857.

Legislature.—The Senate by a vote of nearly two to one rejected the bill allowing 10 per cent interest on special deposits.

The bill providing for a geological survey of the state was lost in the House—Ayes 26 Noes 55.

There has been no election of State Officers yet, and it is considered extremely doubtful whether there will be. If not, the present democratic incumbents will hold over, until their successors can be elected. So the factionists will not accomplish much by their labors.

The Rush Contested Election Case.—The investigations before our Legislature, in the contested election from Rush Co. show beyond controversy that the republicans resorted to the most corrupt and damnable means to carry the election in Rush Co. A large corruption fund was raised, and numbers of voters, from Wayne and Henry Counties (where the fusion majority was large) were sent to vote in Rush Co. where they defeated the democratic candidates for Senator and Representative. Long Sol. Meredith, Senator Burke from Wayne Co. and other prominent fusionists are implicated in the disgraceful transaction.

To cover up these frauds, it may be remembered that the fusion press, throughout the State, were loud in their charges of illegal votes against the democrats It was the old game of crying "stop thief!" to avert suspicion from themselves.

Another Flood.—Last Saturday and Sunday we had a heavy and continued rain, which has raised the rivers almost to high water mark, and swept off bridges, fences, &c to a great extent. Our roads are almost impassable. Yesterday we had more rain and sleet, but we do not notice that it has had any perceptible effect on the river. This morning the weather is colder, with some appearence of snow.

The Wabash is very high. We learn by the Lafayette papers that the lower part of that city was completely innundated on Tuesday.

Breach at the St Joseph Feeder Dam!

A serious breach occurred at the Feeder Dam on Monday last, and for some time great apprehensions were entertained that the dam would be swept away; but we are gratified to be able to announce that the dam stands firm and uninjured, and the break can be probably repaired so as not to cause much if any delay in opening the canal this spring.

The river is very high; the force of the water swept away the gates admitting water to Swift's mill, and the entire current rushing through the [illegible] washed it out as low as the bottom of the river, to the width of 160 or 200 feet. The breach extends to the abutment of the dam; but that fortunately withstood the fury of the torrent and remains uninjured.

All the necessary arrangements have been made and materials procured for repairing the breach as soon as the water subsides. Neither expense nor labor will be spared to repair the damage as early as possible, and it is thought that it can be completed within a month, whenever the state of the river permits the work to be commenced. Unless, therefore, the river should remain at its present high stage for an unusual length of time, the canal can be opened at least as early as navigation commences on the Lake.

Wagon Road to California via the South Pass.—A bill has passed both branches of Congress, appropriating $300,000 for constructing a wagon road from Fort Kearney to California, on the South Pass route. A road is already in course of construction from the Missouri, opposite Council Bluffs, to Fort Kearney.

There will be about 1400 miles to construct, and this route, as remarked by one of its advocates, will be the thoroughfare over which the emigration from the East to the West, and over which eventually all the trade between the Atlantic and Pacific seaboard will pass. From the examination that has been made it is believed to be the best route from the east to the west. It is a route on which it is said there will be no deep cutting, no tunneling: and that in no part of it will the grading exceed fifteen or sixteen feet to the mile. It avoids all the deserts. By locating this Wagon road on any other route deserts will have to be passed sixty and seventy miles in extent, on which wells will have to be sunk, at great expense to the Government. This route, which is the shortest, passes through a portion of the country which is fertile and well timbered. The latter consideration is important, for timber is a great necessity in the construction of the road, because the streams, which are deeply cut, require heavy bridging. Plenty of coal is also found in many parts of this route.

This road will become the great highway to the Pacific, and will be the pioneer for a railroad which will inevitably soon be constructed on the same route.

The same bill also appropriates $200,000 for a wagon road from El Paso on the Rio Grande to the mouth of the Gila; and $50,000 for a similar road from Fort Defiance in New Mexico to the Colarado River, near the mouth of the Mohava.

☞ The Ohio Legislature expelled Mr. Slough, democratic Representative from Cincinnati, for striking a fusion member in the House for an insolent interruption while he was speaking

A new election was held on Monday last, and Mr. Slough was triumphantly re-elected. The entire fusion force was concentrated upon his opponent. It was a curious spectacle to see Mollitor, Hassaureck, and other renegade German infidels, with their misled adherents, in close communion with the Know Nothings and the pious Kansas shriekers. The fusion was complete—KnowNothings, Republicans, renegade Germans, infidels, and Kansas saints—all joined hands and united against the Democrats; but in vain—they were defeated Knownothingism, in Cincinnati, is considered defunct, and merged in republicanism and abolitionism. Mollitor, Hassaurek, and their dupes, are sold to a faction that would, if they had the power, degrade them below the free negroes. They deserve all their new friends wish to do for them.

California.—Messrs Gwinn and Broderick, Democrats, have been elected to the U. S. Senate from California. They arrived in New York on the 13th in the steamer George Law, and have taken their seats in the Senate.

Mr Bright and the Cabinet.—The State Sentinel learns that Senator Bright has been tendered the Department of the Interior by Mr. Buchanan, and invited to Wheatland to aid in forming an administration. At the latest advices, Mr. Bright had not yet determined whether he would accept or decline the position.

False Report—A rumor is in circulation this morning that the Niagara Suspension Bridge had fallen, while a train was passing over it, and that 400 passengers were killed. We are happy to announce that there is no foundation for the report—it is an unmitigated hoax. The Goshen Democrat of last Wednesday had the same rumor as being current there at that time, and owing, we suppose, to the badness of the roads it did not reach here until this morning. The Toledo papers of yesterday, with the latest telegraphic news, make no mention of the catastrophe.

True Financiering.—A fellow calling himself Cyrus F True, from Rochester, N. Y., has been victimizing some of the bankers in Toledo and Adrian, by selling drafts purporting to be drawn by a banker in Rochester on the Corn Exchange Bank of New York. The fraud being discovered by means of the telegraph, Mr. True was followed to Detroit, nabbed, and forced to disgorge his plunder. He left for the west, and may probably try the same game in some other place.

Dr Kane Dying.—A dispatch from Havana dated Feb. 17th states that Dr. Kane, the celebrated Arctic explorer, was believed to be dying, and could not survive another day.

☞ We refer merchants buying goods in Cincinnati to the card of Messrs. Ellis & Co. whole sale Dry Goods dealers, who have removed to No. 77 Pearl Street. We understand they have now on hand as good a stock as can be found in any of the New York houses, anb will sell on terms to make it an object to dealers to purchase of them.

Chance to get a Lot Cheap!—W G. Ewing offers a number of desirable building lots, situate near the Wabash Valley Round-house, to be disposed of by lottery on Saturday evening. March 14th—tickets only $1 00 each. The drawing will positively come off at the time named, or earlier if all the tickets are sold.

This is a good chance to obtain a home at a trifling cost. 3w34

To the Afflicted.—We are desired to give notice that Dr. Wm. D. Carlin, Oculist, Aurist, and Surgeon, of Findlay, Ohio, will be at the Mayer House on the 2d, 3d and 4th March, where he may be consulted by all who require surgical aid. The Doctor has had an extensive practice for the past 17 years, in private and in hospitals, and as an army surgeon during the Mexican War. He professes to cure cataracts, squinting, and all other diseases of the eye, distortions of the limbs, deafness, tumors and wens, spinal diseases, and all other afflictions requiring surgical aid; and will perform any operation in modern Surgery, where there is a reasonable hope of benefiting the patient. His stay here will be limited to three days—2d, 3d, and 4th March. 2w34

☞ The Indianapolis Expositor, in an article entitled "*Barons and Earls of the Hoosisr Parliament,*" gives the following sketch of Mr. Adams the Representative from Whitley. We copy it that his constituents may be prepared for the addition to their population which he evidently meditates making:—

"Lewis Adams: Representative from Whitley, co., was born when quite young, in Putnam county, New York, has lived in Whitley co. Ind., the last ten years, is a farmer by profession, 35 years of age was never married but is dispesed to marry the first opportunity, of which fact he desires all marriageable ladies to take notice and govern themselves accordingly, is a progressive Democrat in Politics, Post office address, Columbia City, Whitleg co. Ind. Boards at Mrs Kinders the best boarding house in the city."

The Auditor and Swamp Land Funds.

By reference to the report of the Senate proceedings of Saturday, it will be seen that a call has been made upon the Auditor of State for information in reference to certain Swamp Land Funds, which further implicates the conduct of the late incumbent of that office. How far, or in what manner the late Auditor has been derilect in the discharge of his duty, in the particular specified by the resolution, we infer only from the resolution itself. Judging by that, even, we are not necessarily compelled to suppose that there has been any wrong committed by the Auditor in disposing of the fund due to the several counties arising from the sale of Swamp lands. The resolution charges that Mr. Talbott's in his various reports this subject, has left a large amount of those funds unaccounted for. He may, however, be able to account for them satisfactorily, and it is certainly to be hoped by every one that he will do so, or impart the necessary information to his successor, in case the books of the office do not themselves contain it, to enable him to do it for him The resolution ought to have been introduced before the expiration of Mr. Talbot's term of office.

It is in relation to his official acts that information is asked. He, of course, should have been the one to give it, and not his successor, who may be ignorant of the matter in reference to which inquiry is made, and may, besides, have no means of informing himself on the subject.

It was due to Mr. Talbott's successor that a thorough investigation of the affairs of the office should have been made before he entered upon the discharge of his duties, and all the facts connected therewith laid before the General Assembly, so that he might have been relieved of the embarrassment and inconvenience to which inquiries such as that contained in the resolution of Mr. Green necessarily involves. But since such investigation has not been made, and since it is only through him that the affairs of his predecessor can be probed, the resolution of Mr. Green is a justifiable one, anc should be met by the present Auditor as far as it may be in his power to do so.

We repeat again, however, that it would have been much more just to all parties concerned, if the resolution had been introduced a month earlier.—*State Sentinel.*

The Corruption Investigation.

We learn that the committee of the House of Representatives, now engaged at Washington in investing the charges and suspicions of corruption against its members, have struck a trail which will will lead to some rich developments. They have "bounced" four of its *members* positively, and are on the scent of others. The members implicated are Gilbert, Edwards and Matteson, of New York, and Welch, of Connecticut. They are all Republicans of the first water.—Matteson has the reputation of being a very wily fox, who covers his tracts, doubles his trail, and backs and fills, dodges and jumps so cunningly, that there are few beagles that will not be put at fault in his pursuit.

One of the most astounding discoveries, however, of this investigation, is that of "Old Drab," commonly known as Horace Greeley's involvement involvement in a lobby transaction, wherein hefobbed a fee of 1,000 for merely heiping forward a bill which never passed. This was the application for an appropriation in favor of the Des Moines Improvement. Mr. John Stryker, the Secretary of the Company, has testified to the committee that he came to Washington to promote the passage of the bill, and that, in furtherance of it, he paid a fee of $1,200 to Reverdy Johnson and gave a draft on the treasury to Horace Greeley, in his favor, for $1,000, which draft was paid. Horace has, accordingly, been summoned to inform the committee what he did with this $1,000. This is the transaction which has given rise to the suit instituted against our friend Gray, of the Cleveland Plain Dealer, by the virtuous Horace, who claims of Gray $10.000 for publishing a fact, which has been proved before a committee of the House of Representatives.

Mr. Stryker was asked by one of the committee what the money was given for?

He answered, "to aid in the passage of the bill in favor of the Des Moins Improvement."

"What did it go to?" asked another member.

"Bleeding Kansas, I suppose," replied the well named Stryker!—*Cin. Enq.*

Letter of the Secretary of State to Governor Stevens of Washington Territory.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE.
WASHINGTON, Sept. 12, 1856.

His Excellency ISAAC J. STEVENS, Governor of the Territory of Washington—*Sir:* I have laid before the President all the documents and papers which you have transmitted to this Department, in explanation of your course in declaring martial law in some parts of the Territory of Washington. After a full consideration of them, he has not been able to find in the case you have presented a justification for that extreme measure. Whether, in any circumstances whatever, the Governor of a Territory can resort to such a measure, unless under express authority given by legislation, is a question which it is not proposed now to discuss or decide. It is quite certain that nothing but direful necessity, involving the probable overthrow of the civil government, could be alleged as any sort of excuse for superseding temporarily, and substituting in its place an arbitrary military rule The recognition of such an inherent power in any functionary, whatever be his grade or position, would be extremely dangerous to civil and political liberty. While the President does not bring into question the motives by which you were actuated, he is induced, by an imperative sense of duty, to express his disapproval of your conduct, so far as respects the proclamation of martial law. Were the President able to adopt the conclusion that martial law could, in any case, be established without express legislative authority, he could not find such a case in the state of things in Washington Territory, as you have presented them Where rebellion, or a formidable insurrection, had in effect overthrown the civil government, martial law has been occasionally resorted to as the only means left for its reestablishment. Martial law has also been resorted to in aid of the government, when in imminent danger of being overpowered by internal or external foes In such cases the measure has been regarded as excusable; but it never can be excusable where the object in resorting to martial law was to act against the existing government of the country, or to supersede its functionaries in the discharge of their proper duties. The latter seems to have been the principal ground you have had for proclaiming martial law. Your conduct in that respect does not, therefore, meet with the favorable regard of the President. I am, sir, your obedient servant,

W. L. MARCY.

Later from Nicaragua.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 17.

The Steamer Texas is at Balize, with dates from San Juan to the 10th inst.

The steamship Tennessee had arrived out.

Colonels titus and Lockridge proceeded up the river attacked three hundred Costa Ricans at Cody's Point, at the mouth of Peripagua River, and defeated them with great loss. American loss trifling. The steamer's machinery getting out of order, they came back to Punta Arenas, repaired aud had gone back again. There was little doubt but they would be in full possesion of the river in a week.

We have dates from Walker to the 3d inst., by the Orizaba from Panama.

Cora had appeared near Rivas and been driven back.

On the 28th ult., Henningsen, with a force of four hundred, attacked fifteen hundred of the enemy at St. George, driving them from their position, and then returning to Rivas.

Walker's whole force was thirteen hundred fit for duty, eleven hundred of whom were in excellent health and spirits, and with provisions and ammunition for three months.

A private dispatch to the agent of the Associated Press, dated Greytown, February 10, confirm the foregoing account.

ARRIVAL OF THE EUROPA.

HALIFAX, Feb. 14.

The steamship Europa, Capt. Leith, arrived here at an early hour this morning and will be due at Boston on Sunday evening.

She lett Liverpool on Saturday, Jan. 21. Her news consequently three days later than that received by the City of Baltimore at N. Y.

European affairs generally were in a state of quietude, and the main interest was centered in the Chinese Persian question.

The London Globe has a telegraph dispatch from Constantinople dated Jan. 18 announcing that the British steamers have retured from the vicinity of the Isle of Serpents.

The Persian Difficulty.—It is believed that Persia has submitted to the demands of *the* British. But the intelligence is yet received with doubt. The London News says that Lord Stratford has telegraphed that Persia submitted, not from the fall of Bashire but on general grounds.

Details of the capture of Bashire have been received under date of January 2d, and November 29th.

Some British ships had arrived off the fort of Bashire.

A correspondence ensued, and Dec. 3d, the British sent on shore a copy of the declaration of war. The next day, the 4th, the British took possession of Karai, without opposition, as a military depot.

During the 7th and 8th the British troops disembarked at HallialBay, twelve miles southwest of Bashire, the men landing with three days rations, and without baggage.

On the morning of the 9th, the army in two brigades advanced along the coast towards the ships, which were sailing a little ahead on the flank.

The ship Assage, on coming abreast of fort Bashire, shelled it from a distance of 700 yards, and dislodged the garrison, 800 of whom took up a new position to oppose the British advance.

Brigadier Stovegard was shot dead while waiving on his men to the attack, the British thereupon marched on the enemy, who fought sharply with the bayonet, until driven back upon the fort, whence they attempted to escape but were met by the British Rifles seaward, and by the cavalry landward

The British loss is reported to be 35 men. Bashire was then summond to surrender, and, the channel having been bouyed during the night the city was bombarded, and replied steadily for 4 hours and then surrendered, when the British entered the town.

The British report no loss in the fleet.

The Governor, Commander of the fleet, and one officer were made prisoners, and the garrison being too numerous to retain them, they were escorted some distance into the interior, and there liberated.

Bashire was proclaimed Britsih territory, and a free port.

Reports were rife of abominable conduct on the part of the British after the capitulatiod of the town.

The Chinese details have come to hand, confirming the telegraph accounts of the troubles. An extra China mail, of December 16th, says, the factories have been burned by the Chinese, and the only particulars we have ascertained are that at 11 o'clock onSunday night the flames burst out in every direction.

Admiral Seymour had withdrawn his men into the garden—the only refuge left for foreigners.

What step the admiral means to take is unknown, but there is little doubt that the city of Canton will be no longer spared, and the, discharge of rockets and shells is said to have already commenced. The papers then proceed to relate the events that occurred before the burning of the factories.

It is said that the Chinese have apologized to the American authorities for the outrages committed against the flag.

The London Times correspondent says, on November 15th Capt. Foote of the U. S, ship Portsmouth, was on the way from Whampoa to Canton in the ship Pinnaed for the purpose of withdrawing the American marines in the foreign factories When passing the Barrier Forts the boat was fired at by the Chinese and was obliged to put back to Whampoa notwithstanding that the American flag was displayed by the boat. The Portsmouth and Levant then moved up the river and bombarded the forts which the Chinese bravely defended, replying with a well directed force, killing 2 men and wounding others and doing some damage to the vessels.

Commodore Armstrong then wrote to the Vice Roy demanding an apology within 24 hours.—The reply being unsatisfactory the Americans at one proceeded to take the forts which they have since destroyed. In this service several lives were lost. Since this the Yeh has written to the Americans and promised to respect their flag, stating that the outrage was in consequence of a mistake. There was still one or two points at issue, but it is understood that the Americans will accept the apology and retire from Canton.

The Americans met with an accident in destroying the Barrier Forts. One of the mines exploded through the carlessness of a seamen, killing him and two of his shipmates and wound- six others.

The Portsmouth and Levant have returned to Whampoa.

A re-construction of the British Cabinet is still mooted.

From Italy the accounts are quite deplorable A priest had attempted to assinate the Arch-Bishop of Mantua as he was giving his benediction to the people. The Arch-Bishop received a slight wound and one of the Canons who interposed was shot dead by the assassin.

Verger had been executed at Paris.

Congressional

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.

Senate.—On motion of Mr. Weller, theSenate proceeded to a consideration of the House Bill for a construction of a wagon road from Fort Kearney, via the South Pass of the RockyMountains and Great Salt Lake Valley, to the eastern portion of California, which was passed.

On motion of Mr Toombs, the Senate took up the Minnesota Land bill, which was introduced a few days previous by him, in compliance with the memorial of Gen Shields and others.

Mr Beggs, as a representative from one of the old States, entered his protest against this method of disposing of the public domain.

Mr Foote thought it was too late in the day, after the numerous grants of this kind, to raise such an objection.

Mr, Stuart explained that the quantity of land granted by the bill is one million, thre hundred thousand acres, being much less than that which some of the States had received.

The bill passed—ayes 32; nays 10

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.

Senate.—Mr. Miller has presented the credentials of Mr Gwynn, of Californie, who was qualified and took his seat.

Mr. Fessenden presented the credentials of Hamlin, Senator elect from Maine, from the 4th of March next.

Mr. Wilson introduced a bill to pay Massachusetts $227,000, being the balance due that State for disbursements during the war of 1813. The bill was referred.

In the Executive session in Senate to-day, the Committee on Foreign relations reported back the Clarendon and Dallas treaties, with amendments to obviate the objections heretofore made to it. It was debated more than three hours.

WASHINGTON, Feb 17.

Senate.—Mr. Seward's bill to perfect the home valuation principle in the tariff of 1846 was laid on the table, at his own snstance, in order to avoid embarrassment in its consideration by Adams' amendment to exempt railroad iron from duty. It is his intention to call it up at a future day.

The Senate passed a bill in addition to the act more effectually providing for the punish ment of certain crimes against the United States.

A Bill to amend the act to provide for a better organization of theTreasury Department, and or the collection, transfer, and safe-keeping and disbursement of the public revenue, and a bill confirming to States the swamps and overflowed lands therein, passed.

The Senate then proceeded to the consideration of the bill to increase the pay of officers of the army. It was passed after debate, without amendment

House—Mr. Wakeman called up Mr. Barbour's motion to consider the vote by which the Senate Submarine Telegraph Bill was referred o the Committee on Post offices.

Mr. Jones, of Tennessee, moved to lay the motion on the table. Negatived.

The question on reconsidering was then carried.

Mr. Jones, of Tennessee, moved to lay bill on the table. Negativen—ayes 77; nays 114. He then ineffectually moved to refer bill to Committee of the Whole on the State of theUnion. Ayes 77; nays 112.

Mr. Wakeman moved to recomit the bill to the Committee on Ways and Means Agreed.

The House then passed, 99 against 79, the bill for the relief of the people of Kansas, repealing all rules and regulations, purporting to be laws adopted at Shawnee Mission by a body of men claiming to be the Legilature, and declaring invalid all acts and proceedings of that assembly, likewise providing for an election of new members of the Legislature, and pains and penalties for illegal voting and unlawful interference with the rights of voters.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.

It is confidently asserted, by the friends of the Minnesota Land Bill, that nothing has been discovered by the committee, throwing suspicion on that measure. General Shields received this assurance from a member of the committee.

The bill increasing the pay of officers of the army, which now awaits the signature of the President, give Lieutenant General Scott an increase, making his yearly compensation $10,620. The increase in each Brigadier General's pay is $1,000, Colonel $800, Lieutenant Colonel $650 Major $550, Captain and Lieutenant $400 each—making their salaries respectively $7,500 $3,000, $2,500, $2,200, $1,800 and $1,500. The average increase is $500, or in all $525,000.

An old law provides that any increase in the pay of army officers shall relatively affect that of the marine corps.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.

The War Department has received intelligence from General Wool, dated Benicia, California January 3d, saying that peace and quiet prevails throughout the department of thePacific, which he has no doubt will continue as long as the Indians are treated with ordinary justice.

The disposition of the troops is such as not only to give protection td the white settlements, but restrain the Indians, should they exhibit any indication to renew the war, which from the information he has received, he does not in the least apprehend.

Among the fifty Senate bills reported by Washburne, of Illinois, to-day, when those for the improvement of Lake Michigan, the Hurlgate, the channel of the Hudson and Illinois rivers, and the harbors of Providence, Cape Cod, Chicago and Michigan City. The programe is to unite them all in one bill, in favor of which there is a large majority, but want of time may prevent a consummation of the scheme.

Circumstances Alter Cases with the Republicans

Every Republican member of the United States Senate and all their prominent papers declared that the decision in the Harlan Senatorial election case was a violation of justice and equity. Harlan, who was a Black-Republican, was elected United States Senator from Iowa by a majority of the House and a minority of the Senate, the aggregate vote, however, being a majority of the whole number of members elected to the Legislature. The absquatulation of the majority of the Senators was wilful in its character, and designed to produce anarchy and trouble. Under these circumstances, every Republican member of the United States Senate, together with some Democrats, such as Toombs and Pugh, voted in favor of Harlan's right to his seat; and, in our judgement, they took the right view of the case.

But, behold how "circumstances alter cases" with our Republican friends. Messrs. Bright and Fitch, Democrats, have been elected United States Senators from Indiana, like Mr. Harlan by a majority of the House of Representatives and a minority of the Senate, which, together, made up a majority of the joint convention, and also of all the members elected to the Legislature.

As in Iowa the conduct of the majority of the Senate was entirely factious, and its absence was a willful and high-handed attempt to produce a revolution. Such being the case in regard to these two elections, one would suppose that the Republican Senators and Republican press, as in the case of Harlan, would be favorable to admitting Messrs. Bright and Fitch to their seats. But, no. The fact that the latter are Democrats, makes all the difference in the world. With impudent coolness unsurpassed, they change their position in a few weeks, and show that partisan feelings are superior to all sense of honor, decency and consistency, by asking that the Harlan precedent be followed, which they unanimously opposed. We trust that our Democratic United States Senators will do no such thing. They were abused by the Republicans for that decision, and now let them give the latter a dose of their own medicine.—The Indiana case is stronger than the Iowa, from the fact that there is no law regulating the election of Senators in the former State, while there is in the latter, the law of which State was broken, while in Indiana it was not. It is high time that the United States Senate discountnanced these revolting proceedings in State Legislatures regarding Senators, or otherwise it will destroy that branch of the Government.—Let the rule be laid down, and who can say that it is not a good one, that the absence of a member from a Senatorial convention shall not count any more than his vote if pressent. Had all the absentees in the Indiana Legislature been present and voted against Messrs. Bright and Fitch, it would not have changed the result, as those gentlemen had a clear majority over all. Let the views of the Republican Senators, as advanced in the Harlan case, govern it, (and surely they cannot object) and Messrs. Bright and Fitch will hold their seats—*Cin. Enq.*

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.

The Burdell Murder.—The Coroner's Jury rendered a verdict at eleven o'clock on Saturday night against Eckel and Mrs. Cunningham, as the principle, and Snodgrass as an accessory and the two Misses Cunningham as having guilty knowledge and concealing the same.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16,

On Saturday, the laborers employed on the Railroad tunnel at Bergen, N J, numbering about 1000 strong were engaged in a bloody row. The belligerants, during the fight, set fire to the shanties, which brought out the firemen. Subsequently several companies of military were ordered on to the scene of the disturbance.

The firemen dispersed the mob, and the presence of the militia prevented any extensive hostile operations on the part of the rioters.—The disturbance extended up to a late hour.

Many of those engaged in the melee were severely beaten. Two or three were reported dead last evening, and the lives of several others were despaired of. Nearly 70 were arrested.

Annual Report of the Auditor of State.

The report of the Auditor of State is a voluminous document, embracing a variety of information on subjects pertaining to that office. The detailed statement of receipts and expenditures for the last year, need not be referred to, as they have already been given in our abstract of the report of Treasurer.

At the time of the passage of the act of Jan, 19. 1846, providing for an adjustment of the indebtedness of the State, the total amount of the bonds outstanding was $11,048,000. Under this act an arrangement was affected for the payment of one-half of the debt and interest by surrendering to the bond holders of the Wabash and Erie Canal, its lands and revenues. For the various kinds of Canal stocks that have been issued on account of that portirn of the public debt, the State is in no way responsible.

For the other half of the debt, for which the State was liable, the old bonds were surrendered and new stocks issued as follows:

1st. Five per cent State stock for the principal of the bonds surrendered.

2d. Two and a half per cent. for the *accrued* and one per cent. for the *accruing* interest on those bonds.

The total amount of five per cent. stocks issued on account of the bonds so surrendered, was $5 306,500—leaving of bonds outstanding, $125,000

Of the two and a half per cent. stock there has been issued $2,040,811.

The amount of stocks redeemed, since the state debt arrangement, is $378.434, of which $150,000 are five per cents, and $228,234 two and a half per cents.

The amount paid for interest on the State debt for the last year was $316,674 34. Whole amount paid since the commencement of the arrangement under the act of 1846, $2,213,397 75.

The report presents an abstract of the condition of the suspended Free Banks, by which it appears that there has been redeemed of the outstanding circulation of those banks, during the year, $100,629—leaving yet outstanding $55,130 All the securities and other assets turned over to the Auditor by his predecessor for the redemption of the outstanding circulation of those banks have been exhausted.

A full tabular statement is given of the kind and amount of bonds on deposite by each of the specie paying Free Banks remaining under the General Banking law of 1852, and the amount of the circulating notes of each, outstanding.

The aggregate circulation of these banks is seven hundred and seventy-seven thousand and thirty nine dollars. Their securities on deposite, consisting of the very best State stocks, amount at their par value, to nine hundred and ninety-four dollars. This class of banks have until the first day of March 1847, to wind up or accept the provisions of the General Banking Law as amended and passed, March 3, 1855. There are twenty-six of these banks, two of which, the Gramercy and Shawnee have failed since the report of the Auditor was published. The facts connected with these failures are already so well known to the public, that any reference to them here is unnecessary.

The number of specie-paying Free Banks which have complied with and organized under the General Banking Law of 1854, is fourteen. These fourteen banks have an outstanding circulation of nine hundred and eighty-eight thousand and twenty-one dollars. They have on deposite as securities for the redemption of their circulation, bonds whose aggregate par value is one million three hundred and twenty two thousand five hundred and sixty seven dollars, and the aggregate market value of which is one million eighty nine thousand nine hundred and eighty-seven dollars.

The Auditor closes this portion of his report by expressing the belief that the Free Banks of Indiana are organized upon a most safe and reliable basis; that they are able to redeem all their circulation at par and are known to be in the hands of men of honor and responsibility.—Further legislation may be necessary in regard to some of the details of the system, but nothing further is required to secure its safety and security.

The ordinary expenditures for the year 1857 are estimated at $109,950. The estimate for extraordinary expenditures, including the interest on the State debt; the salary of State Agent and incidental expenditures of agency; appropriations on account of Insane, Deaf and Dumb and Blind Asylums, and interest on University bonds is $422,425 10—making an aggregate expenditure of ordinary and extraordinary of $531,385.10. The total estimated receipts for 1857 are $616,546.

Estimated expenditures ordinary and extraordinary, for 1858, $446,635. Total estimated receipts for 1858, $747,500.

The value of all taxable property in the State for 1856 was $306,787,819—showing an increase of $4,039,845 over that of the previous year.—There haeing been no revaluation of real estate since 1850, there is of course no increase in real estate except that which arises from sales of lands, which are immediately added to the tax-list. Under a new valuation of the real property the Auditor thinks that a fair assessment will give the value of all taxables little, if any, short of $400,000,000. Since the last assesment of real estate, some towns and cities have doubled in their value and in many parts of the country, especially in the vicinity of railroads, lands have in value nearly one hundred per cent., while all over the State a steady advancement has been realized!

The number of polls returned for 1856 is 174,802—being 5,928 less than for the year 1855.—This decrease is to be accounted for in no other way than by carelessness in making the assessment. There should have been a large increase instead of a decrease, as it cannot be doubted that there has been large additions to our population. But little effort was probably made to ascertain and return those who had no property that is taxable.

The vote given at the last Presidential election was 222,434—being an excess over the polls returned of 60,633, and showing a dimunition of the polls as compared with the votes of more than one-fourth.—*State Sent.*

INDIANA LEGISLATURE.

[Compiled from the State Sentinel]

THURSDAY, Feb. 12.

Senate.—Mr Cravens, from Committee to whom was referred a resolution instructing them to inquire in the expediency of providing by law for an increase of the rate of interest on money, reported against the expediency of such provision

Mr. Blair, from the Committee on County and Township Business reported back the bill to provide for the uniform mode of doing township business, and recommended that it be indefinitely postponed. Bill laid on the table.

Resolution by Mr. Bobbs: That the President of the State Bank report the amount of circulation on the 31st day of December, 1856; the amount returned and destroyed up to this time, and on what Branches; and the probable period that will be required to call in their circulation. Adopted.

Bill to amend an act to abridge, revise and simplify the rules, practice, pleadings and forms in Courts of justice, and abolish district forms of an action at law—ayes 33, noes 7.

House.—Resolution by Mr. Ricketts: That a bill be reported by committee, making it a penal offence in judges of elections to refuse a vote offered in compliance witn the law. Adopted. Ayes 59, noes 26.

Kerr moved to reconsider vote passing bill requiring ten days residence in the ward to qualify muncipal voters. He argued the bill was unconstitutional. House consented. Bill tabled.

Bill amending sec. 9 of act regulating fees of county officers; more particularly, the fees of treasurers.

Colgrove proposed to amend by providing that the county treasurer shall receive in no case more than $1500 per annum.

LaRue said the Treasurer in his county, (Tippecanoe) would have to pay the whole of that $1500 for clerk hire.

Colgrove said the treasurer of his county (Randolph) realized last year $1900 for his official services. This year he would realize $2500. The treasurer of Tippecanoe must be an incompetent man.

LaRue, to cut off debate, amendments and all, moved the previous question. Seconded. Question on the passage of the bill. Ayes 73, noes 12.

Colgrove moved to reconsider the vote There had been some artful dodging about this bill.

LaRue moved to lay Colgrove's motion to reconsider on the table. Ayes 47, noes 29.

Joint Resolution, With reference to the purchase of the Wabash and Erie Canal by the State, declaring such purchase both inexpedient and unconstitutional. Read a third time. Passed—ayes, 80; nays, none.

Bill for the effectually carrying out the provisions of the United States Fugitive Slave Law.—Tabled.

Bill abolishing Courts of Common Pleas. Indefinitely postponed Adjourned.

FRIDAY, Feb. 13.

Senate.—Bills Introduced.—By Mr. Fisk: Bill to amend an act to provide for the more uniform mode of doing Township business.

By Mr. Crouse: Bill to provide for the sale of certain lands belonging to the State University.

By Mr. McClure: Bill to provide for the more uniform mode of doing Township business.

The bills so introduced were severally read a first time and passed to a second reading.

House Messages.—The following bills, passed by the House of Representatives, were severally read a first time and passed to a second reading

Bill to provide for the appraisement of real property of the State, subject to taxation.

Bill to amend an act concerning the interest on money.

Bill prohibiting the running of railroad trains over other railroad crossings, without stopping, and prescribing the punishment for injuries from carelessness in so crosing.

Joint resolution declaring it unconstitutional and impolitic for the State to purchase the Wabash and Erie Canal

House.—Grose, and other Republican members of the House, sent to the Clerk's desks another protest against the transactions of the joint convention of the 4th of February, declaring them informal, illegal, void, &c. Read.

Mr. Speaker. Let the protest be entered on the journal

Kerr, Committee on Affairs of the State Prison, reported a bill 129 amended, by arising out the clause making only Ministers of the Gospel eligible to the office of Moral Instructer; and, further, that it is the unanimous opinion of the committee that the clause authorizing whipping ought to be retained.

Question on concurring in the report: ayes 40 noes 43. House refused to concur.

Batterton moved additional instructions, adopting solitary confinement instead of whipping.

Kerr moved an amendment that in case of vacancies the Governor appoint until the next meeting of the Assembly. Bill recommitted, with additional instructions leaving punishments discretionary.

Bill for support of indigent, blind, and other infirm persons. Ayes, 72; nays 5. Passed.

Bill preventing the issue of fraudulent notes, bills, checks, &c., as money, and to prevent and punish fraudulent banking.

The bill, with instructions was recommitted.

Kerr, from Committee on Affairs of the State Prison, reported House State Prison bill amended so as to authorize the Governor to fill vacancies, and to leave the mode of punishment of criminals discretion with the Warden. Report concurred in.

Question on the passage of the bill: ayes 57, noes 31. Passed.

Lane, from Committee on Banks, reported House bill 99 amended, so as to include insurance companies, railroad companies, plank road companies, &c. Report concurred in. Question on passage of the bill.

Question on the bill. Lost—ayes 31; noes 58.

Bill amending act prescribing the duties and fixing the compensation of the Agent of State. Ayes 38; noes 2. Passed.

SATURDAY, Feb. 14.

Senate.—Resolution by Mr. Green: Whereas it is made the imperative duty of the Auditor of State to apportion and pass to the credit of the Swamp Land Fund of the several counties all the money, warrants and funds of every description now in the State Treasury, or that may hereafter come in it, derived from the sale of swamp lands lying within said counties.

And whereas, it is provided that said money, warrants and funds shall be paid out on the orders of the Swamp Land Commissioners of the county from which such money, warrants and funds were derived;

And whereas, a large amount of such money warrants and funds justly due and owing to the counties remains unaccounted for by the Auditor in his Reports, therefore,

That the Auditor of State be required to report to the Senate a full statement of the funds mentioned in the preamble to this resolution; what amount he has apportioned to the several counties as required of him by law, and the amount thereof yet undisposed of to the Commissioners of Swamp Lands. Adopted.

House.—Mr. Cullen introduced a bill from Committee on Temperance, regulating the sale of spirituous, vinous, malt, and intoxicating liquors. The bill provides for lisence from $50 to $500, upon notice given to citizens of the township, and granted by the Board of County Commissioners; bonds not to be less than $500, nor more that $3,000; no liquors to be sold on Sunday; a disorderly house to be abated as a public nuisance; damages sustained, and exemplary damages, recoverable by all persons aggrieved by abuse of the right to sell; penalty for sale to minors fixed; adulteration of liquors punished; persons found in a state of intoxication punished by fine; grand jury, mayors, and magistrates to have cognizance of all offences. Rules, on motion of Cullen, suspended, and bill read by title a second time, and, on motion of Denby, 300 copies ordered of the printer,

MONDAY, Feb. 16.

Senate.—Mr Wallace introduced a bill to repeal an act to establish a Bank and branches, passed by the General Assembly of 1855, the Governor's veto thereof notwithstanding. Read a first time and passed to a second reading.

The Senate then took up the order of the day, in which a large number of bills on their second reading were disposed of.

House.—On motion of Bethell, House bill for the more effectually carrying out the provisions of the Fugitive Slave Law was taken from the table and referred to a select committee Committee: Bethell, Sherrod, Blake, Kerr and Walpole.

On motion of Blake, the whole matter was made the special order for Friday next, at 2 o'clock

Bill amending 4th section of act prescribing powers and duties of coroners—reducing the number of jurors from 15 to 6. Passed.

Bill equalizing the salaries of Judges of the Supreme Court.

TUESDAY, Feb. 17.

Senate.—Bill to amend an act regulating the fees of officers and repealing all former acts relating thereto, was read a third time and passed yes 37, noes 3.

The following bills were also read a third time and passed:

Senate bill to amend an act to establish Courts of Common Pleas, and defining the jurisdiction and duties, and providing for the compensation of the judges thereof. Ayes 38, noes 3.

Bill to provide for the disposition of real estate owned by aliens residing in this state who may die intestate without heirs capable of inheriting the same. Ayes 39, noes 1.

Bill to prevent betting on elections and prescribing the punishment therefor. Ayes 34, noes 6.

Bill supplimentary to the 9th article of an act to revise, abridge and simplify the rules, practice pleadings and forms in courts of justice, and to abolish distinct forms of action at law, &c. Ayes 28, noes 11.

House Joint Resolution declaring it to be unconstitutional and impolitic for the State to purchase the Wabash & Erie Canal. Ayes 40, noes 0.

Bill to amend the ninth section of an act regulating the fees of officers—ayes 35, noes 4.

House.—Resolution by Mr Marvin: committee on Elections, against passage of House bill requiring 60 days' residence in tswnship by voters.—The proposition is unconstitutional.

Question on concurring in report—ayes 54; noes 35.

Humphreys moved to table the bill. Carried.

Neff: That the further investigation of the recent Rush County frauds is inexpedient.

Resolution tabled.

Carnahan: That the Hall of the House be tendered to the American party for the purpose of holding their convention this afternoon.

The resolution was advocated by Carnahan, Crowe and others on the grounds of courtesy and precedent. Davis, of Sullivan, Branson and Smith of Bartholomew, opposed it because of the press of business. Resolution adopted: ayes 57, noes 29.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 18.

Senate.—House bill to amend an act concerning interest on money, having been made the special order for the day 10 o'clock, the same was taken up for consideration.

Mr Heffren moved that it be indefinitely postponed, which was agreed to Ayes 27, noes 16.

Senate bill on the same subject was also indefinitely postponed. Ayes 31, noes 10.

The vote on these bills was considered as a test of the opinion of the Senate in reference to any change in the law regulating interest.

Mr Johnson, from the select committee to whom was referred a bill providing for the appraisement of the real property of the State, &c. reported the same back with an amendment, which was adopted, and the bill ordered to be engrossed for a third reading.

By Mr Cooper: Bill to amend an act to revise, simplify and abridge the rules, practice, pleadings, and forms in courts of justice and to abolish distinct forms of actions of action at law, &c.

By Mr Tarkington: Bill to amend an act to regulate the business of general banking.

Severally read a first time and passed to a second reading

House.—Bill relative to salaries of public officers, taken up.

Walpole moved to amend, fixing the salaries of the Judges of the Supreme Court at $1,500. He was opposed to the increase of salaries.

Davis, of Sullivan, said it the Supreme Court Judges were to be increased to five he was opposed to the increase of salaries. If, however, they were to be reduced to three he would be willing to vote an increase. $4,000 was enough for all the Judges. He moved, until we should ascertain what was to be done as to the number of Judges and as to the re-districting the State into Judicial Circuits, that the bill be tabled. Carried.

Bills introduced.—By Mr. Cullen: No 227, to increase the salaries of Supreme Judges to $2,500 each, and to increase their duties also.

Moon: 278, amending various sections of act relative to appraisement and taxation.

Branson: No 279, prohibiting State or county officers from taking, in payment of State dues, any of the notes of tee so called Bank of Indiana and prohibiting them from depositing therein or in any of the branches thereof.

Bill to prevent emigration of voters with the design of influencing or controlling elections.—Passed, ayes 83, noes 0

Bill changing time of publications of legal notices. Passed, ayes 51, noes 30.

A LADY

WHO has been cured of GREAT NERVOUS DEBILITY, after many years of misery, desires to make known to all fellow-sufferers the sure means of relief. Address, enclosing stamp to pay return postage, Mrs. MARY E. DEWITT, Boston, Mass, and the prescription will be sent, free, by next post. 3m32

GREAT CURE OF RHEUMATISM IN Cincinnati, Ohio.—Convincing Evidence.—For more than three years I have been suffering with rheumatism, with enlargement and pain of the bones and joints, I have strictly followed the advice of physicians, and at other times used such family medicines as had been recommended for the cure of rheumatism; still I did not improve in the least, and was frequently compelled to keep my bed, and there by was prevented attending to my business. Some weeks ago I was induced by a friend to try Carter's Spanish Mixture. The effect was miraculous. I felt considerably improved after I had taken the fourth dose; I have only used one single bottle, and am entirely free from all pain. I feel better than I have felt for many years, and I attribute my completely-restorated health solely to the use of Carter's Spanish Mixture. I consider it a most excellent medicine for rheumatism and all diseases of the blood, and cheerfully recommend it to the afflicted,

D. BURRITT,
South-east corner Fourth and Walnut sts
Cincinnati, March 17, 1855.

No Family should be without Hoofland's German Bitters.—Children afflicted with the Summer Complaint entirely cured by them.

CAMDEN, New Jersey, March 14, 1855.

Dear sir—It is with much pleasure that I inform you of the great benefits derived from the use of your German Bitters in my family. During the greater part of last summer, my son, aged two years, was severely afflicted with the *Summer Complaint* in the worst form, for which various remedies prescribed by Physicians and others were used, but with no avail. I also sent him to the country, but it proved of but little benefit. Having a bottle of German Bitters in the house, I was persuaded to try that, which to my astonishment entirely cured him. He continued to take the Bitters some time afterwards and became healthy. I have the greatest confidence in the Bitters, and feel no hesitation in saying that no family should be without them.

Respectfully yours, JOHN W. PARIS,
Plum street, above second.

To Dr. C M Jackson.
See advertisment.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.—The well merited success of these celebrated Bitters, and the daily favor with which it has been received by our most respectable citizens, speak s volumes as to its efficacy in bringing about the beneficial results for which it is designed. Having been the result of a long course of study and observation in the Doctor's practice, so that the proprietors have no hesitancy in presenting it to the world, as unsurpassed in effecting a speedy certain and permanent cure for all irregularities and weakness of the digestive organs, to which most persons trace ill health. Sold by all Druggists, Grocers, and Hotels, throughout the U. States and Canada.

For sale by H. B. Reed, Meyer & Brother; J. D. Worden & Co., G H, Wagner.

☞A VERMIFUGE, so pleasant to the taste, that it can be mixed in the common food without discovery, is Dr. Wright's Purgative Powders for Children. In Derangements of the Bowels, swelling of the Liver, soreness in the side, symptoms of Spasms, Summer Complaints, &c., or as a Vermifuge, they have no equal

Dr. Wright's Liver Pills, also his Tonic Bitters and Invigorating Cordial, all excellent medicines, are sold by DR. J. U. WINSLOW, Fort Wayne.

See large advertisement. 1m33

A PERFUMED BREATH—What lady or gentleman would remain under the curse of a disagreeable breath when by using the "BALM OF A THOUSAND FLOWERS" as a dentifrice would not only render it sweet but leave the teeth white as alabaster? Many persons do not know their breath is bad, and the subject is so delicate their friends will never mention it. Pour a single drop of "BALM" on your tooth-brush and wash the teeth night and morning. A fifty cents bottle will last a year.

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION may easily be acquired by using the "*Balm of a Thousand Flowers.*" It will remove tan, pimples and freckles from the skin, leaving it of a soft and roseable hue. Wet a towel, pour on two or three drops, and wash the face night and morning.

SHAVING MADE EASY.—Wet your shaving-brush in either warm or cold water, pour on two or three drops of "*Balm of a Thousand Flowers,*" rub the beard well, and it will make a beautiful soft lather, much facilitating the operation of shaving.—Price only Fifty cents.

For sale by all Druggists.

☞Beware of counterfeits.—None genuine unless signed by W. P. FETRIDGE & CO.,

6m13 Franklin Square, N. York.

COMMERCIAL.

Fort Wayne, Saturday, Feb. 21.

Wheat is scarce and in demand at 1 20 a 1 30. Flour, extra, 7 00; superfine 6 00; Rye flour 5 00.

Corn, 35; Buckwheat 56; Oats 30; Barley 1 50; Rye 63; Beans 1 50 a 2 00; Potatoes 70 a 80; Sweet do.—; Onions 1 50; Butter 15a16; Cheese 9a10; Eggs 12; Salt 2 25; Bacon 9 a10; Lard 9 a10; Hams 10a12; Pork 7 00a7 50; Beef 4 00a 5 00; Flaxseed 1.24; Clover 5 75; Timothy Seed 2 50; Apples, green, $1 25 a 2; dry, 2 25a2 50 Wool, common, 25 a 28. fine, 34 a 42; white fish, h.-bbl 5 75; pickerel 5 00; trout 5 00 lake herring 5 00, Cranberries 3 00.

BLACHLY, SIMPSON & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Foreign and Domestic

Staple & Fancy Dry Goods,

No. 11 Pearl Street,

CINCINNATI,

Have now in store a large and varied stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Notions, &c. fresh and carefully selected, to which they will be constantly receiving additions during the season.

They ask the attention of Merchants visiting this city, this spring, to their stock. p3w34

Merchants visiting Cincinnati

are invited to examine our extensive assortment of

DRY GOODS

of all descriptions, at our New Warerooms, No. 77 Pearl Street.

JNO. W. ELLIS & Co.,

p3w34 Formerly at No. 23 Pearl Street.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed from the Clerk of Common Pleas of Allen County, I have levied upon and will expose for sale at public auction at the Court House door in said county, between the hours of one and four o'clock P. M.. of the 24th day of March, A D. 1857, the rents and profits for a term of years not exceeding seven of the north-west quarter of the north-east quarter of section twenty (20), in township thirty-two (32), north of range twelve (12) east, in Allen County, Indiana; and on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of judgment, interest thereon, and costs, I will at the sametime and place, and by public auction as aforesaid, expose to sale the fee simple of said real estate.

Ordered to be sold to satisfy said execution in the case of Myron F Barbour vs. Abraham Pulver, administrator of Eve Pulver, deceased.

WM. FLEMING, Sh'ff A. C,

L. C. JACOBY, Esq., Att'y.

Feb. 21, 1857. ($3 00) 5w33

J. B. WHITE,

Tailor and Furnisher,

Columbia Street, over Myers' New Jewelry Store,

IS now prepared to do all kinds of Custom Work in his line of business, on the most reasonable terms. My work is got up in the most fashionable style, and warranted to fit and give satisfaction to all parties.

Cutting and Repairing done.

Also Agent for J. Coby's New System Transfer Shoulder for Cutting Coats; the newest system out. 3m33

CAN FRUITS.—Fine fresh Peaches, Strawberries, and Pine Apples, in Cans, just received by Jan. 16. DRAKE & BOURIE.

Final Settlement Notice.

In the matter of the Estate of Augustus Phelps, deceased.

THE administratrix of said estate having filed her final account current and vouchers in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana, more than ten days prior to the next term of said Court, Notice is hereby given that, at the next term of said Court, said account current and vouchers will be presented and examined for a final settlement of said estate.

I. D. G. NELSON, C. C. C. P. Allen Co.

Feb. 14, 1857. ($1 50) 3w33

State of Indiana, Whitley County, ss. } In the Whitley Common Pleas Court, April Term, A. D. 1857.

PETITION FOR PARTITION.

Asa Meredith *vs.* Job Meredith.

WHEREAS, it appearing to the satisfaction of the Clerk of said Court, by the affidavit of a desinterested person, that the said Job Meredith is a non-resident of the State of Indiana,

Notice is therefore hereby given to the said John Meredith, that unless he shall appear in the Whitley Common Pleas Court, on the second day of the next term thereof (April 7th, 1857), then and there to answer, demur or plead to the petition of the said Asa Meredith, in this behalf, the same will be heard and determined in his absence.

Witness my hand as Clerk and the seal of said Court, at Columbia City, the 11th day of February, 1857.

: L. S. :

ISAIAH B McDONALD,
Clerk Whitley Co. C. P. Court.

JAMES S COLLINS, Att'y for Plaintiff,

February 11, 1857. ($2 95) 3w33

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an Execution to me directed by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, I will expose for sale by public auction, at the court house door in Allen County, Indiana, between the hours of one and four o'clock P. M. of the 7th day of March, A. D. 1857, the rents and profits for a term of years not exceeding seven, of Lot numbered one hundred and eight (108) in Hanna's addition to the town of Fort Wayne, in the county of Allen and State of Indiana; and on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgment, interest thereon, and costs, I will, at the same time and place, and by public auction as aforesaid, expose to sale the *fee simple* of said real estate.

Ordered to be sold to satisfy said execution in favor of John Conger, and against Abraham B. Miller.

WM. FLEMING, Sh'ff A. C.

Feb. 13, 1857 [$2 00] 3w33

JOHN BROWN,

DEALER IN

STONE AND LIME,

N. Y. & Louisville Cement Plaster of Paris

AND LAND PLASTER.

The above articles kept constantly on hand at his new stone Building, north of the canal, near the City Mills. y18

Nursery Notice.

THE undersigned, Proprietors of the ELM PARK NURSERIES 4 miles east of Fort Wayne, will offer, the ensuing spring, great inducements to those wishing to set Orchards, or fit up Yards, Lawns add Ornamental Grounds.

They have a fine grown stock of

FRUIT TREES

in cultivation. No pains or expenses have been spared to obtain and test all the varieties of any celebrity, grown in any part of the United States.—The Trees are very thrifty, being grown in deep rich soil, without the use of manure, and much more certain to live than Eastern Trees that are grown almost exclusively by stimulating manures, in compact nursery rows, with scarce any roots; whilst ours have fine mass of fibrous roots, which, when taken fresh from the ground, will ensure their growth, if they receive any ordinary care in transplanting.

We have a fine stock of

Evergreens, Ornamental Trees, and Shrubbery,

including all the rare and beautiful Roses in cultivation; Peonies, white, pink, red and fragrant of different colors, besides SMALL FRUITS, such as Currants, Gooseberries, Strawberries, &c., &c.

GRAPE ROOTS of any size, from one year old plants to bearing vines, can be furnished in large or small quantities. The Grape is as easily grown as the Apple, and no person should dispense with so cheap a luxury.

Also a very large quantity of the finest and largest RHUBARB or Pie Plant in cultivation.

All orders directed to the subscriber, or left at the Clerk's Office in Fort Wayne, will be promptly filled. W. H. LOOMIS & Co.

Feb 3, 1857. 3m32

BOOKS!

McDONALD'S TREATISE

On the Law relating to the

Powers & Duties

OF THE

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE & CONSTABLES

of the State of Indiana.

Just received at HILL & JACOBS',

February 12, Calhoun st.

HILL & JACOBS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Booksellers & Stationers,

Calhoun St., Fort Wayne.

School, Law, Medical and Miscellaneous Books; Writing, Wrapping and Printing Papers; Fancy Articles, &c.

Pianos, Melodeons, Guitars, and other MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

BOOK BINDING promptly executed.

BOOKS & STATIONERY

At Wholesale and Retail.

HILL & JACOBS would most respectfully announce to the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country, that they have now on hand a very large and well selected stock, consisting in part of

School Books

of every description used in this vicinity;

Law & Medical Books,

a general assortment;

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,

a full supply of all kinds.

Also all the standard POETS.

PAPER—French, English and American Cap and Letter; Bill Paper, Wrapping, Printing, and Hardware do. of all kinds.

PAPER HANGINGS, Window Shades and Fire Board Prints—a beautiful assortment.

FANCY ARTICLES for Ladies and Gentlemen; Rose Wood and Mahogany Writing Desks, Port Folios, Card Cases, Ladies' Portmonaies, Gent's Travelling Cases, &c., &c.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

Piano Fortes, Melodeons, Guitars, Violins, Flutes, &c., of various styles and qualities, from the best manufactories in the United States.

SHEET MUSIC, the latest and most popular constantly on hand. Also; Guitar and Violin Strings, &c.

In short, in this establishment, may be found almost every thing, from the penny Toy Book up to a $40 Bible.

We have also, connected with this establishment, a BOOK BINDERY, and are prepared to do Binding of all kinds in as good and workmanlike manner as can be done in any place in the State.—County Officers, in the surrounding counties, are particularly requested to notice this, as we are prepared to do Blank Work in the very best style.—Magazines and Periodicals neatly bound on the shortest notice.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS are earnestly solicited to give us a call, as our arrangements with Eastern Publishers and Booksellers are such as to enable to sell, at WHOLESALE, on very favorable terms.

By close attention to business, and best efforts to please we hope to merit a liberal share of public patronage.

Business Rooms at C. L HILL'S old stand, Calhoun street, Fort Wayne, Ind.

C. L HILL.
February 3d, 1857. WM. JACOBS.

NOTICE.

THERE will be a meeting of the members of the Methodist Protestant Church at New Haven, Ind., on Wednesday, February 11th, 1857, at six o'clock P M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Trustees for a Meeting-House to be built in said village.

By order of the building committee.

Jan. 31, 1857. p2w31

Residence for Sale.

I OFFER for Sale the BRICK HOUSE, with TWO LOTS, adjoining the residence of J. L Williams on Wayne Street.

Apply to J. L. WILLIAMS or P. HOAGLAND.

A. COMSTOCK.

Jan. 26th. 1857. tf—31

First Annual Statement

OF THE CONDITION OF

FORT WAYNE GAS LIGHT COMPANY.

January 1, 1857.

Amount of Capital Stock,...... $65,000 00
Capital Stock all paid up.
Amount of Liabilities........... 2220 42

B. W. OAKLEY, President.

L. F. KIRK, Sec'y.

H. WILLIAMS, A. C. HUESTIS.

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Fruit, Glass, Nails, Woodenware,

Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Lard. &c.,

No. 85 Columbia street,

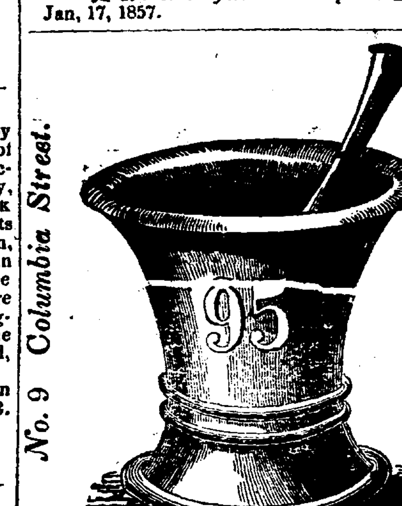
FORT WAYNE, IND.

MERCHANTS supplied with Groceries of all kinds, on as favorable terms, all things considered, as can be purchased in *any market.*

☞*All orders filled with dispatch.*

Jan, 17, 1857. 1y29

No. 9 Columbia Street.



No. 95 Columbia Street.

MEYER & BROTHER,

(Su[ccessors to] Wall & Meyer,)

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, DYESTUFFS,

Patent Medicines, Surgical Instrumen[ts] Glassware, Window Glass, Brushes,

of all kinds

Pure Wines & Brandies

Perfumery Soaps, and Fancy Articles,

ARE constantly receiving fresh supplies of articles in their line direct from New York and Boston.

Country Merchants and Physicians are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock. All Drugs and Medicines will be warranted pure and unadulterated, having been selected with care from some of the best Eastern Houses.

Fort Wayne, Jan. 10th., 1857.

AMBROTYPES.

Price still Reduced!

HAVING a limited supply of material intended for the Holydays still on hand, good Pictures may be obtained for a short time, at

Mr. Benham's New Ambrotype Rooms,

at rates much lower than has ever before been offered in this city.

All wishing pictures will consult their interest and call without delay.

Something New!

MELAINOTYPE is the name of a new style of picture taken the same as the Ambrotype, except instead of being on glass, they are taken on *Metallic Plates,* thus obviating the objection of being broken.

These beautiful pictures are now taken at Mr. Benham's rooms, Columbia street, a few doors west of the Post Office. Call and see specimens

January 10th, 1857. 3w28

NEW DRUG STORE,

Apothecarie's Hall, 61 Columbia st., F. Wayne,

Dr. J. U. WINSLOW, Proprietor.

THE subscriber is now opening a LARGE and carefully selected stock of

English, French & German Chemicals,

Drugs, Medicines,

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES,

Paint and Varnish Brushes, Glass, Glassware, Patent and Propresetary Medicines, Fancy Articles, &c.

ALSO

WINES, BRANDIES, and other LIQUORS,

which were imported expressly for medical purposes, and warranted pure, together with a lot of choice

Family Groceries, &c.

The above Goods were selected personally by the subscriber, and purchased for cash; he, therefore, feels assured that, in *every* respect, they will give complete satisfaction.

Practitioners in the country are especially invited to call and examine the quality and prices before purchasing.

☞ Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours.

☞ Professional advise given and prescription made without charge.

J. U. WINSLOW, M. D.

Aug. 2, 1856. y5

Notice of Distribution to Heirs.

Estate of Leonard Chase.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the January term, 1857, of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana, after final settlement of the estate of Leonard Chase, deceased, the sum of ——— was found remaining for distribution amongst the heirs. Said heirs are therefore notified to appear at the next term of said Court, and receive their distributive share.

I. D. G. NELSON, C. C. C. P. Allen Co.

Feb, 6th, 1857. ($1 50) 3w32

BLANK DEEDS and MORTGAGES

For Sale at the SENTINEL OFFICE, at *Reduced Prices.*

Splendid Prizes for Farmers!

Two Ways of making Money!!

No. 1, One Silver Watch.............. $10
2, One Canary Bird.............. 5
3, One pr Boots made to measure 5
4, Copy of Fort Wayne Newspaper tobe selected by the winner.. 2

The above prizes will be paid to persons delivering the most

BARK

To H. C. GREY & Co.,

at their Tannery on the Feeder Canal, near Capt. Rudisill's Mill, by the first day of August, 1857.

The bark must be either

White or Black Oak,

in good condition, and of this year's peeling.

The person bringing the most bark will receive the first prize; the one bringing the next largest amount will receive the second prize, and so on.—We will pay

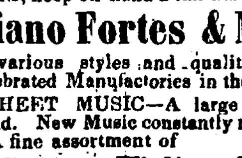
The Highest Market Price in Cash for all Bark delivered.

January 31st.

100,000 Hides Wanted!

FOR which the highest market price will be paid in Cash.

Jan. 31. H. C. GREY & Co.

PIANO FORTE  WAREROOM

HILL & JACOBS having opened rooms for the sale of Piano Fortes and other Musical Instruments, keep on hand a full assortment of

Piano Fortes & Melodeons,

of various styles and qualities, from the most celebrated Manufactories in the United States.

SHEET MUSIC—A large collection kept on hand. New Music constantly received.

A fine assortment of

Guitars, Violins, Flutes, &c.

Also Violin and Guitar Strings. In fact, almost every thing in the music line.

Feb. 6, 1856.

NOTICE

To Liquor Dealers and Merchants.

A COMPLETE assortment of the OILS necessary for

Making and Flavoring every kind of

LIQUOR.

and a package of the articles used for giving ARTIFICIAL STRENGTH to Liquors, (converting 70 gallons of Whisky to 100 gallons,) and every article necessary to commence a LIQUOR STORE, will be furnished for $20. Also all the information necessary to conduct such an establishment, thus enabling the new beginner to successfully compete with the oldest liquor dealers.

Address through the Post Office,

P. LACOUR, New Orleans.

LACOUR'S CONCENTRATED ACID for making VINEGAR is put up in 2 gallons packages, at $5 per package—in good shipping order.

January 10th, 1857. 1y28

KID GLOVES.

50 doz. Ladies and Gents, White, Black and Colored Kid Gloves of all sizes and of the most approved quality, this day opened and for sale at the Boston Dry Goods Store.

Dec 18, '56. WM. T. ABBOTT.

HARDWARE.

OLIVER P. MORGAN,

Successor to H. Durrie,

No 81 Columbia street, Fort Wayne, Ind

OFFERS a large assortment of STOVES which for quality and variety is equal to any in this market, at *greatly reduced prices.* Purchasers will find it to their advantage to call at least before buying elsewhere.

He is now receiving a large variety of

HARDWARE,

AMERICAN & FOREIGN BAR IRON

AND STEEL, OF ALL SIZES,

Axtes Eliptic Springs, Anvils, Bellows, Vices,

and other heavy goods, which in variety will compare with any stock in this vicinity.

FARMER'S GOODS,

such as Chains of all kinds, Shovels, Spades, Scoops Forks, Grubbing Hoes, Picks, &c., &c.

Building Materials

including Nails, Sash and Glass, of all sizes DOOR TRIMMINGS—Locks, Latches, Butts, Screws, &c.

MECHANICS' TOOLS for Carpenters and Joiners. Blacksmiths and Coopers, fully up to the times in shape and quality.

Saddlers' Hardware & Gunsmiths' Trimmings,

of a greater variety than is usually found

TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,

Plated and Britannia Castors, Tea and Table Spoons, Forks, &c.

SOLAR & FLUID LAMPS,

Britannia Tea Setts Curtain Cornices and Bands, together with

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

of every kind and variety.

He is prepared to execute any order for the manufacture of

Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Work.

To Merchants he offers an assortment of TIN WARE, warranted in quality, at *Lower Prices* than usual

Tin Plate and Tinners' Goods always on hand.

Dec. 19, 1856. y—25

CITY ORDERS!

SOME difficulty having occurred in determining the amount of outstanding orders issued by the city, on account of their not having been properly recorded:—All persons holding City Orders issued prior to May 1st, 1855, are requested to surrender them to the City Clerk, who is authorized to make a new issue for all orders surrendered, including the accrued interest,

It is hoped that the holders of such orders will present them as soon as convenient, or before the 1st day of March next, as the Council wish to determine the amount outstanding, and make arrangements for their redemption at as early a day as possible.

By order of the Council,

A. C. PROBASCO, City Clerk.

Fort Wayne, December 18, 1856 3m25

JAMES E. MORRISON,

Dealer in Groceries,

OFFERS for sale, North side of Main street, opposite the Public Square, a general assortment of

Family Groceries,

Amongst which may be found

Coffee, Sugars, Teas, Molasses, Syrups, Spices, Tobacco, Soap, Candles, Wash Boards, Buckets, Nails, Window Glass, Cotton Batting, Candle Wick, Alum, Madder Copperas, Bed Cords, Powder, Lead, Caps, &c.

He will pay in cash the highest market price for all kinds of produce and marketing.

N. B. Remember the place, North side of Main Street, opposite Public Square.

Fort Wayne, Dec. 11, 1856. y24

REMOVAL.

MRS. SULLEY

BEGS to announce to the Ladies of Fort Wayne and vicinity, that she has removed her Fancy Store and MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT from near the Canal Bridge, to her new store, on the

Corner of Wayne and Calhoun streets, opposite the Mayer House.

Mrs. SULLEY would say to the Ladies of Fort Wayne that her new store has been fitted up expressly for the Millinery business, and is replete with all the elegancies and conveniences, necessary for an extensive trade, and she will at all times keep on hand a large and well selected stock of

Millinery & Fancy Goods,

Embroideries, Linen and Fancy Laces, Dress-Trimmings, Mantles, Furs, &c.

Mrs. S hopes by strict attention to business, the low prices and superior quality of her goods, to offer inducements beyond any house in the trade.

Fort Wayne, December 1st, 1856. 3m21

READY-MADE SHIRTS.

10 DOZEN fine Shirts, with real Linen Bosoms and made in the best manner, just opened at ABBOTTS

Also, 20 Dozen Linen Bosoms that we sell for what the linen would cost, at the Boston Dry Goods Store WM. T. ABBOTT

RUBBERS! RUBBERS!

GENTS heavy Rubbers for 75 cents a pair.
Misses do " 50 "
at ABBOTTS.

Dec. 18, '56.

NEW STYLE DE LAINES.

20 Pieces splendid New Style de Laines received by express, this day, and for sale by WM. T. ABBOTT.

The Saturday Evening Post.

THE BEST WEEKLY PAPER.

SampleNumbersFusnishedGratis.

EXAMINE FOR YOURSELVES.

Apply to the publishers,

DEACON & PETERSON,

3w31 66 South Third St., Philadelphia.

FEATHERS—a large lot just received and for sale cheap by

Jan. 21, 2857. GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

On hand and arriving for J. W. ROBB & Co.,

25 Hhds. N. O. Sugar,	20 bags Pepper,
15 do P. R. do	10 do Pimento,
10 Tierces, Cuba do	25 boxes Gro. Pepper,
100 bbls. Crushed do	25 do do Pimento,
30 do Pow'd do	100 do No. 1 Herring,
25 do Granulated do	100 do Scaled do
50 do Coffee crush do	50 do Layer Raisins,
50 do Grocer's Syrup,	50 do M R do
30 do Golden do	30 hf do do do
20 do Portland do	25 qr do do do
20 do P R. Molasses,	100 matts Cassia,
30 do N. O. do	50 bales Cott Wick,
300 bags Rio Coffee,	50 do do twine,
100 do Laguaira do	100 bbls Tar,
50 pockets O G Java do	25 do Tanners' Oil,
70 hf ch'ts Y H Tea,	50 boxes Mustard,
25 do Imperial do	25 do Cream Tartar,
20 do G P do	50 do No. 1 Soap,
25 do Black do	30 do Toilet do
100 catties Imp & Bld. do	10 do Castille do
200 boxes Tobacco lbs. 10s & 5s.	100 do T D Pipes,
	100 do K N do
50 kegs Ky. 6 twist	Alum, Madder, Copperas,
200 boxes Star Candles,	Chrome Green, Chrome
100 do Pearl Starch,	Yellow. Extract Logwood.
50 do Pepper Sauce,	Citrons, Figs, British
20 do Tomato Catsup,	Lustre, Nutmegs, Cloves,
50 do No. 1 Chocolate,	&c., &c.

Also, a fine stock of

Foreign and Domestic Liquors and Cigars.

J. W. ROBB & Co.

Holiday Gifts.

ON hand at the Boston Dry Goods Store, No. 75 Columbia Street, Retticules, Work Boxes, Card Cases, Cigar Cases, Dressing Cases, Fans, Odor Paper Wrights, Portmonnaies, Tablets, and lots of other Fancy Goods that will be sold during the holidays, at a

Great Deduction from first Cost,

as we are very anxious to clear out all such traps without delay.

Dec. 18, 1856. WM. T. ABBOTT.

GENTS SHAWLS.

A NEW lot, by express, just received at

WM. T ABBOTT.

Dec. 18, 1856.

THOSE SHILLING MUSLINS.

WE have just received four cases of those beautiful soft finished Bleached Muslins, that are better that can be bought elsewhere for 15 cents, and while they last, we shall sell at the same old price. Owing to the great advance in cotton goods, this lot will be the last we shall have. Call soon and get a years' supply at the Boston Dry Goods Store.

Dec. 18, '56. WM. T. ABBOTT

Dr. Wright's Tonic Bitters

AND

INVIGORATING CORDIAL!

PREPARED ONLY BY

DR. HOMER WRIGHT, Pittsburg, Pa.

Proprietor of Dr. Wright's Family Medicines.

A Delightful Tonic, Anti-Despeptic, and Invigorant, having the soft and delicious flavor of the rarest Cordials.

These Bitters never fail to cure

Dyspepsia Liver Complaint, Headache,

And all Diseases having their origin in Imperfect Indigestion, or a Deranged Condion of the Stomach, Liver or Kidneys.

Such as Pain in the Stomach, Heart-burn, oppression after Eating, Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Costiveness, Inward Piles, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Loss of Appetite, Night Sweats, Flatulency, Pains in the Chest, Back or Side. Nausea, Difficult Breathing, Swimming of the Head, Fluttering of the Heart, Sudden Flushes of Heat, Choking or Suffocating Sensation when lying down Fever, and Dull Pain in the Head, Dots and Webs before the Sight, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes &c., &c,

The use of these Bitters imparts a Tone to the Stomach, which fortifies the system against all infectious diseases, as well as renders safe a residence in FEVER AND AGUE Districts, or in localities where the water is impure and unhealthy. Used as a beverage to ward off Fever and Ague, or as a medicine in the debility occasioned by that disease, or other fevers; these BITTERS posses merits far superior to any other article in the market.

With its Tonic properties, it unites the power of calming Irritation and allaying Nervous Irritability. It never fails to cure Neuralgia, Paralysis, Nervous debility, a Prickly Sensation of the Flesh, Mental Depression, constant imagining of evil, Great depression of Spirits, Faintness after exercise, Broken Sleep and Terrifying Dreams.

As a medicine in FEMALE DISEASES—in Fleur Albus, chronic tendency to miscarriage, general lassitude and weakness, sinking of the stomach, pains of the limbs, irregularities, obstructions, &c., it will be found the best medicine ever offered to the sex —Fully one half of our female population are in bad health, or as they express it, "never feel well." They feel prosrrated, have no energy, no appetite, and are extremely nervous. The tonic and invigorating properties of these Bitters render them invaluable to this class of inoalids.

THE AGED AND INFIRM

Will find in these Bitters a Cordial that will restore in a degree, the ardor and energy of more youthful days, infuse new life into their veins, and make their descent down "the slippery vale of years," healthy and happy.

Living witnesses can be found in almost every village in the Union, who have certified to the good properties of these Bitters in the afflictions for which they are recommended.

WHAT THEY SAY AT HOME

Mrs Jarvis, of delicate constitution, residing at No 25 Ross street, after suffering nine years with the worst form of Dyspepsia and general debility, and spending hundreds of dollars in travelling for health and paying doctor's bills' was CURED SOUND AND WELL by the use of two bottles of Dr, Wright's Tonic Bitters and Invigorating Cordial. She says: "By the use of your Bitters I can now take my meals regularly, and experience no unpleasant effects from eating of any dish set before me. I think I am cured permanently sound and well, and have no dread of a recurrence of the disease."

Mr L. R Livingston, of the Pittsburgh Novelty Works, says; "Two female members of my family have derived great benefit from the use of your Bitters. Send me two more bottles."

Mrs Kinzer, No 62 Smithfield street, an aged and infirm lady, suffering from Dyspepsia and debility, says: "Your Bitters did me more good than any other medicine I ever tried."

Mr Lucien Gray, No 17 Grant Street, says "I caught a bad cold, which settled on my lungs; and I became very weak and debilitated, with symptoms of Consumption; but by the use of your Bitters I soon regained my health and strength. I would recommend them to persons suffering from weakness or debility of any kind, as I know they are good."

One dose taken before meals will create a good appetite, assist digestion, remove flatulency, prevent costiveness, and be a sure cure for Dyspepsia.

IN QUART BOTTLES—Price $1.

DR WRIGHT'S PURGATIVE POWDER FOR CHILDREN.

These Powders being small and sweet, can be mixed in the common food of the child, without exciting the least suspicion. As a physic for children, they are far preferable to nauseating oils and vermifuges, and are superseding all other medicines for children, wherever introduced.

In Derangement of the Bowels, swelling of the Liver, soreness in the side, symptoms of spasms, summer complaint, &c, or as a VERMIFUGE, they have no equal.

MORE HOME TESTIMONY.

Mrs. Bevington, of Birmingham, Pa., says:—"That box of Powders which I took with me to Ohio saved the life, I am sure, of one, of my children in the Summer Complaint. While I have children, I never want to be without your Powders."

Mrs. Patterson, No. 1 Reed st., says—"I gave one powder to my little girl in the afternoon, and another at bed time, and next morning she passed more than ONE HUNDRED WORMS.

N. B.—Any simple medicine can be given to assist the operation, if necessary.

Mrs Patterson, No. 219 Front street, Mrs Gray, No. 17 Grand street, Mrs. Greer, No. 183 Second street, Mrs Jope, No 174 Front street, Mrs. Atterbury Grand street, Mrs. Allsip, Penna. Avenue and a host of other highly respectable ladies of Pittsburg, have given these Powders, in affection of the Liver, Summer Complaint, Worms, and other disorders of the Bowels in children, and recommend them highly Price 25 cents per box.

DR. WRIGHT'S LIVER PILLS.

An excellent family Pill, highly efficacious in affections of the Liver and all Bilious Disorders.—They cannot be excelled as a mild and efficient cathartic, in all cases where pills are necessary.

Price 25 cents per box.

Manufactory and principal depot No 8 Grant st., Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞Dr. Wright's Medicines are sold wolesale and retail, by Dr. J. W. WINSLOW, Apothecaries' Hall, Fort Wayne; P. HELLER & SON, Heller's Corners; D. J. DANTON, Perry; SNYDER, & TALBOT, Zanesville; J. BEACHGOOD, Maysville; and by Dealers in Medicine everywhere. July24

New Grocery and Provision Store!

Corner of Berry and Calhoun streets, opposite G. Miller's.

A. G. BARNETT respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has opened in the above store, (formerly Reiter's Confectionary,) a full stock of choice

FAMILY GROCERIES

Crushed, Coffee, and N. Orleans Sugars; Rio and Java Coffee; Teas, Pepper, Spices, Tobacco, Segars, Pickles, Sauces, &c., &c.

CONFECTIONARIES

Of all kinds, Wholesale and Retail.

PROVISIONS such as Potatoes Butter, Eggs, Fruit, Flour, Corn Meal, Dried Beef, Hams, Fish; &c.

Cash paid for all kinds of Farmers' Produce.

It is his design to furnish his customers with the very best and choicest articles in the above line, and to sell at the very lowest prices, and he therefore hopes to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

Nov. 231. tf—21

Notice.

BYRAM D. MINER is appointed my Agent to make contracts, during my absence, for the sale of any or all of the real and personal estate owned by me in Allen County, Indiana.

WILLIAM G EWING Jr.

Fort Wayne, September 17th, 1856. 3m12

A CARD.

WE take this opportunity of saying to our customers and the public, that we now have in store one of the largest and best assorted stock of

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES

ever offered by us in this market.

Our facilities for buying in the Eastern Markets are unsurpassed by any other house in the State.—One of our firm, JONAS W. TOWNLEY, devotes his whole time to the purchase of Goods in the New York, Boston and Philadelphia Market, which enables us, instead of purchasing and receiving all our Goods at one time, to have

New Goods arrive almost every day!

We have, this Spring, received over seven hundred packages of goods, and more are on the way.

Our assortment will be found complete in each department, and we invite the attention of *Merchants in town or country, Farmers, Mechanics, and the public* in general, to give us a call, and we assure them our aim will be to give them Goods in our line, at

Wholesale or Retail,

as cheap as they can be afforded in this market.

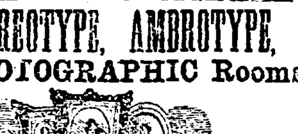
One Price, and no abatement.

J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

Fort Wayne, April 19th, 1856,

DAGUERREOTYPE, AMBROTYPE,

And PHOTOGRAPHIC Rooms.



A. McDONALD returns his sincere thanks to the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country for their liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon him; and would respectfully invite their attention to a new style of pictures beautifully gotten up on Glass, and also on paper, which he is prepared to execute equal to anything of the kind now in the United States. These Pictures are peculiarly life like and true to nature. The Ambrotype being the latest improvement, far excells the Daguerreotype with the accuracy of delineation.

Rooms No. 2 Phoenix Block, Calhoun street,

FORT WAYNE.

DRAKE & BOURIE

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA,

HAVE removed their Wholesale and Retail PROVISION EMPORIUM to No. 5 Phoenix Block, Calhoun street, two doors north of Evans & Co. where they have just received a large choice stock of

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Pickles, Preserves, Can Fruits, Confectionaries, Fish, &c., &c.

All of which will be sold very low for cash, and cash only.

To Farmers they offer the highest cash price for all kinds of marketing, and to the Citizens of Fort Wayne, the largest and most complete assortment of EATABLES in the city, *delivered Free of Charge* at their residences.

Are Agents for Maltbey's celebrated

Baltimore Oysters.

Dec. 1, 1856.

Quit Drinking Poisonous Liquors

PATENT IMPROVED PROCESS

FOR MAKING ALL KINDS OF

Liquors and Vinegar,

INSTANTLY, by the use of

LACOUR'S ESSENTIAL OILS.

THESE OILS are obtained by Distillation at the Chemical Laboratory, Parish of Jefferson, of PIERRE LACOUR, author of Lacour's Chemical Analysis, Lacour's Chemical Manipulations, Lacour on the Manufacture of Liquors, &c.

Purchasers are particularly requested to return the flasks and obtain their money, if the Oil does not give perfect satisfaction.

LACOUR'S OIL OF COGNAC converts neutral spirit to a superior imitation of Imported Brandies viz: Otard, Sazrac, Marett Cognac, Poultney, Seignette, United Vineyard Proprietors, Castillon and London Dock Brandies. These Liquors will have a full fruitiv flavor and a beautiful sparkling color. Common Rectified Whisky will be changed by the use of the Oil of Cognac to New York Brandy Pine Apple Brandy, Common Cognac Brandy, &c.

LACOUR'S OIL OF RYE changes Rectified Whisky to Monnongahela Rye Whisky, Old Virginia Malt Whisky. Bourbon Whisky, &c.

OIL OF CEDRAT changes common Rectified Whiskey to Old Irish Malt Whisky, and a superior article of Scotch Whisky.

OIL OF PEACH changes common Whisky to Virginia Peach Brandy, &c. Oil of Peach and Oil of Cognac will convert common Whisky to Apple Brandy

OIL OF GIN converts the poorest Whisky to Holland Gin, Scheidam Schnapps, Rose Gin, Swan Gin, English Gin, &c.

LACOUR'S CONCENTRATED ACID will, in five hours after being mixed, change five gallons of good Vinegar and twenty five gallons of water to thirty gallons of the most acid Vinegar that can be found in the market. By the use of Lacour's Concentrated Acid, vinegar can be made for one dollar and sixty cents per barrel.

FOR MAKING LIQUORS, Lacour's Oils require no preparation—only pour the Oil into the Whisky and shake well. The Liquors thus made will have a fine natural aroma, a full, rich, oily taste; a beautiful transparent color, and a fine bead Lacour's Oils exert three distinct properties to converting common Whisky to Brandy, Gin, &c. The first property combines with and absorbs in the form of flocculent particles the whole of the grain oil (Amyle Alcohol) The Whisky is thus depressed of that peculiar irritating and burning taste, and becomes a neutral spirit; the second property consists in an oily mucilaginous este imparted to the liquor, which renders it mellow and imparts an appearance of great age; the third property is exhibited in the rich vinous nutty oder that is imparted to the liquor, which renders distinction from the genuine brands impossible.

These oils are put up in quart flasks; each flask contains sufficient oil for making three hundred gallons of liquor. Full and comprehensive directions accompany the bottles. Price $2 per bottle.

For Sale at the corner of St. Charles and Poydras Streets, New Orleans.

One bottle of these oils, five in number, will be securely packed and shipped with bill of lading, to any part of the country, upon the receipt of $10, to the address of

P. LACOUR, New Orleans.

Purchasers are requested, as a guarantee of good faith, to furnish us the name of any house in New Orleans, and we will ship them a package of the Oils. If they do not perform all that is claimed for them, they will cost nothing.

January 10th, 1857. 1y28

Grocery & Provision Store.

H. C. HANNA continues the business at the old stand of SUGAFF & HANNA, No 60 Columbia street, and keeps on hand a full supply of

Family Groceries

AND PROVISIONS,

which he will warrant to be of the best quality—none else will ever be found at this establishment. He will sell at the

Lowest Figure for Cash,

and deliver free of charge in any part of the city.

FLOUR AND FEED

Constantly on hand. The highest price paid for all kinds of Grain and Produce.

October 25. y17

OILS! OILS!

LINSEED OIL, Lard Oil, Bark Oil, Sperm Oil, Tanners' Oil, Corn Oil, Sweet Oil, Castor Oil, and all Etherial and Essential Oils, for sale at WHOLESALE and RETAIL by

MEYER & BROTHER,

Druggists, No. 95 Columbia street.

CARPETINS.

THE best assortment of Carpetings ever offered in this market may be found at the Boston Dry Goods Store. Also Druggett Crumb Cloths, with borders; and a large invoice of 4-4, 5-4, 6-4 and 8-4 Floor Oil Cloths.

Cedar Paper to put under Carpets, Carpets Bindings, and Carpet Parks constantly on hand.

WM. T. ABBOTT.

MACABOY SNUFF—a fine quality of Lorillard's rose scented, at J. U WINSLOW.

I HAVE on hand a good assortment of BROCHA SHAWLS single and double, of beautiful patters, which will be sold at reduced price, at No. 87 Columbia street. H. R SCHWEGMAN.

Dr. J. B. MARCHISI'S

CELEBRATED CATHOLICON

For the Relief and Cure of Suffering Females.

IT stands pre-eminent for its curative powers in all the diseases for which it is recommended, usually caled

Female Complaints.

Of these are PROLAPSUS UTERI, or falling of the womb; FLUOR ALBUS, or whites; CHRONIC INFLAMMATION AND ULCERATION OF THE WOMB, INCIDENTAL HEMORRHAGE, or Flooding; PAINFUL, SUPPRESSED AND IRREGULAR MENSTRUATION, &c., with all their accompanying evils, (Cancer excepted,) no matter how severe or of how long standing.

☞This medicine has never been introduced by empty puffs and misreprentations, nor it is intended that its present popularity shall be sustained by any medium but its merits and the approbation of the public.

REFERENCES.

The Medicine is now well known and appreciated and will have a steady and increasing sale. I know of no preparation that can compare with it for the particular complaints for which it is designed. I am satisfied, by the use now making of it in my own family, and by almost every day's evidence of its benefits to others, that it justly merits the warmest recommendations its best friends have given of it.

E. B PERKINS, M. D., Marietta, Ohio.

Having now used the remedy for four years in my practice, I rely wholly on it for the cure of almost all female diseases.

With many regards for yourself, I remain yours &c

H. F. BENNETT, M. D., Canandaigua, N. Y.

Thus far, it has given satisfaction in all cases where it has been used, and I do not hesitate to recommend it in every case for which it is designed.—I consider it an invaluable medicine, and sufferers should know of it

L BROWN, M D, Claremont, N. H.

* * * I would be glad to have a further supply, as the medicine is becoming very popular, and I think will continue, as it has given relief in every ance when properly taken.

THOMAS NEWMAN, M D, Mt. Vernon, Ind.

The Catholicon is doing good service here. All the patients that have tried the medicine have been benefitted but one—and that one nothing will help.

Truly yours,

WM. LAIRD HAZLETT, M D,
New Philadelphia, Ohio.

I am persnaded, after trying it in a great many cases, that it surpasses all other remedies within my knowledge for that class of difficulties for which it is recommended. It has cured some very extreme cases under my observation, which have resisted all other treatment.

L D FLEMING, M D, Rochester, N. Y.

The claims of this medicine to the confidence of the public are strengthened by the fact of its having received the approbation and liberal patronage of many prominent members of the Medical Faculty of the United States, some of whom have voluntarily given letters of commendation (see pamphlet) sustaining all that is claimed for it as a curative agent.

Pamphlets containing much useful information touching the nature and symptoms of the above diseases, together with testimonials from ladies of the highest respectability, as certified by the most satisfactory authority, to all which the attention of ladies and practitioners is respectfully invited, can be had gratis at the store of

HUGH B. REED, Druggist,
Sole Agent for Fort Wayne, Ind.

Also sold by

Priliaman & Karns, Bluffton.
Jesse Daviess, William Norton, } Huntington.
Robert Browning, Wholesale Druggist, Indianapolis.
W. W, Robarts, "
H, Blacksley, " St. Louis.

J. B. MARCHISI & Co., Proprietors,

3m26 Central Depot. 304 Broadway, N. Y.

NITRATE of Silver *Pure* in pencels and cristals; Sulphate of Quinine; Sulphate, Muriate, and Acetate of Morphia; Strychnia, Veratria, Padophillin, Iodine; Iodide of Iron, Hydriodate of Potassa, Acetate of Iron. Phosphate of Iron, Citrate of Iron, and pure Iron Filings.

For sale by J. U. WINSLOW,

Aug. 30. *At Apothecaries Hall.*

J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Dry Goods and Groceries,

Corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets.

FORT WAYNE, IND.

JONAS W. TOWNLEY. ROBERT TOWNLEY.

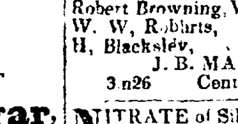
HENRY C. HANNA,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Family Groceries and Provisions.

COFFEE by the Sack. N O Sugar by the Hogshead or barrel. N O Molasses by the Barrel. Pulverized Sugar by the Barrel. Crushed Sugar by the Barrel. Stewart's Golden Syrup by the Barrel.

Ho, for the Farmers!



ALL those that want anything in the line of

SADDLERY

would do well to call on WM BOWEN & SON, as they have every thing in that line. All their work is made by men and not made by boys. They have the largest stock ever offered in this city.

Shop in the second story of Bowen's Building. They will sell BETTER QUALITY of Work for LESS MONEY than any other house in this city.

Nov. 15 y17

Fair Haven Oyster

DEPOT.

THE undersigned have opened a Wholesale and Retail OYSTER DEPOT on the corner of Calhoun and Berry streets, at Reiter's old Confectionary Store, and are prepared to furnish Families Parties, &c., at reduced prices, of Fair Haven and Baltimore Oysters, in kegs, cans, and half-cans.—We solicit a call from all lovers of Oysters, and especially those in the trade.

P. S. Orders from abroad punctually attended to.

WHITMORE & FILSON,

3m19 Agents for the Co.

Great Chance for a Bargain!

DESIRABLE REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale the well known and beautifully situated Tract of Land on which he resides, situate on the St. Jo Feeder, adjoining the city of Fort Wayne, and containing about 30 acres. It is perhaps the most desirable property in this vicinity for a handsome SUBURBAN RESIDENCE, or it might be advantageously divided and would sell readily in

TOWN LOTS.

It will be sold cheap for Cash, if immediate application be made to the undersigned on the premises, or to the Publisher of the Fort Wayne Sentinel.

E. HINTON.

October 25th, 1866.

DRESS GOODS—Challis, Bareges, Lawns, Ginghams, Silks De Laines, &c.—new styles, just received at ORFFS.

To Rent

THREE good Rooms, suitable for Offices, situate on the second story of the new brick building No. 90 Columbia street. Also one large Room in third story, suitable for public meetings, and a large Dry Cellar. Will be rented together or separately.

Inquire of H THIEME.

Oct. 11th. tf—15

[Continued from the First Page]

'Dublin township, one hundred majority for Zimmerman!'

'Nine cheers for old Zim!'

'Hip, hip, hurrah!'

The excited candidate was wild with joy and excitement, and he again invited the party to drink.

Another horseman came—another and still another—each one bringing an overwhelming majority for Zim, from the township represented.

Alas! that it should be the same mad wag under various disguises that brought old Zim the glorious news. The column as footed up gave Zim a cool thousand majority.

Didn't he spend a cool thirty? The landlord's till groaned under the weight of Old Zim's deposits.

'Gentlemen,' said old Zim, 'my heart is full, [his head was'nt anything else,] and I can only say that the glory of this contest belongs to you. Sat'l feel a brick in your hat,' said a wag,] proud that I have been the humble instrument of breaking down the system.'

Nine cheers.

Thus matters progressed until those who were completely 'sowed up' were laid out, and the remainder found their way home—some charitable friends of the Sheriff elect, toting him home on a shutter.

Early in the morning, the village wags with throbbing temples met at the tavern to 'take a hair from the dog that bit them,' as well as to laugh over the 'saw' played on old Zim—but they only had they commenced worship before in stalk the old gentleman still under the delusion that he had carried the day—nay, more, he insisted on spending a V by way of a morning whet. The wags were determined to keep it up as long as possible, and again drank and congratulated him on his success.

In the midst of the noise and confusion in bounded an inky printer's devil, who deposited an extra on the table, containing the returns. Eagerly did old Zim seize it and hover over it but a minute. The conclusion of it all is sufficient for the reader. It is as follows:

'By the above it will be seen that the democracy has again triumphed, as Wattles [dem.] majority over Tibbets [Whig] is one hundred and fifty. Zimmerman [volunteer] had three votes in Beegon, two in Dublin, one in Lower Buffalo, and one in this borough [supposed to be cast by himself] making a total of seven votes.'

The extra dropped from old Zim's hands; he moved towards the door and then looking round full at the gapping crowd he said leisurely:

'Gentlemen, you may go to thunder!' rushing from the bar room, he has never again been heard of in Bugsbury.

The Supply of Cotton.—Apprehensions begin to be felt in England the supply of raw material will not keep pace with the growth of manufactures. Since 1847 the imports of cotton into England from the United States have doubled. In that year the imports were 1,256,000 bales, and in 1856 2,457,000; but, in the face of this, such have been the progress of British manufactures, and the extension of the cotton-trade, that at the end of 1847 the stock on hand at Liverpool was 450 000 bales, or twenty weeks' consumption—while in 1855, with an import of 2,167,000, they ended the year with a stock on hand at Liverpool of only 332,000 bales, or eight weeks' consumption. The estimated crop from the United States this year is only 3,000,000 bales; and at the present rate of consumption at which England cannot with that estimate, have anything on hand at the end of the year, for at the present time the United States and the continent are using as much cotton as Great Britain herself.

These facts are directing public attention in England to renewed inquiries respecting the possible success of the cotton culture in India. It is said that the East India Company might long ago have made it a cotton-producing country, and the opinion is expressed that if the Yankees had had it they would have long since made it so.

Negative Artesian Wells.—The London Society of Arts have published Herr Bruckman's paper on "Negative Artesian Wells" that is wells which take instead of giving out water.—Such wells serve as permanent drains, they are sunk in loose strata, or where, communication exists with fathomless fissures or deep lying streams. Herr Bruckman, who is a native of Wurtemburg, states that they may be established in all the so-called normal or sediment formation, deluvium, tertiary, deposits, chalk, Jurassic rocks, and others. And he brings forward examples of the benefits that have followed the sinking of negative wells in towns or in swampy country districts. The drainage becomes at once perfect and constant, fluid matters of all kinds find their way to its mouth, and flow away, while solid matters may be stopped, and used for various purposes.

Kansas "Relief."—We have at last, says the New Hampshire Patriot, something definite in regard to the "relief" furnished by the N. Hampshire "freedom shriekers" to the Kansas sufferers. It appears in the last number of the Independent at Concord, in the form of a card signed by Rev. Mr. Lovejoy and his wife, dated at Lawrence, (Kansas) January 5. They say that the "sum total" received by them from N. Hampshire is as follows: "One tick, one comforter, two pair sheets, one pair ladies' shoes, two pair drawers, two flannel shirts." Here we have the "sum total" received from New Hampshire!—What has become of the remainder of the funds, including those "cash contributions" which Fogg has received? It is about time to have a report on that subject.

The Rural Districts Equal to any Emergency.—A countryman went to the Lowell post-office, with a bank bill, for a dollar's worth of postage stamps, the clerks wanted specie, and he straightway returned with four Spanish quarters, these being also denied admittance, except at a discount, he came a third time with a hundred coppers, and very coppérish look of exultation.—Being informed by the official behind the window that coppers were not a legal tender to a larger extent than three cents at a time, the man from the rural districts coolly purchased a single stamp, and repeated the operation till his persecutor caved and took in the remaining cents in a lump, much to the internal satisfaction of the individual out side.—*Springfield Republican.*

☞ In the Wisconsin Assembly, a resolution was introduced to extend an invitation to the respective clergy of Madison to open the morning sessions by prayer, each in turn, and to be paid $25 for it, but this bonus was stricken out, and a resolution inviting them to pray, it being entirely out of their line to pray to Almighty God for his blessings on the Legislature without pay for it.—*Detroit Free Press.*

We suspect the Legislature, nevertheless, gets an occasional blessing from the clergy for nothing.

St. Louis, Feb. 12.

From Kansas and the Plains.—The Westport correspondent of the Republican says that the out-ward-bound Santa Fe mail left on the 3d instant.

A letter from Bent's Fort, of November 23, says that the fort is safe, but the Kiowas have declared war against the whites. Bent has twenty-five whites and four hundred friendly Cheyennes to defend the fort.

A convention to frame a State Constitution for Kansas will meet at Lecompton on the first Monday in September.

A *New Telegraph.*—Some wicked rascal suggests a new kind of telegraph, namely: to place a line of women at the distance of fifty paces from each other, and commit to the first the news to be transmitted, *as a profound secret.* It is thought that there would be greater dispatch secured by such a plan than by any other.

BOOTS & SHOES,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

No. 89 Columbia Street,

A. SHANKLIN,

(successor to *H. L. Hanna,*)

HAVING purchased the entire stock of Boots and Shoes of A. L. Hanna, and daily receiving new invoices, we feel confident that we have the

LARGEST, CHEAPEST, and Best Assorted Stock

of any establishment in northern Indiana, to which we call the attention of *Country Merchants*

We continue the manufacture of

Fine French Calf Boots & Shoes

for Customers only, and are confident that we can give good satisfaction in that line, both as to fit and wear.

B. SHANKLIN.

Fort Wayne, Oct, 25, 1856.

SHOVELS—Ames & Lippencott's Canal and Grain Shovels. R. W. TAYLOR.

PURE LEMON JUICE. Identical with the expressed juice of Fresh Lemons. For sale at *Apothecaries Hall.*

Coombes' Boarding House.

MRS. COOMBES begs respectfully to inform the inhabitants of Fort Wayne and its vicinity that she has taken and fitted up at a great expense the old established Boarding House No 20 Main street, opposite Mr. John Miller's Furniture Warehouse, and solicits the patronage of those who may need a comfortable home, assuring them, from her superior taste and long experience in domestic arrangements, it will be replete with every comfort, second to none. Ladies and Gentlemen travelling will finds a desirable situation.

Good stabling. 3m18

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60 Pieces CARPETS.
10 Pieces OIL CLOTHS,
10 Pieces MATTING,

For sale by J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

April 19, 1856.

ENGLISH BREAKFAST and fine Oolong Teas, for sale at 61 Columbia street.

J U WINSLOW.

HECKER'S FARINA, Pearl Tapioca, Pearl Sago, Pearl Barley, Bermuda Arrow-root—fresh and of the best quality, at 61 Columbia street.

J. U. WINSLOW.

WHITE FISH, Pickerel, Lake Salmon, Herring &c, in half bbls—a prime article just received. July 14th. M. DRAKE.

Who Wants a Home, and Ten Years to pay for it?

I WILL sell all that part of the well known Kercheval Reserve, laying in St Joseph Township, containing 413 acres, in lots to suit purchasers. The land is of the best quality, and well timbered with Poplar, Walnut, Oak, Ash, &c. I have a Saw Mill on the adjoining premises, so that all the logs can be put into cash. The wood will pay well to haul to Fort Wayne.

TERMS—Those that will go on to improve their land will have two years credit on the entire amount, by paying the interest annually in advance. The principal will then be required in eight equal payments at three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, and ten years from time of purchase.

Purchasers can, if they wish, rent portions of my improved farm adjoining, until they get their land cleared.

For particulars inquire of the subscriber, living at the Steam Saw Mill adjoining, four miles east of Fort Wayne, on the north side of the Maumee river.

JOHN T. BROWNING.

July 25. tt—4

Farm for Sale.

THE undersigned will the Farm on which he resides, in Washintsn Township, Allen County, containing Eighty Acres. Forty Five Acres are cleared and in a good state of cultivation; the remainder good timber; Twenty-Six Acres of Wheat in the ground, Eigh Acres of good Meadow.

This property will be sold at a bargain, for cash, upon application to the subscriber, residing upon the premises,

tt—17 ROBERT STERLING.

NEW GOODS

At No. 73 corner of Columbia & Clinton Streets.

GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE,

SUCCESSORS TO A. GIBFORD,

ARE now receiving their large assortment of Goods, consisting in part of the following articles, to which we would respectfully call the attention of the public generally, and the Ladies in particular:

BLACK SILKS, 900 yards, purchased at reduced prices and sold at the same by GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

850 Yards Plaid Striped BROCADE and plain Silks of different qualities, at low prices, by GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

1000 Yards DE LAINES Berage De Laines and Shally Berages, cheap at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGES.

LAWNS—100 pieces of plain and printed Lawns, from 6 to 25 cts. per yard, by GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

CALICOES—500 pieces of Merimack and Calicoes, the best styles, at 10 cts per yard, by GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

BROCHA WHITE CRAPE and Stella SHAWLS at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

BONNETS and Bonnet Ribbons, a large assortment. GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE

GINGHAMS—1200 yards English, French and domestic Ginghams, from 1 to 2 per yard, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S.

PRINTS—400 pieces Prints from 5 to 10 cts. per yard, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S.

PLAIN and Dotted Swiss and Book Muslins, Jaconett and Lawns. GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

EMBROIDERIES—French Collars Sleeve-Bands, Flouncing Muslin, Insertion and Edgings, for sale at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S.

WHITE and colored KID GLOVES; Silk, Gilt, and Cotton Gloves, and Hosiery, cheap. GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

200 PARASOLS of all qualities, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S.

SUMMER GOODS for Men's Wear, and a large assortment of Cloths, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S.

CROCKERY, Looking Glasses and Glassware, a large assortment, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S.

GROCERIES of all kinds, a good assortment. GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

CLOCKS and Yankee Notions, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S

We would mention that the above articles are but a very small part of our stock, as it is too numerous to mention; and if you will just give us a call, we will sell you goods at such low prices as will astonish you. Don't mistake the place. It is the store owned by Hamilton and Williams, that was once so celebrated for selling goods cheap, and we intend to keep up the reputation of the old stand.

All kinds of PRODUCE and cash taken in exchange for Goods.

GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

Fort Wayne, May 7, 1856. y45

PARLOR COOKING STOVES.—You will find three kinds of these Stoves at BRANDRIFF'S.

COFFEE—Old Gov. Java, 6lbs for a dollar, at J. U. WINSLOW'S

FAIRBANKS'
CELEBRATED
SCALES.

Fort Wayne, Ind.,
COMPARET, HUBBELL & Co., Agents.
189 Broadway, —. New York,
FAIRBANKS & Co., Agents.
April 12, 1857 1y41

Fort Wayne & Chicago R. R.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 31 of March, the accommodation train will leave Fort Wayne every evening, at 6 o'clock (Sundays excepted) after the arrival of the trains from Crestline and Toledo, arriving at Columbia at 7 15.

Returning, the train will leave Columbia at 8 o'clock A. M., and arrive at Fort Wayne at 9 15, in time for the Eastern Trains.

J L WILLIAMS, Chief Engineer.

Fort Wayne, Feb. 18, 1856. tt—32

CHANGE OF TIME.

OHIO & INDIANA RAILROAD.

Passenger Trains from and after Thursday, 30th inst, will leave Fort Wayne every morning (Sundays excepted.) at 9 20 arriving at Forest on the Cincinnati, Dayton, and Sandusky Railroad at 2 20, when trains pass north and south at 2 30, giving time for dinner, and arriving at Crestline at 4 30 P M, connecting without delay with trains for Pittsburg, Cleveland and Columbus arriving at

Cleveland at	8 P M
Pittsburg, "	12 50 A M
Columbus, "	8 25 P M
Cincinnati, "	7 30 "

Tickets sold to all the cities and important towns in the east as low as by any other route, at the Ticket Office of the O & I Railroad, at the old Packet Office in Fort Wayne, by

S. S. MORSS, *Agent.*

Freight trains leave Fort Wayne every morning at 5 20 A M and arrive at Crestline at 5 P M when Freight trains leave same evening for Cleveland at 8 22, and for Pittsburg at 9 P M.

Stock should leave Fort Wayne on the morning of Tuesday, Thursdays, and Saturdays, to ensure good connections with the other Stock trains.

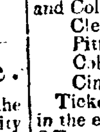
J. R. STRAUGHAN, *Sup't.*

FARE.

To New York,	$16 60	To Indianapolis,	$8 00
" Philadelphia,	16 00	" Sandusky City,	
" Pittsburgh,	7 50	" Toledo,	4 00
" Cincinnati,	6 00	" Cleveland,	5 75
" Dayton,	5 00	" Columbus,	5 00

Aug 29, 1855 9

New Livery Stable.



THE firm of Link & Co being dissolved, the subscriber informs his friends that he continues the Livery Stable, north side of the Canal, west of Story's Foundry, on his own account, and keeps for hire a few

BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES

of the latest and newest styles. Also, first rate

Saddle and Carriage Horses.

His charges will be moderate, and he hopes, by courtesy and attention, to merit a share of public support.

W. H. LINK.

Fort Wayne, Dec 22, 1855 y25

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100 Sacks RIO COFFEE,
20 chests Tea, various kinds,
150 boxes Glass, assorted sizes,
80 boxes Tobacco, choice brands,
20 bbl. Cut and Dry Tobacco,
40 boxes M. R. Raisins,
50 quarter boxes do,
20 bbls Golden Syrup,
Oranges, Lemons, &c.
100 bundle Wrapping Paper, assorted sizes;
A supply of Cap and Letter Paper.

The above GOODS, together with a general assortment of GROCERIES, are now being received and will be sold to the country trade *Low.*

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS,
Wholesale Grocers, No. 85 Columbia street,
April 14, 1855. FORT WAYNE.

Stoves! Stoves!

WE have contracted for $12000 worth of STOVES to be delivered this fall, and manufactured from HANGING ROCK metal, known to all to be the best metal in the world for stoves, made of superior weight, and warranted not to break by fire, bought at low figures, and our customers shall reap the benefit.

COMETS.—We have six sizes of the Comet flat top cooking stoves—the best stove sold in any market; it outstrips all competition wherever introduced. I have sold hundreds in this market, and the sale is every day increasing. No family should be without one. We warrant this stove one year, and if the stove is not what we represent it to be, the money will be refunded. For sale at the sign of the Golden Stove, by A. D. BRANDRIFF.

September 22d, 1855.

THE CASTLE PARLOR and the Gem are both beautiful Stoves; for sale by BRANDRIFF.

BUCKEYE STATE.—We have five sizes of this Stove, warranted good; also, the Hoosier State, takes 30 inches wood, which suits the farmers. This Stove has long been their favorite, is heavy and never breaks. We will warrant it one year. Can be had at BRANDRIFF'S.

OAKLEY & SON,

(SUCCESSORS TO OAKLEY & FRENCH,)

MANUFACTURERS OF

Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Ware,

AND DEALERS IN

STOVES, HOLLOW-WARE, &c.

No. 79 COLUMBIA STREET,
FORT WAYNE.

FORT WAYNE
MERCANTILE INSTITUTE.

Phoenix Block cor. Main & Calhoun Sts Ft. Wayne Ia

THE PRINCIPAL of this Institution, from past experience and success as a Teacher and Practical Book Keeper, has no hesitation in saying that the facilities here afforded to young men for qualifying themselves for the counting room, and various other mercantile pursuits are unsurpassed by any similar institution in the Union.

The course of instruction is thorough and practical, embracing Book-keeping by single and double Entry, and its application to every department of trade, as now practised by the most accomplished and experienced accountants (taught on an entirely new and successful plan, enabling the student to become much more sufficient, in less time than any other plan,) Commercial law, Mercantile Correspondence, Commercial calculation, Practical and Ornamental Penmanship, &c.

The system of Penmanship adopted in this institution is unrivaled, giving a free and easy use of the hand and pen, thereby enabling the student to effect any style of writing. Young ladies and gentlemen desirous of qualifying themselves for teachers, will save much time and expense by securing this system, taught in no other institution in the West.

The thorough and extensive course of Instruction, combined with the elegance, beauty and convenience of the rooms, the highly qualified teachers, and pleasant and healthy location, renders this the most attractive institution to all who may desire an accomplished commercial education.

Being impressed with the necessity of Ladies acquainting themselves more thoroughly with business transactions, the Principal has fitted up apartments with neatness, elegance and convenience, expressly for them.

The ladies Department is entirely separate from the male, having separate entrances from the street, and will remain permanently conected with the institution.

Students are taught individually, and not in classes; therefore they can enter at any time, and advance in the ratio of their capacity.

TUITION:

For full Commercial Course, including Practical Penmanship	$25,00
For same with Ornamental Penmanship	35,00

☞ Catalogues sent on application.

C. J. DIETRICH, Prin.

Ft. Wayne, Feb. 16. tt—33

FOR SALE.

I OFFER for sale on liberal terms of payment:

LOTS 11 and 12 in block 24, Ewing's Addition, (my late residence), price $3,000.

Also the middle 20 feet (adjoining Mr. F. Nirdlinger's) of lot 540, Hanna's addition. Price $1,000.

82 Acres of Land, 1½ mile from town, adjoining James Embry's farm on the south, and Simon Edsall's farm on the west; 40 acres are well cleared and fenced. Price $1,000.

80 Acres of Land near the Piqua Road, 2½ miles from Fort Wayne, 8 acres cleared, the balance well timbered. Price $2 000.

The above property is rapidly rising in value, and presents a rare opportunity for investment to persons desiring property in and near Fort Wayne.

I also offer for sale, in lots to suit buyers, Lots and Out-Lots in New Haven, and over 7,000 acres of valuable timbered and farming lands, on and near the Lake Erie, Wabash & St. Louis, and Tiffin & Fort Wayne Railroads, in the eastern part of Allen County.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON.

Fort Wayne, March 28, 1856. tt—39

A LITTLE MORE CIDER TOO—Just received 50 Barrels pure Sweet Cider from Ohio.

Dec. 1. DRAKE & BOURIE.

New and Direct Route

FROM

Fort Wayne to St. Louis,

Springfield, Naples, Decatur, and all points in the West.

TOLEDO, WABASH, & WESTERN RAILROAD

COMPLETED.

No change of Cars or Baggage between Fort Wayne and St. Louis.

ON and after Monday, December 1st, 1856, Trains will leave Fort Wayne as follows:

6 00 A M, New York and St. Louis Express.
5 05 P M., Mail Express.

Passengers by either of those trains go through to St. Louis without change of Cars, *an advantage not possessed by any on the route.* These trains make close connections at Danville, with Great Western Railroad, for *Springfield, Naples, Decatur, &c.*

The Railroad is built and equipped in the most thorough manner, and for SPEED AND COMFORT, is not exceeded by any route to St. Louis.

An Accommodation Train

will leave Fort Wayne at 3 30 A M, connecting at Peru with Morning Train of the Peru and Indianapolis Railroad, for Indianapolis, and at Indianapolis with *all the Roads leading from that point.*

GOING EAST—Trains will leave Fort Wayne at 3 40 A M and 12 30 P M., making close connections at Toledo with Trains of the Cleveland and Toledo Railroad, for *Cleveland, Dunkirk, Buffalo, Albany, New York and Boston*

☞ FREIGHT TRAINS run daily between Fort Wayne, Danville and Toledo.

GEO H FURROWS, Gen Sup't.

Fort Wayne, Dec. 6, 1856.

JOSEPH W. ROBB. JUDSON McCOMB.

J. W. ROBB & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merchants,

39 *Columbia street,*

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

RESPECTFULLY invite the attention of Merchants, Druggists, Grocers, Hotel Keepers, &c, to our large and general assortment of

GROCERIES.

Also, a full stock of

Liquors, Wines, & Segars.

All of which we are prepared to sell at New York Jobbing Prices, with the addition of the Transportation.

N. B. All kinds of Produce and Merchandise sold on Commission.

☞ Consignements solicited and prompt returns guaranteed.

y50 J. W. ROBB & Co.

The Cheap Boot & Shoe Store

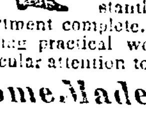
No. 2 Phoenix Block, Calhoun Street,

(KNOWN AS JACOBS' SHOE STORE.)

THE subscribers having bought out the stock of Mr. Jacobs, and received in addition a large new supply, offer for sale a general assortment of

BOOTS & SHOES

At very low Prices.



The Stock includes all the newest and most seasonable styles, from the best eastern manufactories.

Additional supplies will be constantly received, so as to keep the assortment complete.

Being practical workmen themselves, they give particular attention to

Home Made & Custom Work

and can warrant their articles to be well and faithfully made, and of the best materials.

Calf and Kip Boots, Stogies, Brogans, and Ladies wear of all kinds,

kept on hand or made to measure.

VORDERMARK & Co.

May 30, 1856 y—48

NETTLEHORST & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware

AND DEALERS IN

Stoves, Hollow Ware, &c.

Shop and Store Room one door north of H B. Reed's Drug Store, Calhoun st., Fort Wayne.

C. & B. NETTLEHORST, late of the establishment of W. Oakley, having formed a partnership under the above style and in the above line of business, would most respectfully call the attention of the public to their new relations with the business part of Fort Wayne, and assure all those (and we hope they are many) who want anything in their line, that they are on hand to serve them in any thing

From a Tin Roof down to a Tin Cup.

Their ware is all manufactured by their own hands and out of the best material, so that they can safely warrant every article made by them. Their

COOK AND PARLOR STOVES

Also of the latest improvement and newest style, are manufactured from the very best quality of metal.—They are from the celebrated foundries of Troy, N Y, a recommendation which in addition to a determination to sell them as low as can be possibly afforded will, they trust, ensure them a ready sale.

Repairing done on the shortest notice.

Aug 23, 1856. y 8

Wayne Engine & Car Works

FORT WAYNE.

THE Subscribers, Proprietors of the above Works, manufacture

STATIONARY ENGINES.

Railroad Cars, Machinery,

Agricultural Implements & Castings,

of every description.

They call special attention to their *Stationary Engines.* Having adopted the latest and best improvements, and using the best material and the greatest care in their manufacture, their Engines are regarded as the most superior in use. They furnish to order

Engines of any required power and size,

for *Flour and Saw Mills, or Machine Shops.*

Their Works situate adjoining the Railroad Depots, with immediate connection with the Canal, enable them to deliver work with facility and dispatch.

JONES, BASS, & Co.

March 8 h, 1856.

5,000 Gallons STONEWARE, wholesale and retail at manufacturer's prices.

H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

BOSTICK & BOLMAN

HAVE just received at their new store, No. 98 Columbia street (directly opposite their old stand) a large and excellent stock of

Fall and Winter Clothing,

Consisting of every variety of Coats, Pants, Vests, and under cloting, finer and better than was ever brought to this market. They have also a general assortment of

Piece Goods

Which they will make to measure on the most reasonable terms, and warrant to fit every time.

They have also a large stock of

Calicoes, De Laines and Muslins

and Dress Goods of every description that they will sell very soon at wholesale or retail.

Fort Wayne, Sept. 13.

CHLORIDE of Lime and Coloride of Soda, at *Apothecaries Hall,* 61 Columbia st.

HONEY SOAP.—A large lot of this popular soap; also an endless variety of Toilet Soaps, at *Apothecaries Hall*

MARSH-MALLOW PASTE—Jujube Paste—Lemon, Rose, Banana, Pine-Apple-Liquorice, Hourhound, Wild-Cherry and Iceland Moss Gum Drops for sale at

Apothecaries Hall.

ONE HOTEL STOVE worth $90, for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

CARPETS—Ingrains, English, and Rag—cheapest ever sold in Fort Wayne.

H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

BARK! BARK!

WE will pay the following prices for any amount of WHITE BLACK or BURR OAK BARK delivered either at our Store on *Columbia street*, under the Telegraph office, or at our Tannery on the Feeder Canal:

White Oak, per Cord	....	$3 00
Black "	"	4 00
Burr "	"	2 00

Fort Wayne, April 19, 1856. H. C. GREY & Co.

GLASSWARE.

JUST received, a complete assortment of Glass Dirkes of the latest patterns. In connection with this, I have on hand a large assortment of QUEENSWARE, which will be sold cheap at No. 87 Columbia street. H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

GREAT BARGAINS!!

WE are offering all of our last year Barages, Barage DeLaines and Challies at a great sacrifice being determined to clear out every piece of old goods.

Barage DeLains worth 2s we will sell for 1s. Challies and Barages worth from 3s to 4s we sell for 20 cents; do do worth from 50 cts. to 5s we sell for 2s.

Now is the time to buy as we are disposing of them very rapidly. WM. T. ABBOTT.

April 25th, 1856.

ROBINSON'S
New Brick Store

At the Old Stand in Fort Wayne.

This Wholesale and Retail

Boot & Shoe Manufactory AND LEATHER STORE

IS the most extensive establishment of the kind in this part of the country.

My Retail Room

is spacious and well filled, from the styles of the White Satin, Bronze, French Kid, and Toilet Slipper, to the FANCY GAITER and STOGA BOOT.

Merchants & Shoe Dealers

can be supplied as low as they can buy of Eastern Jobbing Houses, as I purchase direct from the Manufacturers in Eastern Villages, where the Jobbers buy their stock; and when my own

HOME MADE WORK

is added to the Eastern, a better stock is furnished.

Also: Sole Leather, Upper, Calf Skins, Kip Skins, Linings, Bindings, Lasts, Pegs and Findings.

Cash paid for Hides & Skins

JAMES H. ROBINSON.

Fort Wayne, Ind, Dec 26, 1855.

NEW CARPETINGS.

THE largest and best selected stock of Woolen Carpets ever opened in Fort Wayne may be found at the Boston Dry Goods Store, 95 Columbia street. WM. T. ABBOTT.

FORT WAYNE
STEAM BOILER WORKS,

N. McLACHLAN & Co.,

Proprietors, Fort Wayne, Ind,

THE above extensive establishment having just gone into operation is prepared to do all kinds of BOILER WORK, such as

High and Low Pressure Boilers,

of all sizes and descriptions,

LARD TANKS, SMOKE STACKS, WATER TANKS, &c., &c.

in a thorough and expeditious manner.

From the twenty years experience of N. McLachlan in the above business, the last three of which were with Messrs Coopers and Clark, Mount Vernon, we feel confident that we can make it the interest of those wishing any thing in our line, to give us a call.

Old boilers bought and sold on the most favorable terms.

Repairs promptly attended to.

Fort Wayne, May 4th, 1855 y44

HARDWARE.

I AM now receiving one of the largest and best assorted stocks of heavy Hardware ever before brought to this market, consisting in part of Iron, Nails, Glass, &c. R. W. TAYLOR.

Fort Wayne, September 28.

10,000 GALLONS STONEWARE, at Old Lucky No. 8.

OHIO Box Stove—3 sizes of this Stove, at BRANDRIFF'S.

THREE sizes of Ten Plate Stoves, at BRANDRIFF'S.

10,000 Lbs. of SHEET IRON and Stove Pipe for sale at BRANDRIFF'S

BEST PREMIUM.—We have 5 sizes of these Stoves; they are truly what their name indicate. For sale nowhere but at BRANDRIFF'S.

COOK AND BOX STOVES, Potash and Sugar Keettles; Long's No. 4 Plows and Castings of every description for sale by

JONES, BASS & CO.

Fort Wayne, Jan. 18 1855. t125.

Steam Elevators,

Corner of Pearl street and Maiden Lane, FORT WAYNE.

PRATT & Co. having bought the Warehouse and Mill lately occupied by Little & McCulloch, are prepared to do a

Commission & Forwarding Business,

and will promptly attend to all goods and produce entrusted to them.

Superior FLOUR and CORN MEAL constantly on hand.

The highest price paid for Grain and all kinds of produce.

Fort Way 18th, 1855. y46

1855 1855

COMPARET, HUBBELL, & Co.,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

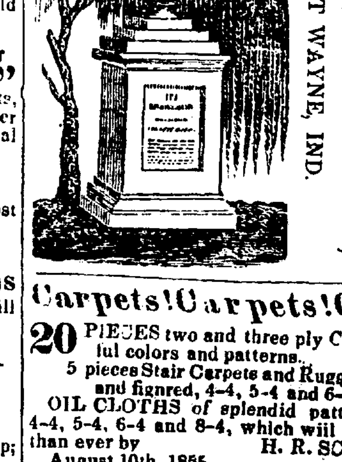
Receive and Forward Goods by the Ohio & Indiana Railroad, and Wabash & Erie Canal.

AGENTS for the ECKFORD LINE on the Wabash & Erie Canal; for the sale of E. & T. Fairbank's Scales; for the sale of Dupont's Powder; and also, for the Franklin Glass Works. Buyers, receivers and shippers of

Grain, Flour & Produce.

Their facilities for receiving and shipping goods are unsurpassed, if equalled, by any house in the State. Their Warehouse on the Canal, at the Railroad Depot, is furnished with superior Steam Elevators. June, 1855.

JAMES HUMPHREY'S



STEAM MARBLE, Free & Lime Stone Works,

On the Canal, near the Rockhill House,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

Carpets! Carpets! Carpets!!

20 PIECES two and three ply Carpets of beautiful colors and patterns.

5 pieces Stair Carpets and Ruggs Mattings, plain and figured, 4-4, 5-4 and 6-4.

OIL CLOTHS of splendid patterns and width, 4-4, 5-4, 6-4 and 8-4, which will be sold cheaper than ever by H. R. SCHW

August 10th, 1855.

---

500 Lbs. SAD IRON for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

TIN Plate, Copper Bottom, and Wire, for sale at BRANDRIFF'S

SEVEN sizes Fluted Boxes Stoves; very cheap and heavy plated, at BRANDRIFF'S.

---

500 Lbs. BRASS KETTLES for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

Ironton Premium Cook Stove.

YOU will find six sizes of this excellent Stove of heavy plate, at BRANDRIFF'S.

Sept. 10.

ELEVATED OVEN.—This Stove we get manufactured for this market, out of HANGING ROCK and the only one made of the kind exclusively of that material in the United States; it has two fire-chambers is a quick baker, and is the best kind of a house warmer. We have a large quantity and can afford them low, considering the great weight and good quality, by BRANDRIFF.

KANSAS PARLORS.—3 sizes of this new and beautiful Parlor Stove, got up this season, and will carry off the palm. For sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

TIN and Japaned Ware.—A complete assortment of the very best quality, and the cheapest in the State. *All mending and jobbing done at* BRANDRIFF'

Summit City Factory,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

WE are prepared to Manufacture WOOL ON THE SHARE, and CARD, SPIN, FULL and DRESS CUSTOM CLOTH, promptly and in the best style.

Merchants are invited to examine our Stock of

WOOLEN GOODS,

as we are determined to sell a *Good Article* as low as can be purchased in the East. We have, also, a

Set of Machinery,

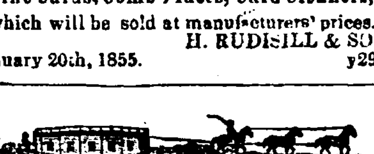
and an assortment of

Machine Cards, Comb Plates, Card Cleaners, &c.,

which will be sold at manufacturers' prices.

H. RUDISILL & SON.

January 20th, 1855. y29

1850.  1850.

J. E. HILL, A. M. ORBISON.

HILL & ORBISON,

(Successors to Hill, Orbison & Co.,)

Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS

FORT WAYNE, IA.

☞ *Liberal advances made on Produce.* ☜

REFERENCES:

E. Haskell & Co.,	Toledo.	Ayres & Tunis,	New York.
Smith, Robinson & Co.	"	Kent, Pong & Co.,	"
Collins, Brown & Co.	"	Kimberley, Pens & Co.	Buff
Peckham & Scott.	"	C. McKennell & Co.	Cincin
Field & King,	"	John Ranch,	Da
Kirk & Lawton,	Piqua, Ohio.	H. S. Mayo,	Troy.

Fort Wayne, September 16, 1848.

Indiana Six Hole Premium Cook Stove.

YOU will find two sizes of this stove, of heavy plate, and a good baker of beatiful design, at the sign of the Golden Stove.

THE IOWA.—This is a new Stove, just out, and is destined to meet with rapid sales in this city; it is every thing that is nice and good. The sight of it is sufficient. We have the exclusive sale of it; the price is low. Call at BRANDRIFF'S.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS!!

DOUBLE and Square Broche, do do Bay State, Waterloo, Northampton and Recedale of every description and price.

Also Gentlemen's HEAVY SHAWLS, new patterns, which are offered at very low prices at the Boston Dry Goods Store, by

Sept. 19. WM. T. ABBOTT.

Drake's City Express.

WILL deliver all Goods bought at the Emporium to any part of the City FREE OF CHARGE

WASH. M'LEAN. P. L. WEAVER.

WASH. M'LEAN, & Co.,

Boiler Makers,

And Dealers in Second Hand Boilers and Engines, *Congress Street, one door East of Ludlow,*

CINCINNATI, Ohio.

Constantly on hand an assortment of new and second-hand Boilers, which they will sell low or exchange for old ones. y—24

Harness Makers.

A SUPERIOR article of HARNESS BRIDLE, & COLLAR LEATHER, of our own manufacture for sale by H. C. GREY & Co

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1853 1853

FORT WAYNE
STEAM IRON WORKS.

JACOB C BOWSER. JOSEPH STORY.

BOWSER & STORY,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES,

Of every size and variety, for Saw and Grist Mills, Shops and Warehouses,

Railroad Cars, Car Wheels,

SAW AND GRIST MILL GEARING,

Thrashing Machines, Stove, Potash, & Sugar Kettles, Plows, Plow Shears, &c.,

and every other variety of Castings used in the western country, al. on the most improved style and pattern. We invite particular attention to our

SHORT STROKE ENGINES

and machinery for saw mills, which are the most simple, durable, economical, and easily managed of any built in this city, the saw dust and slabs supplying abundant fuel

Those wishing to purchase in our line will do well to give us a call (or address us by letter) as we are bound not to be beat in style and prices by any establisment in the country.

REPAIRS done with neatness and despatch.

Cash paid for old Castings and Brass.

Fort Wayne, October 20, 1853. y16

HUGH B. REED.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, and Dye Stuffs, Glassware Window Class, Putty, Paint and Varnish Brushes, Perfumery, Soap, and Fancy Articles, Surgical instruments, Tobacco, Cigars and snuffs Patent Medicines, Pure Wines and Brandies,

IS now receiving direct from the eastern cities, his Fall Stock, to which he invites the attention of dealers. Customers and physicians will always find at his establishment

Fresh & Unadulterated Medicines,

which he has selected with great personal care for this market.

His stock will be found as extensive as any other in the state, and his prices will compare with any other house in the west. Call and examine.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 9, 1852. H. B. R.

German Books.

FOR Sale at the Farmer's Depot, Bibles, Testaments, Hymn Book, Stark's Prayer Book, School Books, Kolrausch's History of the German Nation; Luther's Works, Erlanger's edition, 51 volumes, price $20; Wittenberger's edition, $15, Leipsic edition, $26.—Hirsahberger Bible, late edition, $4; Brockhaus' Conversations Lexicon, late edition, 16 volumes.—And a great variety of Literary and Theological Works.

These books are all fine editions, and imported direct from Germany. I have made such arrangements that I can procure any German Book desired, at the shortest notice.

April 28.

At the Mammoth Cave

Will be seen a large stock of

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, Hats & Caps,

And large assortment of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

and any quantity of NOTIONS just received and for sale low for cash by

Oct. 15. y 15 T. STAPLEFORD & Co.

DRIED FRUIT.

150 Bushels Dried Apples,
50 " " Peaches,

For sale at H. R. SCHWEGMAN

PAPER HANGINGS.

2000 ROLLS of elegant Paper Hangings just arrived in town and ready for inspection at the Boston Dry Goods Store, 75 Columbia St.

Sept. 19. WM. T. ABBOTT.

RUSSIA NAIL ROOD—500 bundles, 95 lbs. a just receivep at R. W. TAYLOR.

FRESH LEMONS, Raisins, Almonds, Nuts, Fruits, Confectionaries, &c. &c., for the Holidays. At the cheap Grocery and and Provision Store corner of Calhoun and Berry street.

Dec. 12. A G BARNETT.

YOUNG HYSON TEA

Worth 8s. a pound, for 56 cents.
Fine Gun Powder do, worth 7s, for 62½ cents.
and the very best Imperial do, worth $1 00 a pound for 6s, at 75 Columbia street.

Dec. 18, '56. WM. T. ABBOTT.

NEW GOODS.

No. 79 GRANITE STORE. **OAKLEY & SON,** No. 79 GRANITE STORE.

(SUCCESSORS TO OAKLEY & FRENCH.)

WOULD respectfully say to their friends and the public, that they are now receiving their Spring and Summer stock of Goods, which (they flatter themselves) is more complete than ever before offered in this market.

We have a very fine assortment of Table and Pocket

CUTLERY.

A superior stock of all kinds of Culinary ware.—A large supply of

HOUSE TRIMMINGS,

Locks, Latches, Butts, Screws, and all the little etceteries necessary to Trim a Cabin or Mansion.

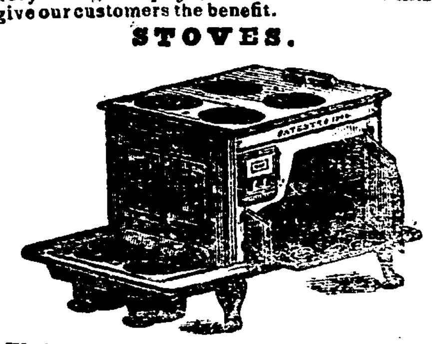
We would call the attention of Railroad Contractors to our stock of Shovels, Mattocks, Spades Crowbars, and many other implements in their line.

A good assortment of Carpenter's, Cooper's Blacksmith's and other tools of the newest styles, and most improved patterns. *Warranted.*

We have a large stock of best Cast Steel Hoes (Tuttle's genuine), Scythes, Cradles, and all other implements for farming kept in Hardware Stores.

We wish to assure our friends that our Stock is very large, *well* selected in view of *this market*, and purchased direct of the *manufacturers* or of the *importers.* In all cases we get our goods of *first* hands, hereby saving one *profit*, of which we are willing to give our customers the benefit.

STOVES.



We have received a fine assortment, and our supply will be kept up all summer.

We are prepared to supply Merchants with any quantity of

TIN-WARE

at short notice; and all orders for our goods will be put up with dispatch and correctness, at prices that will be advantageous to the purchasers.

We are prepared to do *all* kinds of Job, or House work in the Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron line. All work warranted.

April 14th, 1855.

JOHN ORFF S. LACEY.

EMPIRE MILLS,

AT ST. MARY'S AQUEDUCT,

FORT WAYNE.

THE subscribers having taken the Stone Mills, lately occupied by S. Edsall, are prepared to do a general Milling and Custom Business. Flour delivered in any part of the City free of charge. Orders can be left either at the Mill or at Orff's Store No. 3.

Corn Meal, Buckwheat Flour, Shipstuffs, and bran constantly on hand.

The highest Market Price paid for good sound Wheat.

ORFF & LACEY.

Feb 1, 1856. y—

I HAVE just received and offers for sale a good assortment of Buggy and seat Springs, at No 123 and 125, Columbia st. R. W. TAYLOR.

Dec. 12 1853,

OIL CLOTH CARPETING.

NEW Patterns just received and for sale by Sept. 19. WM. T. ABBOTT.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Iron, Nails and Glass.

First arrival of the season at the

GRANITE STORE

50 TONS IRON, which makes our assortment unusually large,
150 Kegs NAILS of all sizes, of the best brands.
100 Boxes GLASS, all sizes.

HOES AND FORKS.

150 Dozen Genuine Tuttle Steel Hoes.
50 " AMS and other SHOVELS

A large assortment of general Hardware is expected daily.

OAKLEY & SON'S is the place for country Merchants to assort up their Stocks, and no mistake.

April 14, 1855

NEW CARPETINGS,

20 PIECES new style all Wool Carpetings just received at the Boston Dry Goods Store, which gives us the best assortment ever offered in this market, and for sale at eastern prices by

April 25th. WM. T. ABBOTT.

UNION Box Stove—3 sizes new pattern, for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

GUNS! GUNS!

South side of **Columbia St.;** *three doors east of Clinton.*

SMITH & CO.,

Rifle and Pistol Manufacturers,

DEALERS in double and single barrel Shot Gun Revolvers and other Pistols, Powder, Shot, and Caps. Guns neatly repaired.

GUNSMITHS furnished with materials a *Low Prices.*

Store on south side Columbia street, three doors east of Clinton.

☞ *Increased Twist Target Rifles* made to order and warranted to perform according to the annexed scale:

At 100 yards, an average of	1	inch each shot.	
200 "	"	2½	"
300 "	"	5	"
400 "	"	8	"

SMITH & Co.

Aug. 27 y—8

TUBS, Buckets, Wood Bowls, Trays, Sugar Boxes Flour Buckets, Lard Kegs, Churns, Brooms Bird Cages, Cloth Baskets and Willow Waggons. ORFF'S.

F. F. F! BALTIMORE OYSTERS, in cans—fine, fat, and fresh—daily received at the Old Emporium.

DRAKE & BOURIE,

Saleratus! Saleratus!!

PURE Saleratus of the best Brands, in bbls. and hlf. barrels, or in any quantity to suit the trade, can be had at all times, at the lowest market price, of WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

April 14. No. 85 Columbia St., Fort Wayne.

J. & C. ORFF,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware Glasware, Cutlery, &c., &c.,

No. 3 Phoenix Blok, Columbia st.,

FORT WAYNE.

H. R. SCHWEGMAN,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware & Queensware,

No. 87 Columbia Street,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA,

H. C. GREY & CO.

HAVING their **TANNERY** completed and in full operation, are now receiving at their store, corner of Columbia and Clinton streets, under the Telegraph office, a full assortment of

Eastern and Imported Leather

FINDINGS, SHOE THREADS, &c.,

which they offer for sale at reasonable price.

As they give their exclusive attention to the leather and finding business, they hope to be able to give complete satisfaction. Country orders promptly filled. All articles ordered may be returned at our expense if not satisfactory.

☞ HIDES wanted at the Highest Market Price

Sept. 10, 1853. y10pd.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

VOL. 17—No 34 FORT WAYNE, INDIANA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1857. WHOLE No 1237

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE.—*Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, Third Story, opposite P. Kiser.*

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum, in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.
No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher.
Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten lines for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.
A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch, and on the most reasonable terms.

Insurance Agency.

The subscriber having received the Agency of the

Ætna Insurance Company

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

IS prepared to issue policies on the most favorable terms. This Company has a Capital Stock of

$300,000,

All paid and well invested, and is one of the oldest and most responsible Companies in the Union.
JOHN HOUGH, Jr.
Fort Wayne, Oct. 30, 1851. y17.

GIRARD
Fire & Marine Insurance Co,
OF PHILADELPHIA,
CAPITAL HALF A MILLION.
One of the most reliable Companies in the Union.

THE undersigned is now prepared to issue policies for this Company, at moderate rates. This is the only Agency in the West.
E. F. COLERICK, *Agent*,
FORT WAYNE, IND.,
[Is also Agent for the *New England Live Stock Insurance Co.*]
December 15, 1854. 24

General Insurance Agency,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
Ætna Fire & Mar Insurance Co.,
Hartford, Connecticut.—Capital $500,000.
MERCHANTS FIRE & MARINE INS. Co
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania—Capital $100,000
STAR FIRE & MARINE INS. Co.
Ogdensburgh, N.Y.—Capital $150,000.
The above Companies have all their capital paid in, and have complied with all the conditions of the late Act of the Legislature relating to Foreign Insurance Companies, thus affording ample guarantees to the insured.
HOUGH & JONES. *Agents.*
May 17th, 1855. y46

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

HOUGH & JONES, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, will attend to all legal business entrusted to their care, and will give special attention to the collecting and securing of debts throughout the State.
OFFICE—Calhoun street.

L. M. NINDE, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.
OFFICE—Corner of Calhoun and Pearl streets, under the Sentinel Office.

WM. W. CARSON, Attorney and Counsellor at Law
OFFICE—On Calhoun street, one door south of P. Kiser's (second story).

F. P. RANDALL, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery.
OFFICE—Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store.

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jun., Attorney and Counsellor at Law, will attend to the Collection, Adjustment or Securing of Debts, the payment of taxes, purchase and sale of lands, and examination of titles in any part of Indiana.
OFFICE—Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, under the Sentinel office.

W. S. SMITH. W. W STEEVENS.

SMITH & STEEVENS,
Attorneys at Laws,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
Collections made with fidelity and dispatch, and the proceeds promptly paid over.
Sale or purchase of Real Estate negotiated.
☞OFFICE—Over City Auction Store. 36

MEDICAL NOTICES.

Dr. C. S. Smith.

Office on Calhoun street, over Hill's Book Store.
Fort Wayne, July 7th. y—1

HOMŒOPATHY.

P. M. LEONARD, M. D., respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, as Homœopathic Physician and Surgeon. He may be found at the office of Dr. Brooks, on Calhoun street, in building north of Canal Bridge, at all times when not professionally engaged

To the Afflicted.

DR. M. FALOON'S Practice is confined entirely to all obstinate or critical diseases such as CANCERS, TUMORS, ULCERS, SCROFULA, SALT RHEUM, TETTER, ERYSIPELAS, KINGS EVIL, BARBER'S ITCH, SCALD HEAD FEVER SORES, PILES, KIDNEY DISEASES, LUMBAGO, DYSPEPSIA, CATARRH, FISLE OR FISTULA, CANKER OR NURSING SORE MOUTH, ETC, ETC.

All Diseases of the Eyes
Successfully treated.

His mode of treating CANCERS is by giving Medicine internal, to operate on the blood, and apply external Medicine, which separates the cancer from the good flesh, and consequently removes it out by the roots and without the use of any caustic medicine or surgical operation.
He has samples of Cancers removed by him, for any person to examine that wishes, which will convince any rational person that it is the only true method by which a permanent cure can be effected
Dr. F. will give references to hundreds of persons cured of the above diseases, through different parts of the United States.
Dr. M. FALOON has recently located in Fort Wayne, Ind.; Office and dwelling on corner of Clinton and Wayne streets.
Fort Wayne, Oct. 3, 1856. p6m13

Dr. Rogers.

OFFICE—Corner of Calhoun and Main street, at Wagoner's Drug Store.
Fort Wayne, Sept. 19, 1853. p6m21

A CARD FOR THE LADIES.

THE GREAT TURKISH PERIODICAL REMEDY—For the immediate removal of Obstructions, Irregularities, Prolapsus Uteri, (Falling of the Womb,) Leuchorrhea or Whites, &c &c
These Pills have never in a single instance failed in producing the menses. Too much cannot be said in their favor. No woman can enjoy good health when that particular part of her peculiar organization is deranged. Sickness at stomach, headace, languor, debility, pain in the head, side and back, loss of appetite, costiveness, &c., are some of the symptoms which attend irregular menstruation. As certain as time are these Pills to remove one and all of these symptoms.
Be sure and get the genuine, which has our signature on each box. These Pills may be had by addressing Dr. Sanfloy and Co., and enclosing $1; the Pills will be sent by return mail.
N. B.—Ladies whose health will not permit of an increase of family, will find these Pills a successful preventive.
Ladies who are pregnant should not use these Pills, as they are sure to bring on mis-carriage, though no injury to health would follow. Address,
DR. SANFLOY & CO.,
Cincinnati, Ohio.
Feb. 6, 1857. tf—32

Carter's Spanish Mixture.
THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD!
THE BEST ALTERATIVE KNOWN
Not a Particle of Mercury in it!

An infallible remedy for Scrofula, King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Boils, Ague and Fever, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ringworm or Tetter, Scalded head, Enlargment and pain of the Bones and Joints, Salt Rheum, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Disorders, and all diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Imprudence in Life, or Impurity of the Blood.

This great alterative Medicine and Purifier of the Blood is now used by thousands of grateful patients, from all parts of the United States, who testify daily to the remarkable cures performed by the greatest of all medicines, "*Carter's Spanish Mixture*" Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Eruptions of the Skin, Liver Disease, Fevers, Ulcers, Old Sores, Affection of the Kidneys, Diseases of the Throat, Female Complaints, Pains and Aching of the Bones and Joints, are speedily put to flight by using this inestimable remedy.
For all diseases of the Blood, nothing has yet been found to compare with it. It cleanses the system of all impurities, acts gently and efficiently on the Liver and Kidneys, strengthens the Digestion, gives tone to the stomach, makes the skin clear and healthy, and restores the Constitution enfeebled by disease or broken down by the excess of youth, to its pristine vigor and strength.
For the DISEASES OF FEMALES it is peculiarly applicable, and wherever it has become known, is regularly prescribed with the happiest effects It invigorates the weak and debilitated, and imparts elasticity to the worn-out frame, clears the skin, and leaves the patient fresh and healthy; a single bottle of this inestimable remedy is worth all the so-called Sarsaparillas in existence.
The large number of certificates which we have received from persons from all parts of the United States, is the best evidence that there is no humbug about it. The press, hotel keepers, magistrates, physicians, and public men, well known to the community, all add their testimony to the wonderful effects of this *Great Blood Purifier*.
Call on the Agent and get an Almanac, and read the details of astonishing cures performed by *Carter's Spanish Mixture*, (in most cases where every thing else has signally failed) The limits of an advertisement will not admit their full insertion.
WM. S BEERS & CO, PROPRIETORS,
No. 304 Broadway, New York.
To whom all orders must be addressed.
For sale by Druggists and Country Merchants in all parts of the United States and the Canadas, and by H B REED, and WALL & MEYER, Fort Wayne; P HELLER & SON, Heller's Corners; D S DANTON, Perry; SNYDER & TALBOT, Zanesville; J BEACHGOOD, Maysville. 1,11

DOCTOR HOOFLAND'S
CELEBRATED
GERMAN BITTERS,
PREPARED BY
Dr. C. M. JACKSON, Philadelphia, Pa.
Will effectually cure
Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Jaundice,
Chronic or Nervous Debility. Diseases of the Kidneys and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach

Such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach Swimming of the Head, Hurried and difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choaking or suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots of webs before the sight, Fever and dull pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant imagining of evil and Great depression of spirits.

THE proprietor in calling the attention of the public to this preparation, does so with a feeling of the utmost confidence in its virtues and adaptation to the diseases for which it is recommended.
It is no new and untried article but one that has stood the test of a ten year's trial before the American people, and its reputation and sale is unrivalled by any similar preparations extant. The testimony in its favor given by the most prominent and well known Physicians and individuals in all parts of the country is immense, and a careful perusal of the Almanac published annually by the proprietor, and to be had gratis of any of its Agents, cannot but satisfy the most skeptical that this remedy is really deserving the great celebrity it has obtained.
Principal Office and Manufactory,
No. 96 ARCH street, Philadelphia, Pa.
For sale by Druggists and Country Merchants in all parts of the United States and the Canadas, and by H. B. Reed & Co., and Wall & Meyer, Fort Wayne; P. Heller & Son, Heller's Corners; D. J. Danton, Perry, Snyder & Talbot, Zanesville; J. Beachgood, Maysville. 1y11

DR. J. HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED
STOMACH BITTERS

IS a sure cure for Dyspepsia—will remove all Flatulency and Heaviness from the Stomach—keep you free from Costiveness, assist Digestion, give a good Appetite, and impart a healthy tone to the whole system. It is a certain preventive of
Fever and Ague.
For sale by all the principal Druggists, and HOSTETTER, SMITH & CO, Sole Manufacturers and Proprietors, No. 267 Penn st., Pittsburgh.

☞CAUTION.☜
Carefulness should be our study, but more particularly when the health is at stake. Since these Bitters have, from their medical qualities, become so popular, there have been a great many concoctions called Stomach Bitters, and often represented to be the same in virtue as Dr. Hostetter's, palmed upon the public. Be careful of these villainous compounds! Our Bitters are put up in square quart bottles, and covered with the patent metallic cap, stamped "Hostetter's Stomach Bitters," and Dr J Hostetter blown on the glass. All others are imitation.
For sale, at Fort Wayne, by
J. D WERDEN & CO, WALL & MEYER,
H. B. REED, H. G. WAGNER.
Sept 13, 1856 y11

PURIFY THE BLOOD.
Moffat's Life Pills
AND
PHŒNIX BITTERS,
FREE FROM ALL MINERAL POISONS.

THE great popularity which *Moffats Life Pills* and *Phœnix Bitters* have attained, in consequence of the extraordinary cures effected by their use renders it unnecessary for the proprietor to enter into a particular analysis of their medicinal virtues or properties Having been more than twenty years before the public, and having the united testimony of more than *Three Millions* of persons who have been restored to the enjoyment of perfect health by them, it is believed that their reputation as the best vegetable medicine now before the public, admits of no dispute In almost every city and village in the United States there are many who are ready to testify to their efficacy in removing disease, and giving to the whole system renewed vigor and health
In cases of SCROFULA, ULCERS, SCURVY or ERUPTIONS of the skin, the operation of the Life Medicines is truly astonishing, often removing in a few days every vestige of these loathsome diseases, by their purifying effects on the blood. FEVER and AGUE, DYSPEPSIA, DROPSY, PILES, and in short most all diseases, soon yield to their curative properties No family should be without them, as by their timely use much suffering and expense may be saved.
Prepared by WILLIAM B. MOFFAT, M. D.,
New York.
And for sale by WALL & MEYER. y17

WALL PAPER.

C. L. HILL is now receiving a large and beautiful assortment of Wall Paper and Bordering of the latest and richest patterns.
June 28, 1856.

A FULL stock of QUEENSWARE, from a common sett of Tea for 25 cents, to a China Tea sett at $20, at ORFF'S.

PRINTING INK.

JUST received at HILL'S BOOK STORE, a full supply of Lightbody's celebrated News Ink—in 25lb; 30lb and 60lb kegs.
Calhoun street, Dec. 1856.

ROCKHILL HOUSE,
By PHILO RUMSEY,
Corner of Broadway and Main Streets,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
January 20th, 1855. y26

HEDEKIN HOUSE,
Barr Street, near Columbia,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

THE underrigned having leased the above well known House for a term of years, respectfully inform the public, that they have refitted and furnished the same anew, and intend it shall not be surpassed by any House in the West.
CALVIN ANDERSON,
JOHN J. KNOX.
☞Omnibus to convey Passengers to and from the Packets and Cars without charge y46

MAYER HOUSE,
Formerly Palo Alto
H. B. GARTIN Proprietor,
FORT WAYNE, IND.,
Corner of Wayne and Calhoun Streets.
☞Omnibus to convey passengers to and from the Cars. y2

NEW GOODS

THIS day opened at the Boston Dry Goods Store. No 75 Columbia street, a large lot of
New Style De Laines, Prints, and other Dress Goods.
Sept. 12, 1856. WM. T. ABBOTT.

New Fall Goods
At Old No. 3.

J. & C. ORFF are now receiving a new and general assortment of
Fall and Winter Goods
of the latest styles and best quality.
As they will be sold very low, buyers will find it to their interest to call and make their purchases at the far-famed cheap No. 3,

Call and see them!
GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE
Invite the public to examine their new stock of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS
which in point of beauty, style, and quality, will be found at least equal to any in the city; and an examination of the prices will satisfy all that to cheapness they are a little ahead of all competition
They have also a full supply of the choicest fresh
Family Groceries.
October 10th, 1856.

More Goods!
H. R. SCHWEGMAN has got a tremendous stock of
NEW GOODS
to which he invites public attention. He is too busy opening them and attending the great rush of customers to write a long advertisement this week. Further particulars hereafter,
Oct. 4th

J. PIERR,
No. 1 Phœnix Block, Calhoun Street,

HAS received large additions to his stock from the eastern markets, and now offers to the public a general and full assortment of
FALL & WINTER GOODS,
Groceries, Queensware, &c.
Which he will sell at the lowest rates.
Buyers are requested to call and examine, and satisfy themselves that this is the truth
Oct. 4th,

DENTAL DEPOT.
61 Columbia St, Fort Wayne, Ind.

The subscriber has just received a large stock of ARTIFICIAL TEETH from the celebrated manufacturers Orum and Armstrong, Phil. consisting of Gum teeth, single and entire sets; Plain and Pivot Teeth; Gold and Tin-Foil of superior quality Also, shall be receiving Dental Instruments, Crucibles, &c.
J. U. WINSLOW,
Aug. 16th. 61 Columbia street

CARIER & WEHMER,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c.,

ARE now opening at the corner of Calhoun and Canal streets, two doors north of H. B. Reed's, on the Canal, and will keep constantly on hand a large stock and each variety of articles in their line, and of the best quality, both foreign and domestic, to which they would call the particular attention of both the city and country trade.
CHEAP PRICES!
Please give us a call.
y 35 CARIER & WEHMER.

ORGAN, PIANO FORTE,
—AND—
Musical Instrument
MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber has commenced the manufacture of Organ, Piano Fortes and other Musical Instruments, in the 2nd story of the building in Clinton Street two doors south of Hamilton's Bank, where he will be happy to accommodate all who need any thing in his line. All kinds of repairs promptly and tended to, and warranted to give satisfaction
Pianos and Melodeons Tuned,
and no charge made unless the parties are fully satisfied. Violins, Guitars, &c., repaired.
Umbrellas and Parasols neatly repaired, and all kinds of Jobbing done.
HENRY WARTENSLEBEN.
June 20, 1856. 6m51

HUMPHREY & HURD,
Carpenters and Joiners,

HEREBY give notice to their friends and all whom it may concern, that they manufacture to order at their shop, nearly opposite the Rockhill House *Doors, Blinds Window Sash*, and all other kinds of work usually in their line of business. Having the most extensive assortment and the very best of machinery driven by steam of any establishment in this vicinity, they are prepared to execute all orders with dispatch and at the lowest prices. Give us a call.
Fort Wayne, April 11th, 1856. y11

BLINDS AND SASH
CHEAPEST AT HOME.

MAKERS of *Blinds* in Toledo and other places, and their agents here represent their work *cheaper* than any made here. To those in want of such articles we would say we are prepared to furnish BETTER WORK at prices that will compare *all the time* with any made abroad, and respectfully invite a call. HUMPHREY & HURD
Fort Wayne, April 11th, 1856. y41.

JOCQUEL & WEBER,
DEALERS IN
STOVES,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
Tin, Copper, Brass and Sheet Iron Ware,
At the new Tin Shop, Sign of the big Coffee Pot Calhoun St., opposite the Auction Room,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
Spouting, Troughing, and all kinds of Job Work done to order y37

BONNETS—The largest and most tasty assortment, and cheapest, can be found at ORFF'S.

POETRY.

[*From the London Punch.*]

CRINOLINA.

Lesbia's skirt doth streaming fly,
But none observe how full it streameth;
Right and left the men go by,
But of remarking no one dreameth.
Bolder 'tis to dare put on
My Lina's skirts of extra sizes:
Light she seems, but every one
By unexampled bulk surprises.
Oh, my Crinolina dear,
My pavement-filling Crinolina,
Beauty lies
In moderate size,
My Tox in your's my Crinolina,

Lesbia's dress keeps out the cold,
Good-taste, good sense, all feel have graced it;
But Tox approval must withhold,
There's not a breadth of stuff in't wasted!
Oh, my Lina skirts for me.
That swells baloon-like on the breezes,
Letting every body see
How far stuff can go, if it pleases!
Yes my Crinolina dear,
My rustling, bell shaped Crinolina,
Taste in dress
Can't well be less!
Than you display, my Crinolina!

Lesbia had a waist refined,
But with mod'rate drapery round it,
Who can tell her hearts confined,
From breaking bounds, when Love hath found it.
Pillowed safe, my Lina's heart
Within her miles of skirts reposes,
Beyond the flight of Cupid's dart—
Poor Love quiet lost among the rows is,
Oh, my Crinolina dear,
Expansive and expensive Lina,
Waist less tight,
Skirts less a sight,
Indulge in, do, my Crinolina!

How Sandusky was saved from Famine.

Years agone, when the course of trade ran in a counter direction to what we now behold owing to a severe drouth, the City of Sandusky underwent all the horrors of a protracted famine The water on the bar at the mouth of the Bay was so low that vessels were unable to reach the port, and as there was no land transportation at that time which could be relied upon in a case of sudden emergency, it appeared as if providence had forsaken the place entirely, and that its inhabitants must soon perish. For days weeks their stock of provisions had been gradually disappearing, until soon all was gone, and their only reliance was upon the few fish which they were enabled to obtain from the waters of the Bay, and an occasional meager supply of game from the neighboring forest.

At the time of which we write the woods in that vicinity, and in fact throughout the Western reserve, were frequented by vast numbers of wild hogs, which obtained a beautiful subsistence and grew fat on the *shack* which everywhere abounded. These hogs were doubtless estrays, but the spareness of the population in the interior, and the rapidity with which they multiplied, rendered them strangers to man and very shy of his presence During the drouth, of which mention has already been made, large droves of these animals wended their way to the lake near which they continued to remain. Sandusky Bay in particular was a favorite place of resort for them, in the waters of which they were accustomed to wallow after slaking their thirst. Those who are acquainted with the locality of which we speak, will remember the annoyance to which the early settlers were exposed in the shape of fine red sand which covered the beach, and which, in times of high wind, was not only exceedingly troublesome, but dangerous. Thousands of hogs, in consequence of frequenting this spot, became totally blind; but still, with all the cunning which belongs to this perverse race in their natural state, they continued to elude the hunters.

One day when the famine in the city was at its height, and when it was apparent that even the strongest must succumb, Joe B——took down his gun and resolved to make a last effort to rescue his wife and little ones from a fate the most horrible of which the mind has any conception. All day long had their suken eyes and shriveled hands implored him in vain for bread—and alas he knew to well that not within the whole city was there a mouthful to be had, though he were to offer in exchange thrice its weight in gold.— Nerved to desperation by this reflection, but still with feeble steps, he took his way to the forest, resolved not to return with relief in some shape. For a long time he hunted in vain, traversing miles of weary pathway, without so much as seeing a single evidence of animated nature, until he was on the point of yielding to despair.— At this moment a noise as of approaching footsteps, attracted his attention, and he paused, with every faculty rendered keen by hunger to listen. Nearer and nearer came the tramping, and just as Joe, to screen himself from observation, took shelter behind a tree, a wild hog emerged from a thicket, advancing directly towards him, followed immediately by another still. The hunter, trembling with anxiety and excitement, raised his gun, but suddenly paused in astonishment at the singular phenomenon before him. The drove (for drove there was) was approaching him in Indian file, and headed directly for the Bay. *The second hog held in his mouth the tail of the first, the third of the second, and so on*, to the number of sixty and upwards, each was holding fast to the candal appendage of his predecessor, and all were being led by the foremost of the drove, and he, being the only one that could see was thus conveying his afflicted companions

The hunter comprehended the scene in a moment, and instantly decided upon his course.— Raising the gun deliberately, he fired, and severed the tail of the leader close to the roots. His affrighted leadership, with a loud squeal, bounded into the thicket and disappeared, while his blind companions came to a dead halt. Joe quickly divested himself of his boots and crept stealthly up to the first of the band, which stood quietly holding in his mouth the amputated tail of his former conductor. This the hunter seized and commenced gently pulling upon it First one hog started, then another, until soon, like a train of cars, all were in motion, and without pausing to rest for a single instant, Joe led them quietly into a huge pen near his residence, where they were soon killed, and the city was saved.

A Pair of Bridal Hits.—We find the following items floating around loose in the papers, and unite them as worthy each other's society.

At a wedding the other day, one of the guests who is often a little absent minded, observed, gravely: "I have frequently remarked of late, that there have been more women than men married this year."

The following atrocity was committed by an old bachelor in Wisconsin who is an editor:

Why is a bridegroom more expensive than the bride? Because the bride is always *given* away, while the bridegroom is usually *sold*.

Shawnee Bank.—The liabilities of this "legitimate institution," as reported by Joseph Poole, Esq., one of the assignees, amount, to about $25,000; and the means on hand to liquidate the same, only $2,000. After expenses of winding the thing up, she will probably pay to her creditors less than ten cents on the dollar, while her bills issued are entirely worthless. Rather a sound institution, that.—*Covington Friend.*

The Securities of the Late Auditor Talbott.

Mr. Talbott gave two bonds for the faithful performance of his duties; one for $10,000, with ample securities, it is said, to "faithfully discharge the duties of the office of the State of Indiana, according to law," and the other for $25,000, with good security, for the faithful performance of his duties under an act, entitled, "An act to amend an act to authorize and regulate the business of general banking," passed March 3d 1855, as rebuired by the fifth section of said act.

As neither the Gramercy or Shawnee Banks deposited securities for the redemption of their issues under the amended act stated above, there is no liability on the part of the securities of Mr. Talbott upon the $25,000 bond. The securities are liable on the first named bond for $10,000 for the misapplication by Mr. Talbott of the securities of the Gramercy and Shawnee Banks, which will be equal to about 23 per cent. on their issues. This is the only security the bill holders have for the redemption of notes of these Banks.

The family of Mr. Talbott is, we understand, wealthy, amply so to redeem all the out-standing notes of these Banks without inconvenience, but we learn that he has little or no property in his own name, which can be reached for his liabilities. We state these facts in answer to the numerous enquiries made of us about the situation of these Banks and the liability of Mr. Talbott. At the time of the failure of the Banks it was expected that Mr. Talbott would feel it incumbent upon him, as a man of honor, to make good the mis-application, on his part, of the bonds deposited with him for the security of the bills of these Banks, but we fear that public expectation will be disapointed in that respect, and that the community will have to pocket the loss occasioned either by his indiscretion, credulousness, or want of sagacity.—*State Sentinel.*

How Members of Congress are Made.

Marshal, of Kentucky, in a speech in Congress, a few days ago, took occasion to unbosom himself of a good deal of bitterness toward editors generally, and to speak very disparingly of the entire newspaper press of the country. The Louisville Journal thus takes him off:

"We like Dr Marshall very well, but his being a member of Congress gives him no right to sneer at editors as a class. To be sure, editors can afford to be sneered at by members of Congress, but members of Congress, considering how they are generally, can ill afford to sneer at them. When William Penn, the Governor of Pennsylvania, was traveling in a portion of the State where he was not known, a fellow, in whose presence the Quaker Governor presumed to wear his hat, exclaimed with an air of offended dignity, 'Sir, I would have you know that I am a justice of the peace.' 'Well, friend,' said the Governor, in his quiet way, '*I make such things as thee.*'

That's so. The newspapers *make* just "such things" as members of Congress. The St. Louis Republican adds its testimony to that of the Journal, as follows:

"The M. C.'s, when they get to Congress, soon forget who made them—who gave them name and position and a Representative character—who in short, in many instances, convert very inferior materials into what are, for the time, 'honorable gentlemen.' Some blame does lie at the door of the partizan press for the indifference with which they have taken up, and carried the elections of men not worthy of so high a place—and it will be well if the same press shall hereafter exercise some discrimination in the advocacy of men for such responsible stations — 'Whatever members of Congress may say to the contrary, the press of this country stands upon a respectable a footing as, and has more influence than, the majority of that body.'

The Dead Alive—An Extraordinary Murder Case.—Our City Hall has been crowded to its utmost capacity during the last few days by an excited and deeply interested crowd of listeners to the Brownstown murder case Much sympathy was felt for the prisoners—three elderly ladies—as the the examination of the witnesses elicited suspicious appearances and circumstantial evidence of a condemnatory character.— Some blood was proved to have been found about the house, some out of doors, some human hair, and some boarps knocked off the barn.— Also, bones supposed to be human were found in the ashes barrel. All this tended to prove that a crime of the blackest dye had been committed; and what rendered conviction a certainty was the fact that a little pedlar had strayed from the fraternal care of his brother, and had not been heard from in a week. Excitement had reached its highest pitch. The pedlar's brother had identified a piece of cloth on the premises as belonging to his brother's vest. The bones, notwithstanding the assertions of the doctors that they belonged to a sheep's hind leg, were believed to be the remains of the pedlar, and the hair was appropriated for the same personage, though it had been maliciously whispered around that they came from the appendage of a male cow. The council were about summing up the case with all their well-known ability, when a little Dutchman (the pedlar) who had stood with his hands in his pockets a quiet spectator of the scene, stepped forth and protested against any such liberties being taken with his affairs, declaring that he had neither been slaughtered nor burnt up, and, as to being dissolved into the small show of sheep bones and horse-hair which the table before him afforded, he felt indignant at the idea.

Of course we shall not attempt to describe the delight of the spectators, the consternation of the learned council, or the amazement of the judge, at the summary winding up of the beautiful case which had been made out; but we will confidently assert that the scene was rich.—*Detroit Free Press, 8th inst.*

Startling Disclosure of Embezzlement of Railroad Bonds.—We learn with regret that a most embarrassing disclosure was made at the meeting of the Henderson and Nashville Railroad Company on the 15th instant, that threatens to embarrass and interrupt the progress of this road At the meeting it was divulged, for the first time, that nearly $600,000 of the bonds of the Company had been misapplied by the Company's agent in London. The bonds were issued three years ago, and carried by the then President of the Company to London for negotiation Not succeeding to his wishes at that time, they were left in the hands of an agent, brother of the Chief Engineer of the road, to be negotiated under the direction, and on such terms as should first be approved by the Company, for iron for the road. It appears this agent, in gross violation of his trust, used a part of the bonds in the purchase of a steamship, or some other vessel, for the avowed purpose of freighting the iron that should be bought for the Company. This vessel he chartered to go to the Crimea, and she was lost on the voyage, and as it would appear without insurance. When called to an account, he alleged the vessel was the Company's, and the the loss theirs. What amount of the bonds were used in this transaction is not known, or what has become of the balance of them, has not yet been discovered, as no satisfactory account can be obtained from him of their disposition. The correspondence with him has been very unsatisfactory.—*Louis Journal of Jan 26.*

Appalling Disaster.

Railroad Train Plunging into DuPage River—Seven Car-loads of Horses Submerged—Three Lives Lost.

The recent heavy rains, washing away embankments, occasioning slides, undermining ties, and sweeping away bridges, have been the cause of delays, and much hard swearing, of failures to make connections and detentions of the mails, and a general derangement of the rail and lines in Illinois and Missouri. If this were all, we be glad. On the Chicago and Rock Island Road, as it crosses the Du Page River, five miles from Joliet, the heavy rains of Friday had swollen the river till it overflowed its banks, covered the bottom and submerged the track on both sides of the bridge. A freight train, consisting of the locomotive, tender and seven cars loaded with horses, approached this river on Saturday. The engineer, ignorant of any obstruction and confident in the firmness and safety of the road, though covered with water, held on his way, plowing through a stream two feet deep, guided by the iron track, until he reached the bridge, when the appalling fact was revealed that the swollen river had not only submerged the bridge, but swept it away! Locomotive, tender, seven cars with their freight of horse, one after another, disappeared beneath the surface of the stream, deep enough, by reason of the freshet, to hide from view every vestige of the train. Down with it went all in charge of it, and three of them were lost. One human life destroyed overbalances the destruction of a thousand horses. But who can think, without a shudder, of those seven cars closely confining, beyond all hope of escape, their noble freight of horses? And who, without a thrill, can picture to his imagination the frantic death-struggles of those helpless animals, as with the falling train they took the fatal plunge, and amid gurling and inrushing waters, died, their cars of transportation proving their coffins, and their tomb!—*St. Louis Republican, Feb. 11.*

Seeds—A Humbug Exposed.—One of the various humbugs that are so extensively produced at the seat of our Federal Government, is the expenditure of large sums of money to purchase seeds, herbs and plants for distribution through the country by members of Congress, under their frank. It turns out that the seed and roots thus distributed are gross impositions, and many members of Congress have been greatly annoyed by the complaints of their constituents of the utter worthless, and, in many cases, of the noxious character of these horticultural and agricultural specimens. Honorable gentlemen, who thought they were strengthening themselves at home—making fast friends by such little attentions—have been disagreeably awakened from these pleasant delusions by the receipt of letters of of ironical thanks, or positive abuse, for imposing on unsuspecting farmers and gardeners the seeds of some pestilent weed or creepers, labeled with some high-sounding Latin or Greek name.

The venerable Judge Butler, Senator from South Carolina, got into a serious scrape by some of these little attentions: Having received several parcels of a new and very rare species of fruit of vegetable, labeled "Ground Almonds," he transmitted a quantity of them to his constituents who planted them in various parts of the State The seeds were in good condition, and germinated rapidly, coming up in the shape of a rich and luxuriant grass, which quickly spread over the whole country, choking and extinguishing all other plants, and carrying everything before it. The unfortunate recipients of this new Nessian shirt, discovered too late that their Senator had, under the name of "ground almonds," imposed on them the seed of that pestilent grass, the great terror of Southern planters, known as *coco*. Mr. Butler has had a very laborious and vexatious task in responding to the numerous letters of complaint from his constituents, in regard to what many of them consider a very sorry practical joke in a dignified official and elderly gentleman.—*Cin. Enq.*

The Davis and Scott Correspondence.—The long-talked-of correspondence between General Scott and Secretary Davis, in relation to the accounts of the former with the Government, of which so much has been said in Washington letters, has at last found into the public prints We anticipated, from the giving out, something spicy, in the way of personalities, in the letters of the two officials, but were perfectly astonished at the vulgar and low abuse with which they seem to be filled. If the telegraphic accounts are correct, we do not hesitate to say that the correspondence is most discreditable to both of the parties to it, as well as to the Government, in which they are high officials. It is much to be regretted that it ever saw the light, or its objection phrases, at least, ought to have been striken out before it was published. It is lamentable that men, holding such high positions as General Scott and Jefferson Davis, should have resorted to the language of billingsgate in their official intercourse with each other; and years hence, we are confident, it will be a source of regret to both. Unlike the Marcy correspondence, this not seem to have been enlivened by genteel and pungent sarcasm, for, in personalities, it is singularly coarse, rough and vulgar. We think it will be perused by the country with general regret and disgust.—*Cin. Enq.*

Got Enough of Him.—Lewis D. Campbell, of Ohio, was elevated to a seat in Congress through the influence of know-nothingism. He was a high-priest of that proscriptive organization, and was regarded by the order as one of their highest lights This opinion of him by "Americans" appears to have undergone a great change of late. The Germantown Republican, the know-nothing organ of his congressional district, has an article in relation to him, in which the following language is employed:

"We hope those Americans whom we persuaded to vote for Campbell will pardon us we feel confident that they will, when we assure them that we have been as badly humbugged as they have But we have the consolation of knowing that Campbell is about politically 'pegging-out' Perhaps that is what makes him spiteful—he knows he is going down, and wants to bite somebody as he goes. Well, a majority of us rejoiced when he was elected; but we can counterbalance it by jollifying if Vallandigham succeeds in ousting him from his seat—and the probabilities are now strongly in favor of such a result. Upon the whole, we think we would much rather crow over the success of a locofoco than that of a traitor!"

☞Milano, who attempted to kill the anointed King of Naples, suffered such horrid punishment in this world that he deserves at least as pleasant a hereafter as his royal tormenter:

He was stripped, bound hand and foot and hung to a beam with his head downward; he was tormented in this position for two hours, burning wisps of straw being held, under his head. He was also bound and hung up by the ears, causing him the most agonizing pains in the head and ears; and the ground beneath him was covered with burning coals, so that with his bare feet he could not stand. He was also tortured with alternate applications of cold and boiling water, and his shoulder bones were pulled out of joint with ropes tied to the arms. Lastly, he was scourged, and those who saw his naked body declare that the skin was blackened, with green and yellow marks upon it, hideous to behold.

A New Excitement in Prospect—Burning the Dead

An eminent New York physician has according to the Buffalo Republic, written an elaborate work in favor of the practice of burning the dead, which is to be published after his own death.

By his will he directs his mortal remains to be kept for five days in a warm room; the thorax then to be opened and the heart extracted, which is to be embalmed and enclosed in a thick vellum bag, strongly impregnated with asphaltum; the remainder of his body is then to be publicly burnt on a pyre of sassafras or sandal wood, in one of the public cemetries—the ashes carefully gathered and deposited with the embalmed heart in a bronze urn. Five copies of the leading daily city papers, containing an account of the whole proceedings, are likewise directed to be deposited in the urn, which is then to be hermetically sealed and taken to the New York Museum.

In the midst of the excitement created by these proceedings the work is to be published.— For its circulation $10,000 are appropriated, $10,000 more for distribution among the city officials and leading politicians of all parties, who are to receive from $25 to $700 each for assisting in the ceremony and $10,000 more for the editorial fraternity to be delivered *pro rata*, according to their influence.

Should anything occur to prevent the due execution of the will, the bulk of his property is to be at once transferred to a charitable institution in Philadelphia. The Republic has these facts from the attorney who drew up the will. He estimates the property at $200,000.

An Election Joke.

"NINE CHEERS FOR OLD ZIM,"
or Breaking Down the System.

BY U. J. JONES.

In a remote county of Pennsylvania the scene is laid. The time was the year 1842, when party spirit rose to 102 deg. in the shade, in every hamlet throughout the length and breadth of Uncle Sam's glorious domain. The respective political parties met in convention at Bugsbury (the county seat) and made their nomination for county officers. As there were many aspirants for the few nominations, it follows as a matter of course, that there were some bitter disappointments—to no one more so than to "Old Zim," who was confident of getting a nomination for Sheriff.

Zimmerman, or "Old Zim," as he was familiarly called, was a miserly old codger, who was well to do in the world yet he was up at every convention for a nomination for something from 'time whereof the memory of man runneth not to the contrary.' He was reputed wealthy—that is, he owned a farm and had money, but he never showed the color of it, except when he unfortunately got on a spree; then he would sow it broadcast—but that was only a biennial occurrence.

A few evenings after the nominations above noted a knot of dissatisfied were congregated at the Black Horse Tavern, discussing the merits and demerits of the fortunate nominee.

'Gentlemen,' said Old Zim, 'merit and long service to the party, is no recommendation in this county. The wireworkers and schemers have it all their own way.'

'Ay,' responded one of the bar room loafers, 'they does the pickin out, and they expect us to do the votin'

'But, gentlemen,' continued Zim, 'they will fetch up agin a snag or a sawyer, one of these days. Yes, gentlemen, by the eternal, I'll upset the applecart and spill their peaches. I'll see if it's the *people* or a set of broken down political hacks, as makes the county nomination. By Judas, I'll run as a volunteer candidate for Sheriff and if I don't lay em out, then my name ain't Zimmerman, that's all.

This determination was received with favor by the crowd, and Zim sealed it with a 'half' for red eye.

Full soon he was in the field, announced thro a card in both papers to his fellow citizens, pledging himself to discharge the duties of the office with impartiality—*in case he was elected*.

Right lustily did old Zim go to work, and things appeared to go on swimmingly. He canvassed the county; and the people were profuse in their promises of doing their best for him. In one of his peregrinations, he met Wattles, the nominee of Zim's party, who was also on an electioneering tour.

'Ha! Wattles,' said he, 'my fine fellow, I'm sorry to see you allow yourself to be the tool of the unholy and corrupt cabal—I say I am sorry to see you sacrificed, but you are bound to be beat. I'll show them that the freemen of this county will not bear dictation; so my friend, if you wish to save yourself from the disgrace of defeat, you had better resign in my favor.'

Wattles expressed his own conviction that he should feel very much used up in such an event but at the same time he had made up his mind to stand the hazard of the die.

Election day at length came and my worthy friend, armed with a hat full of tickets, stationed himself on the ground of his own precinct, and commenced dealing out his tickets, and urging his claims in the strongest kind of way; miser as he was, he made his friends swim in Monga-hela long before the polls were closed.

The election over, evening came on apace, and the eager expectants gathered in the bar room to await the counting of the votes, and the returns to come in from the different townships. Old Zim was flourishing about, treating the crowd, expressing full confidence in the success of his effort to 'break down the system.'

Seated in a remote corner, where a number of wags, in a low but earnest conversation; and any one who might have chanced to see them would at once have concluded that something was to follow. The consultation soon broke up and the plot began in about fifteen minutes to develop itself. The clatter of a horse's hoofs were heard on the frozen ground—a solitary horseman rode up to the door, and flinging the reins over a post rushed into the bar room, where he was soon raised on the top of the table, and silence commanded.

'Here,' said he, drawing a strip of paper from his pocket, 'are the returns from Lower Buffalo township—Wattles, 40. McGregor 40 Zimmerman 190!—majority for Zimmerman—101!'

'Nine cheers for old Zim!'

'Huzza! huzza! huzza!'

'Gentlemen,' said old Zim, taking off his hat —I am much obliged to you for this expression of your—that is to say, let us take a horn around!'

Of course the crowd acquiesced in this proposition, and the welkin rang with loud huzzas. But hark!—scarcely had the crowd imbibed before another horseman came galloping up to the inn.

'Beggum township, one hundred majority for Zimmerman!'

'Nine cheers for old Zim!'

'Hip, hip, hurrah!'

Again did old Zim attempt to speak, but his feelings overcame him—and he ended by inviting the entire company to call for just what they wanted. Again the glasses jingled as the excited multitude wedged them close to the bar, and again we heard the clatter of a horse's hoof

Continued on the Fourth Page.

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Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1857.

Legislature—The Senate by a vote of nearly two to one rejected the bill allowing 10 per cent interest on special deposits.

The bill providing for a geological survey of the state was lost in the House—Ayes 26 Noes 55.

There has been no election of State Officers yet, and it is considered extremely doubtful whether there will be. If not, the present democratic incumbents will hold over, until their successors can be elected. So the factionists will not accomplish much by their labors.

The Rush Contested Election Case—The investigations before our Legislature, in the contested election from Rush Co. show beyond controversy that the republicans resorted to the most corrupt and damnable means to carry the election in Rush Co. A large corruption fund was raised and numbers of voters, from Wayne and Henry Counties (where the fusion majority was large) were sent to vote in Rush Co. where they defeated the democratic candidates for Senator and Representative. Long Sol. Meredith, Senator Burke from Wayne Co. and other prominent fusionists are implicated in the disgraceful transaction.

To cover up these frauds, it may be remembered that the fusion press, throughout the State, were loud in their charges of illegal votes against the democrats It was the old game of crying "stop thief!" to avert suspicion from themselves.

Another Flood.—Last Saturday and Sunday we had a heavy and continued rain, which has raised the rivers almost to high water mark, and swept off bridges, fences, &c to a great extent. Our roads are almost impassable. Yesterday we had more rain and sleet, but we do not see that it has had any perceptible effect on the river. This morning the weather is colder, with some appearance of snow.

The Wabash is very high. We learn by the Lafayette papers that the lower part of that city was completely innundated on Tuesday.

Breach at the St Joseph Feeder Dam!

A serious breach occurred at the Feeder Dam on Monday last, and for some time great apprehensions were entertained that the dam would be swept away; but we are gratified to be able to announce that the dam stands firm and uninjured, and the break can be probably repaired so as not to cause much if any delay in opening the canal this spring.

The river is very high; the force of the water swept away the gates admitting water to Swift's mill, and the entire current rushing through the mill-race washed it out as low as the bottom of the river, to the width of 160 or 200 feet. The breach extends to the abutment of the dam; but that fortunately withstood the fury of the torrent and remains uninjured.

All the necessary arrangements have been made and materials procured for repairing the breach as soon as the water subsides. Neither expense nor labor will be spared to repair the damage as early as possible, and it is thought that it can be completed within a month, whenever the state of the river permits the work to be commenced. Unless, therefore, the river should remain at its present high stage for an unusual length of time, the canal can be opened at least as early as navigation commences on the Lake.

Wagon Road to California via the South Pass.—A bill has passed both branches of Congress, appropriating $300,000 for constructing a wagon road from Fort Kearney to California, on the South Pass route. A road is already in course of construction from the Missouri, opposite Council Bluffs, to Fort Kearney.

There will be about 1400 miles to construct, and this route, as remarked by one of its advocates, will be the thoroughfare over which the emigration from the East to the West, and over which eventually all the trade between the Atlantic and Pacific seaboard will pass. From the examination that has been made it is believed to be the best route from the east to the west. It is a route on which it is said there will be no deep cutting, no tunneling: and that in no part of it will the grading exceed fifteen or sixteen feet to the mile. It avoids all the deserts. By locating this Wagon road on any other route deserts will have to be passed sixty and seventy miles in extent, on which wells will have to be sunk, at great expense to the Government. This route, which is the shortest, passes through a portion of the country which is fertile and well timbered. The latter consideration is important, for timber is a great necessity in the construction of the road, because the streams, which are deeply cut, require heavy bridging. Plenty of coal is also found in many parts of this route.

This road will become the great highway to the Pacific, and will be the pioneer for a railroad which will inevitably soon be constructed on the same route.

The same bill also appropriates $200,000 for a wagon road from El Passo on the Rio Grande to the mouth of the Gila; and $50,000 for a similar road from Fort Defiance in New Mexico to the Colarado River, near the mouth of the Mohava.

☞ The Ohio Legislatune expelled Mr. Slough, democratic Representative from Cincinnati, for striking a fusion member in the House for an insolent interruption while he was speaking

A new election was held on Monday last, and Mr. Slough was triumphantly re-elected. The entire fusion force was concentrated upon his opponent. It was a curious spectacle to see Mollitor, Hassaurek, and other renegade German infidels, with their misled adherents, in close communion with the Know Nothings and the pious Kansas shriekers. The fusion was complete—KnowNothings, Republicans, renegade Germans, infidels, and Kansas saints—all joined hands and united against the Democrats; but in vain—they were defeated Knownothingism, in Cincinnati, is considered defunct, and merged in republicanism and abolitionism. Mollitor, Hassaurek, and their dupes, are sold to a faction that would, if they had the power, degrade them below the free negroes. They deserve all their new friends wish to do for them.

CALIFORNIA.—Messrs Gwinn and Broderick, democrats, have been elected to the U. S. Senate from California. They arrived in New York on the 13th in the steamer George Law, and have taken their seats in the Senate.

Mr Bright and the Cabinet.—The State Sentinel learns that Senator Bright has been tendered the Department of the Interior by Mr. Buchanan, and invited to Wheatland to aid in forming an administration. At the latest advices, Mr. Bright had not yet determined whether he would accept or decline the position.

FALSE REPORT—A rumor is in circulation this morning that the Niagara Suspension Bridge had fallen, while a train was passing over it, and that 400 passengers were killed. We are happy to announce that there is no foundation for the report—it is an unmitigated hoax. The Goshen Democrat of last Wednesday had the same rumor as being current there at that time, and owing, we suppose, to the badness of the roads it did not reach here until this morning. The Toledo papers of yesterday, with the latest telegraphic news, make no mention of the catastrophe.

True Financiering.—A fellow calling himself Cyrus F True, from Rochester, N. Y., has been victimizing some of the bankers in Toledo and Adrian, by selling drafts purporting to be drawn by a banker in Rochester on the Corn Exchange Bank of New York. The fraud being discovered by means of the telegraph, Mr. True was followed to Detroit, nabbed, and forced to disgorge his plunder. He left for the west, and may probably try the same game in some other place.

Dr Kane Dying.—A dispatch from Havana dated Feb. 17th states that Dr. Kane, the celebrated Arctic explorer, was believed to be dying, and could not survive another day.

☞ We refer merchants buying goods in Cincinnati to the card of Messrs. Ellis & Co. wholesale Dry Goods dealers, who have removed to No. 77 Pearl Street. We understand they have now on hand as good a stock as can be found in any of the New York houses, and will sell on terms to make it an object to dealers to purchase of them.

Chance to get a Lot Cheap!—W G. Ewing offers a number of desirable building lots, situate near the Wabash Valley Round-house, to be disposed of by lottery on Saturday evening March 14th—tickets only $1 00 each. The drawing will positively come off at the time named, or earlier if all the tickets are sold

This is a good chance to obtain a home at a trifling cost 3w31

To the Afflicted—We are desired to give notice that Dr. WM. D CARLIN, Oculist, Aurist, and Surgeon, of Findlay, Ohio, will be at the Mayer House on the 2d, 3d and 4th March, where he may be consulted by all who require surgical aid. The Doctor has had an extensive practice for the past 17 years, in private and in hospitals, and as an army surgeon during the Mexican War. He professes to cure cataracts, squinting, and all other diseases of the eye, distortions of the limbs, deafness, tumors and wens, spinal diseases, and all other afflictions requiring surgical aid; and will perform any operation in modern Surgery, where there is a reasonable hope of benefiting the patient. His stay here will be limited to three days—2d, 3d, and 4th March. 2w31

☞ The Indianapolis Expositor, in an article entitled "*Barons and Earls of the Hoosier Parliament,*" gives the following sketch of Mr. Adams the Representative from Whitley. We copy it that his constituents may be prepared for the addition to their population which he evidently meditates making:—

"LEWIS ADAMS: *Representative from Whitley, co.*, was born when quite young, in Putnam county, New York, has lived in Whitley co. Ind., the last ten years, is a farmer by profession, 35 years of age was never married but is disposed to marry the first opportunity, of which fact he desires all marriageable ladies to take notice and govern themselves accordingly, is a progressive Democrat in Politics, Post office address, Columbia City, Whitleg co. Ind. Boards at Mis Kinders the best boarding house in the city."

The Auditor and Swamp Land Funds.

By reference to the report of the Senate proceedings of Saturday, it will be seen that a call has been made upon the Auditor of State for information in reference to certain Swamp Land Funds, which further implicates the conduct of the late incumbent of that office. How far, or in what manner the late Auditor has been derilect in the discharge of his duty, in the particular specified by the resolution, we infer only from the resolution itself. Judging by that, even, we are not necessarily compelled to suppose that there has been any wrong committed by the Auditor in disposing of the fund due to the several counties arising from the sale of Swamp lands. The resolution charges that Mr. Talbott's in his various reports this subject, has left a large amount of those funds unaccounted for. He may, however, be able to account for them satisfactorily, and it is certainly to be hoped by every one that he will do so, or impart the necessary information to his successor, in case the books of the office do not themselves contain it, to enable him to do it for him The resolution ought to have been introduced before the expiration of Mr. Talbot's term of office.

It is in relation to his official acts that information is asked. He, of course, should have been the one to give it, and not his successor, who may be ignorant of the matter in reference to which inquiry is made, and may, besides, have no means of informing himself on the subject.

It was due to Mr. Talbott's successor that a thorough investigation of the affairs of the office should have been made before he entered upon the discharge of his duties, and all the facts connected therewith laid before the General Assembly, so that he might have been relieved of the embarrassment and inconvenience to which inquiries such as that contained in the resolution of Mr. Green necessarily involves. But since such investigation has not been made, and since it is only through him that the affairs of his predecessor can be probed, the resolution of Mr. Green is a justifiable one, and should be met by the present Auditor as far as it may be in his power to do so.

We repeat again, however, that it would have been much more just to all parties concerned, if the resolution had been introduced a month earlier.—*State Sentinel.*

The Corruption Investigation.

We learn that the committee of the House of Representatives, now engaged at Washington in investing the charges and suspicions of corruption against its members, have struck a trail which will will lead to some rich developments. They have "bounced" four of its members positively, and are on the scent of others. The members implicated are Gilbert, Edwards and Matteson, of New York, and Welch, of Connecticut. They are all Republicans of the first water.—Matteson has the reputation of being a very wily fox, who covers his tracts, doubles his trail, and backs and fills, dodges and jumps so cunningly, that there are few beagles that will not be put at fault in his pursuit.

One of the most astounding discoveries, however, of this investigation, is that of "Old Drab," commonly known as Horace Greeley's involvement in a lobby transaction, wherein he fobbed a fee of 1,000 for merely helping forward a bill which never passed. This was the application for an appropriation in favor of the Des Moines Improvement. Mr. John Stryker, the Secretary of the Company, has testified to the committee that he came to Washington to promote the passage of the bill, and that, in furtherance of it, he paid a fee of $1,200 to Reverdy Johnson and gave a draft on the treasury to Horace Creeley, in his favor, for $1,000, which draft was paid. Horace has, accordingly, been summoned to inform the committee what he did with this $1,000. This is the transaction which has given rise to the suit instituted against our friend Gray, of the Cleveland Plain Dealer, by the virtuous Horace, who claims of Gray $10 000 for publishing a fact, which has been proved before a committee of the House of Representatives.

Mr. Stryker was asked by one of the committee what the money was given for?

He answered, "to aid in the passage of the bill in favor of the Des Moins Improvement."

"What did it go to?" asked another member.

"Bleeding Kansas, I suppose," replied the well named Stryker!—*Cin. Enq.*

Letter of the Secretary of State to Governor Stevens of Washington Territory.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
WASHINGTON, Sept. 12, 1856.

His Excellency ISAAC J. STEVENS, Governor of the Territory of Washington—*Sir:* I have laid before the President all the documents and papers which you have transmitted to this Department, in explanation of your course in declaring martial law in some parts of the Territory of Washington. After a full consideration of them, he has not been able to find in the case you have presented a justification for that extreme measure. Whether, in any circumstances whatever, the Governor of a Territory can resort to such a measure, unless under express authority given by legislation, is a question which it is not proposed now to discuss or decide. It is quite certain that nothing but direful necessity, involving the probable overthrow of the civil government, could be alleged as any sort of excuse for superseding temporarily, and substituting in its place an arbitrary military rule The recognition of such an inherent power in any functionary, whatever be his grade or position, would be extremely dangerous to civil and political liberty. While the President does not bring into question the motives by which you were actuated, he is induced, by an imperative sense of duty, to express his disapproval of your conduct, so far as respects the proclamation of martial law. Were the President able to adopt the conclusion that martial law could, in any case, be established without express legislative authority, he could not find such a case in the state of things in Washington Territory, as you have presented them Where rebellion, or a formidable insurrection, had in effect overthrown the civil government, martial law has been occasionally resorted to as the only means left for its reestablishment. Martial law has also been resorted to in aid of the government, when in imminent danger of being overpowered by internal or external foes In such cases the measure has been regarded as excusable; but it never can be excusable where the object in resorting to martial law was to act against the existing government of the country, or to supersede its functionaries in the discharge of their proper duties. The latter seems to have been the principal ground you have had for proclaiming martial law. Your conduct in that respect does not, therefore, meet with the favorable regard of the President. I am, sir, your obedient servant,

W. L. MARCY.

Later from Nicaragua.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 17.

The Steamer Texas is at Balize, with dates from San Juan to the 10th inst.

The steamship Tennessee had arrived out.

Colonels titus and Lockridge proceeded up the river attacked three hundred Costa Ricans at Cody's Point, at the mouth of Peripagua River, and defeated them with great loss. American loss trifling. The steamer's machinery getting out of order, they came back to Punta Arenas, repaired and had gone back again. There was little doubt but they would be in full possession of the river in a week.

We have dates from Walker to the 3d inst., by the Orizaba from Panama.

Cora had appeared near Rivas and been driven back.

On the 28th ult., Henningsen, with a force of four hundred, attacked fifteen hundred of the enemy at St. George, driving them from their position, and then returning to Rivas.

Walker's whole force was thirteen hundred fit for duty, eleven hundred of whom were in excellent health and spirits, and with provisions and ammunition for three months.

A private dispatch to the agent of the Associated Press, dated Greytown, February 10, confirm the foregoing account.

ARRIVAL OF THE EUROPA.

HALIFAX, Feb. 14.

The steamship Europa, Capt. Leith, arrived here at an early hour this morning and will be due at Boston on Sunday evening.

She left Liverpool on Saturday, Jan. 21. Her news consequently three days later than that received by the City of Baltimore at N. Y.

European affairs generally were in a state of quietude, and the main interest was centered in the Chinese Persian question.

The London Globe has a telegraph dispatch from Constantinople dated Jan. 18 announcing that the British steamers have retured from the vicinity of the Isle of Serpents.

The Persian Difficulty—It is believed that Persia has submitted to the demands of the British. But the intelligence is yet received with doubt. The London News says that Lord Stratford has telegraphed that Persia submitted, not from the fall of Bashire but on general grounds.

Details of the capture of Bashire have been received under date of January 2d, and November 29th.

Some British ships had arrived off the fort of Bashire.

A correspondence ensued, and Dec. 3d, the British sent on shore a copy of the declaration of war. The next day, the 4th, the British took possession of Karai, without opposition, as a military depot.

During the 7th and 8th the British troops disembarked at HallialBay, twelve miles southwest of Bashire, the men landing with three days rations, and without baggage.

On the morning of the 9th, the army in two brigades advanced along the coast towards the ships, which were sailing a little ahead on the flank.

The ship Assage, on coming abreast of fort Bashire, shelled it from a distance of 700 yards, and dislodged the garrison, 800 of whom took up a new position to oppose the British advance.

Brigadier Stovegard was shot dead while waiving on his men to the attack, the British thereupon marched on the enemy, who fought sharply with the bayonet, until driven back upon the fort, whence they attempted to escape but were met by the British Rifles seaward, and by the cavalry landward

The British loss is reported to be 35 men. Bashire was then summond to surrender, and, the channel having been bouyed during the night the city was bombarded, and replied steadily for 4 hours and then surrendered, when the British entered the town.

The British report no loss in the fleet.

The Governor, Commander of the fleet, and one officer were made prisoners, and the garrison being too numerous to retain them, they were escorted some distance into the interior, and there liberated.

Bashire was proclaimed British territory, and a free port.

Reports were rife of abominable conduct on the part of the British after the capitulation of the town.

The Chinese details have come to hand, confirming the telegraph accounts of the troubles. An extra China mail, of December 16th, says, the factories have been burned by the Chinese, and the only particulars we have ascertained are that at 11 o'clock on Sunday night the flames burst out in every direction.

Admiral Seymour had withdrawn his men into the garden—the only refuge left for foreigners.

What step the admiral means to take is unknown, but there is little doubt that the city of Canton will be no longer spared, and the, discharge of rockets and shells is said to have already commenced. The papers then proceed to relate the events that occurred before the burning of the factories.

It is said that the Chinese have apologized to the American authorities for the outrages committed against the flag.

The London Times correspondent says, on November 15th Capt. Foote of the U. S, ship Portsmouth, was on the way from Whampoa to Canton in the ship Pinnace for the purpose of withdrawing the American marines in the foreign factories When passing the Barrier Forts the boat was fired at by the Chinese and was obliged to put back to Whampoa notwithstanding that the American flag was displayed by the boat. The Portsmouth and Levant then moved up the river and bombarded the forts which the Chinese bravely defended, replying with a well directed force, killing 2 men and wounding others and doing some damage to the vessels.

Commodore Armstrong then wrote to the Vice Roy demanding an apology within 24 hours—The reply being unsatisfactory the Americans at once proceeded to take the forts which they have since destroyed. In this service several lives were lost. Since this the Yeh has written to the Americans and promised to respect their flag, stating that the outrage was in consequence of a mistake. There was still one or two points at issue, but it is understood that the Americans will accept the apology and retire from Canton.

The Americans met with an accident in destroying the Barrier Forts. One of the mines exploded through the carlessness of a seamen, killing him and two of his shipmates and wounding six others.

The Portsmouth and Levant have returned to Whampoa.

A re-construction of the British Cabinet is still mooted.

From Italy the accounts are quite deplorable A priest had attempted to assinate the Arch-Bishop of Mantua as he was giving his benediction to the people. The Arch-Bishop received a slight wound and one of the Canons who interposed was shot dead by the assassin.

Verger had been executed at Paris.

Congressional

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.

Senate—On motion of Mr. Weller, the Senate proceeded to a consideration of the House Bill for a construction of a wagon road from Fort Kearney, via the South Pass of the Rocky Mountains and Great Salt Lake Valley, to the eastern portion of California, which was passed

On motion of Mr Toombs, the Senate took up the Minnesota Land bill, which was introduced a few days previous by him, in compliance with the memorial of Gen Shields and others.

Mr Beggs, as a representative from one of the old States, entered his protest against this method of disposing of the public domain.

Mr Foote thought it was too late in the day, after the numerous grants of this kind, to raise such an objection.

Mr, Stuart explained that the quantity of land granted by the bill is one million, thre hundred thousand acres, being much less than that which some of the States had received.

The bill passed—ayes 32, nays 10

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.

Senate.—Mr. Miller has presented the credentials of Mr Gwynn, of California, who was qualified and took his seat.

Mr. Fessenden presented the credentials of Hamlin, Senator elect from Maine, from the 4th of March next.

Mr. Wilson introduced a bill to pay Massachusetts $227,000, being the balance due that State for disbursements during the war of 1813. The bill was referred.

In the Executive session in Senate to-day, the Committee on Foreign relations reported back the Clarendon and Dallas treaties, with amendments to obviate the objections heretofore made to it. It was debated more than three hours.

WASHINGTON, Feb 17.

Senate.—Mr. Seward's bill to perfect the home valuation principle in the tariff of 1846 was laid on the table, at his own sustance, in order to avoid embarrassment in its consideration by Adams' amendment to exempt railroad iron from duty. It is his intention to call it up at a future day.

The Senate passed a bill in addition to the act more effectually providing for the punishment of certain crimes against the United States.

A Bill to amend the act to provide for a better organization of the Treasury Department, and for the collection, transfer, and safe-keeping and disbursement of the public revenue, and a bill confirming to States the swamps and overflowed lands therein, passed.

The Senate then proceeded to the consideration of the bill to increase the pay of officers of the army. It was passed after debate, without amendment

House—Mr. Wakeman called up Mr. Barbour's motion to consider the vote by which the Senate Submarine Telegraph Bill was referred to the Committee on Post offices.

Mr. Jones, of Tennessee, moved to lay the motion on the table. Negatived.

The question on reconsidering was then carried.

Mr. Jones, of Tennessee, moved to lay bill on the table. Negatived—ayes 77; nays 114. He then ineffectually moved to refer bill to Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union. Ayes 77; nays 112.

Mr. Wakeman moved to recomit the bill to the Committee on Ways and Means Agreed.

The House then passed, 99 against 79, the bill for the relief of the people of Kansas, repealing all rules and regulations, purporting to be laws adopted at Shawnee Mission by a body of men claiming to be the Legilature, and declaring invalid all acts and proceedings of that assembly, likewise providing for an election of new members of the Legislature, and pains and penalties for illegal voting and unlawful interference with the rights of voters.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.

It is confidently asserted, by the friends of the Minnesota Land Bill, that nothing has been discovered by the committee, throwing suspicion on that measure. General Shields received this assurance from a member of the committee.

The bill increasing the pay of officers of the army, which now awaits the signature of the President, give Lieutenant General Scott an increase, making his yearly compensation $10,620. The increase in each Brigadier General's pay is $1,000, Colonel $800, Lieutenant Colonel $650 Major $550, Captain and Lieutenant $100 each—making their salaries respectively $7,500 $3,000, $2,500, $2.200, $1,800 and $1.500. The average increase is $500, or in all $525,000.

An old law provides that any increase in the pay of army officers shall relatively affect that of the marine corps.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.

The War Department has received intelligence from General Wool, dated Benicia, California January 3d, saying that peace and quiet prevails throughout the department of the Pacific, which he has no doubt will continue as long as the Indians are treated with ordinary justice.

The disposition of the troops is such as not only to give protection to the white settlements, but restrain the Indians, should they exhibit any indication to renew the war, which from the information he has received, he does not in the least apprehend.

Among the fifty Senate bills reported by Washburne, of Illinois, to-day, when those for the improvement of Lake Michigan, the Hurlgate, the channel of the Hudson and Illinois rivers, and the harbors of Providence, Cape Cod, Chicago and Michigan City. The programe is to unite them all in one bill, in favor of which there is a large majority, but want of time may prevent a consummation of the scheme.

Circumstances Alter Cases with the Republicans

Every Republican member of the United States Senate and all their prominent papers declared that the decision in the Harlan Senatorial election case was a violation of justice and equity. Harlan, who was a Black-Republican, was elected United States Senator from Iowa by a majority of the House and a minority of the Senate, the aggregate vote, however, being a majority of the whole number of members elected to the Legislature. The absquatulation of the majority of the Senators was wilful in its character, and designed to produce anarchy and trouble. Under these circumstances, every Republican member of the United States Senate, together with some Democrats, such as Toombs and Pugh, voted in favor of Harlan's right to his seat; and, in our judgement, they took the right view of the case.

But, behold how "circumstances alter cases" with our Republican friends. Messrs. Bright and Fitch, Democrats, have been elected United States Senators from Indiana, like Mr. Harlan by a majority of the House of Representatives and a minority of the Senate, which, together, made up a majority of the joint convention, and also of all the members elected to the Legislature.

As in Iowa the conduct of the majority of the Senate was entirely factious, and its absence was a willful and high-handed attempt to produce a revolution. Such being the case in regard to these two elections, one would suppose that the Republican Senators and Republican press, as in the case of Harlan, would be favorable to admitting Messrs Bright and Fitch to their seats. But, no. The fact that the latter are Democrats, makes all the difference in the world. With impudent coolness unsurpassed, they change their position in a few weeks, and show that partisan feelings are superior to all sense of honor, decency and consistency, by asking that the Harlan precedent be followed, which they unanimously opposed. We trust that our Democratic United States Senators will do no such thing. They were abused by the Republicans for that decision, and now let them give the latter a dose of their own medicine.—The Indiana case is stronger than the Iowa, from the fact that there is no law regulating the election of Senators in the former State, while there is in the latter, the law of which State was broken, while in Indiana it was not. It is high time that the United States Senate discountenanced these revolting proceedings in State Legislatures regarding Senators, or otherwise it will destroy that branch of the Government.—Let the rule be laid down, and who can say that it is not a good one, that the absence of a member from a Senatorial convention shall not count any more than his vote if pressent. Had all the absentees in the Indiana Legislature been present and voted again t Messrs Bright and Fitch, it would not have changed the result as those gentlemen had a clear majority over all. Let the views of the Republican Senators, as advanced in the Harlan case, govern it, (and surely they cannot object) and Messrs. Bright and Fitch will hold their seats—*Cin. Enq.*

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.

The Burdill Murder.—The Coroner's Jury rendered a verdict at eleven o'clock on Saturday night against Eckel and Mrs. Cunningham, as the principle, and Snodgrass as an accessory and the two Misses Cunningham as having guilty knowledge and concealing the same.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.

On Saturday, the laborers employed on the Railroad tunnel at Bergen, N J, numbering about 1000 strong were engaged in a bloody row. The belligerants, during the fight, set fire to the shanties, which brought out the firemen. Subsequently several companies of military were ordered on to the scene of the disturbance.

The firemen dispersed the mob, and the presence of the militia prevented any extensive hostile operations on the part of the rioters.—The disturbance extended up to a late hour.

Many of those engaged in the melee were severely beaten. Two or three were reported dead last evening, and the lives of several others were despaired of. Nearly 70 were arrested.

Annual Report of the Auditor of State.

The report of the Auditor of State is a voluminous document, embracing a variety of information on subjects pertaining to that office. The detailed statement of receipts and expenditures for the last year, need not be referred to, as they have already been given in our abstract of the report of Treasurer.

At the time of the passage of the act of Jan, 19. 1846, providing for an adjustment of the indebtedness of the State, the total amount of the bonds outstanding was $11,048,000. Under this act an arrangement was affected for the payment of one-half of the debt and interest by surrendering to the bond holders of the Wabash and Erie Canal, its lands and revenues. For the various kinds of Canal stocks that have been issued on account of that portirn of the public debt, the State is in no way responsible.

For the other half of the debt, for which the State was liable, the old bonds were surrendered and new stocks issued as follows:

1st. Five per cent State stock for the principal of the bonds surrendered.

2d. Two and a half per cent. for the *accrued* and one per cent. for the *accruing* interest on those bonds.

The total amount of five per cent. stocks issued on account of the bonds so surrendered, was $5 306,500—leaving of bonds outstanding, $125,000

Of the two and a half per cent. stock there has been issued $2,040,811.

The amount of stocks redeemed, since the state debt arrangement, is $378.434, of which $150,000 are five per cents, and $228,234 two and a half per cents.

The amount paid for interest on the State debt for the last year was $316,674 34. Whole amount paid since the commencement of the arrangement under the act of 1846, $2,213,397 75.

The report presents an abstract of the condition of the suspended Free Banks, by which it appears that there has been redeemed of the outstanding circulation of those banks, during the year, $100,629—leaving yet outstanding $55,130 All the securities and other assets turned over to the Auditor by his predecessor for the redemption of the outstanding circulation of those banks have been exhausted

A full tabular statement is given of the kind and amount of bonds on deposite by each of the specie paying Free Banks remaining under the General Banking law of 1852, and the amount of the circulating notes of each, outstanding.

The aggregate circulation of these banks is seven hundred and seventy-seven thousand and thirty nine dollars. Their securities on deposite, consisting of the very best State stocks, amount at their par value, to nine hundred and ninety-four dollars. This class of banks have until the first day of March 1847; to wind up or accept the provisions of the General Banking Law as amended and passed, March 3, 1855. There are twenty-six of these banks, two of which, the Gramercy and Shawnee have failed since the report of the Auditor was published. The facts connected with those failures are already so well known to the public, that any reference to them here is unnecessary.

The number of specie-paying Free Banks which have complied with and organized under the General Banking Law of 1854, is fourteen. These fourteen banks have an outstanding circulation of nine hundred and eighty-eight thousand and twenty-one dollars. They have on deposite as securities for the redemption of their circulation, bonds whose aggregate par value is one million three hundred and twenty two thousand five hundred and sixty seven dollars, and the aggregate market value of which is one million eighty nine thousand nine hundred and eighty-seven dollars.

The Auditor closes this portion of his report by expressing the belief that the Free Banks of Indiana are organized upon a most safe and reliable basis; that they are able to redeem all their circulation at par and are known to be in the hands of men of honor and responsibility.—Further legislation may be necessary in regard to some of the details of the system, but nothing further is required to secure its safety and security.

The ordinary expenditures for the year 1857 are estimated at $109,950. The estimate for extraordinary expenditures, including the interest on the State debt: the salary of State Agent and incidental expenditures of agency; appropriations on account of Insane, Deaf and Dumb and Blind Asylums, and interest on University bonds is $122,425 10—making an aggregate expenditure of ordinary and extraordinary of $531,385-10. The total estimated receipts for 1857 are $616,546.

Estimated expenditures ordinary and extraordinary, for 1858, $416.635. Total estimated receipts for 1858, $747,500.

The value of all taxable property in the State for 1856 was $306,787,819—showing an increase of $4.039,845 over that of the previous year.—There haeing been no revaluation of real estate since 1850, there is of course no increase in real estate except that which arises from sales of lands, which are immediately added to the tax-list. Under a new valuation of the real property the Auditor thinks that a fair assessment will ffive the value of all taxables little, if any, short of $400.000,000. Since the last assesment of real estate, some towns and cities have doubled in their value and in many parts of the country, especially in the vicinity of railroads, lands have in value nearly one hundred per cent., while all over the State a steady advancement has been realized!

The number of polls returned for 1856 is 174,802—being 5,928 less than for the year 1855.—This decrease is to be accounted for in no other way than by carelessness in making the assessment. There should have been a large increase instead of a decrease, as it cannot be doubted that there has been large additions to our population. But little effort was probably made to ascertain and return those who had no property that is taxable.

The vote given at the last Presidential election was 222,434—being an excess over the polls returned of 60,633, and showing a diminution of the polls as compared with the votes of more than one-fourth.—*State Sent.*

INDIANA LEGISLATURE.

[Compiled from the State Sentinel]

THURSDAY, Feb. 12.

Senate.—Mr Cravens, from Committee to whom was referred a resolution instructing them to inquire in the expediency of providing by law for an increase of the rate of interest on money, reported against the expediency of such provision

Mr. Blair, from the Committee on County and Township Business reported back the bill to provide for the uniform mode of doing township business, and recommended that it be indefinitely postponed. Bill laid on the table.

Resolution by Mr. Bobbs: That the President of the State Bank report the amount of circulation on the 31st day of December, 1856; the amount returned and destroyed up to this time, and on what Branches; and the probable period that will be required to call in their circulation. Adopted.

Bill to amend an act to abridge, revise and simplify the rules, practice, pleadings and forms in Courts of justice, and abolish district forms of an action at law—ayes 33, noes 7.

House.—Resolution by Mr. Ricketts: That a bill be reported by committee, making it a penal offence in judges of elections to refuse a vote offered in compliance with the law. Adopted. Ayes 59, noes 26.

Kerr moved to reconsider vote passing bill requiring ten days residence in the ward to qualify municipal voters. He argued the bill was unconstitutional. House consented. Bill tabled.

Bill amending sec. 9 of act regulating fees of county officers, more particularly, the fees of treasurers.

Colgrove proposed to amend by providing that the county treasurer shall receive in no case more than $1500 per annum.

LaRue said the Treasurer in his county, (Tippecanoe) would have to pay the whole of that $1500 for clerk hire.

Colgrove said the treasurer of his county (Randolph) realized last year $1900 for his official services. This year he would realize $2500. The treasurer of Tippecanoe must be an incompetent man.

LaRue, to cut off debate, amendments and all, moved the previous question. Seconded. Question on the passage of the bill. Ayes 73, noes 12.

Colgrove moved to reconsider the vote There had been some artful dodging about this bill.

LaRue moved to lay Colgrove's motion to reconsider on the table. Ayes 47, noes 29.

Joint Resolution, With reference to the purchase of the Wabash and Erie Canal by the State, declaring such purchase both inexpedient and unconstitutional. Read a third time. Passed—ayes, 80; nays, none.

Bill for the effectually carrying out the provisions of the United States Fugitive Slave Law.—Tabled.

Bill abolishing Courts of Common Pleas. Indefinitely postponed Adjourned.

FRIDAY, Feb. 13.

Senate.—Bills Introduced.—By Mr. Fisk: Bill to amend an act to provide for the more uniform mode of doing Township business.

By Mr. Crouse: Bill to provide for the sale of certain lands belonging to the State University.

By Mr. McClure: Bill to provide for the more uniform mode of doing Township business.

The bills so introduced were severally read a first time and passed to a second reading.

House Messages—The following bills, passed by the House of Representatives, were severally read a first time and passed to a second reading

Bill to provide for the appraisement of real property of the State, subject to taxation.

Bill to amend an act concerning the interest on money.

Bill prohibiting the running of railroad trains over other railroad crossings, without stopping, and prescribing the punishment for injuries from carelessness in so crosing.

Joint resolution declaring it unconstitutional and impolitic for the State to purchase the Wabash and Erie Canal.

House.—Grose, and other Republican members of the House, sent to the Clerks desks another protest against the transactions of the joint convention of the 4th of February, declaring them informal, illegal, void, &c. Read.

Mr. Speaker. Let the protest be entered on the journal

Kerr, Committee on Affairs of the State Prison, reported a bill 129 amended, by arising out the clause making only Ministers of the Gospel eligible to the office of Moral Instructer; and, further, that it is the unanimous opinion of the committee that the clause authorizing whipping ought to be retained.

Question on concurring in the report: ayes 40 noes 43. House refused to concur.

Batterton moved additional instructions, adopting solitary confinement instead of whipping.

Kerr moved an amendment that in case of vacancies the Governor appoint until the next meeting of the Assembly. Bill recommitted, with additional instructions leaving punishments discretionary.

Bill for support of indigent, blind, and other infirm persons. Ayes, 72; nays 5. Passed.

Bill preventing the issue of fraudulent notes, bills, checks, &c., as money, and to prevent and punish fraudulent banking.

The bill, with instructions was recommitted.

Kerr, from Committee on Affairs of the State Prison, reported House State Prison bill amended so as to authorize the Governor to fill vacancies, and to leave the mode of punishment of criminals discretion with the Warden. Report concurred in.

Question on the passage of the bill: ayes 57, noes 31. Passed.

Lane, from Committee on Banks, reported House bill 99 amended, so as to include insurance companies, railroad companies, plank road companies, &c. Report concurred in. Question on passage of the bill.

Question on the bill. Lost—ayes 31; noes 58

Bill amending act prescribing the duties and fixing the compensation of the Agent of State. Ayes 86; noes 2. Passed.

SATURDAY, Feb. 14.

Senate.—Resolution by Mr. Green: Whereas it is made the imperative duty of the Auditor of State to apportion and pass to the credit of the Swamp Land Fund of the several counties all the money, warrants and funds of every description now in the State Treasury, or that may hereafter come in it, derived from the sale of swamp lands lying within said counties.

And whereas, it is provided that said money, warrants and funds shall be paid out on the orders of the Swamp Land Commissioners of the county from which such money, warrants and funds were derived;

And whereas, a large amount of such money warrants and funds justly due and owing to the counties remains unaccounted for by the Auditor in his Reports, therefore,

That the Auditor of State be required to report to the Senate a full statement of the funds mentioned in the preamble to this resolution; what amount he has apportioned to the several counties as required of him by law, and the amount thereof yet undisposed of to the Commissioners of Swamp Lands. Adopted.

House.—Mr. Cullen introduced a bill from Committee on Temperance, regulating the sale of spirituous, vinous, malt, and intoxicating liquors. The bill provides for licence from $50 to $500, upon notice given to citizens of the township, and granted by the Board of County Commissioners; bonds not to be less than $500, nor more that $3,000; no liquors to be sold on Sunday; a disorderly house to be abated as a public nuisance; damages sustained, and exemplary damages, recoverable by all persons aggrieved by abuse of the right to sell; penalty for sale to minors fixed; adulteration of liquors punished; persons found in a state of intoxication punished by fine; grand jury, mayors, and magistrates to have cognizance of all offences. Rules, on motion of Cullen, suspended, and bill read by title a second time, and, on motion of Denby, 300 copies ordered of the printer,

MONDAY, Feb. 16.

Senate.—Mr Wallace introduced a bill to repeal an act to establish a Bank and branches, passed by the General Assembly of 1855, the Governor's veto thereof notwithstanding. Read a first time and passed to a second reading.

The Senate then took up the order of the day, in which a large number of bills on their second reading were disposed of.

House.—On motion of Bethell, House bill for the more effectually carrying out the provisions of the Fugitive Slave Law was taken from the table and referred to a select committee Committee: Bethell, Sherrod, Blake, Kerr and Walpole.

On motion of Blake, the whole matter was made the special order for Friday next, at 2 o'clock

Bill amending 4th section of act prescribing powers and duties of coroners—reducing the number of jurors from 15 to 6. Passed.

Bill equalizing the salaries of Judges of the Supreme Court.

TUESDAY, Feb. 17.

Senate.—Bill to amend an act regulating the fees of officers and repealing all former acts relating thereto, was read a third time and passed ayes 37, noes 3.

The following bills were also read a third time and passed:

Senate bill to amend an act to establish Courts of Common Pleas, and defining the jurisdiction and duties, and providing for the compensation of the judges thereof. Ayes 38, noes 3.

Bill to provide for the disposition of real estate owned by aliens residing in this state who may die intestate without heirs capable of inheriting the same. Ayes 39, noes 1.

Bill to prevent betting on elections and prescribing the punishment therefor. Ayes 34, noes 6.

Bill supplimentary to the 9th article of an act to revise, abridge and simplify the rules, practice pleadings and forms in courts of justice, and to abolish distinct forms of action at law, &c. Ayes 28, noes 11.

House Joint Resolution declaring it to be unconstitutional and impolitic for the State to purchase the Wabash & Erie Canal. Ayes 40, noes 0.

Bill to amend the ninth section of an act regulating the fees of officers—ayes 35, noes 4.

House.—Resolution by Mr Marvin: committee on Elections, against passage of House bill requiring 60 days' residence in township by voters.—The proposition is unconstitutional.

Question on concurring in report—ayes 54; noes 35.

Humphreys moved to table the bill. Carried.

Neff; That the further investigation of the recent Rush County frauds is inexpedient.

Resolution tabled.

Carnahan: That the Hall of the House be tendered to the American party for the purpose of holding their convention this afternoon.

The resolution was advocated by Carnahan, Crowe and others on the grounds of courtesy and precedent. Davis, of Sullivan, Branson and Smith of Bartholomew, opposed it because of the press of business. Resolution adopted: ayes 57, noes 29.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 18.

Senate.—House bill to amend an act concerning interest on money, having been made the special order for the day 10 o'clock, the same was taken up for consideration.

Mr Heffren moved that it be indefinitely postponed, which was agreed to Ayes 27, noes 16.

Senate bill on the same subject was also indefinitely postponed. Ayes 31, noes 10.

The vote on these bills was considered as a test of the opinion of the Senate in reference to any change in the law regulating interest.

Mr Johnson, from the select committee to whom was referred a bill providing for the appraisement of the real property of the State, &c. reported the same back with an amendment, which was adopted, and the bill ordered to be engrossed for a third reading.

By Mr Cooper: Bill to amend an act to revise, simplify and abridge the rules, practice, pleadings, and forms in courts of justice and to abolish distinct forms of actions of action at law, &c.

By Mr Tarkington: Bill to amend an act to regulate the business of general banking.

Severally read a first time and passed to a second reading

House.—Bill relative to salaries of public officers, taken up.

Walpole moved to amend, fixing the salaries of the Judges of the Supreme Court at $1,500. He was opposed to the increase of salaries.

Davis, of Sullivan, said if the Supreme Court Judges were to be increased to five he was opposed to the increase of salaries. If, however, they were to be reduced to three he would be willing to vote an increase. $4,000 was enough for all the Judges. He moved, until we should ascertain what was to be done as to the number of Judges and as to the re-districting the State into Judicial Circuits, that the bill be tabled. Carried.

Bills introduced.—By Mr. Cullen: No 227, to increase the salaries of Supreme Judges to $2,500 each, and to increase their duties also.

Moon: 278, amending various sections of act relative to appraisement and taxation.

Branson: No 279, prohibiting State or county officers from taking, in payment of State dues, any of the notes of the so called Bank of Indiana and prohibiting them from depositing therein or in any of the branches thereof.

Bill to prevent emigration of voters with the design of influencing or controlling elections.—Passed, ayes 83, noes 0

Bill changing time of publications of legal notices. Passed, ayes 51, noes 30.

A LADY

WHO has been cured of GREAT NERVOUS DEBILITY, after many years of misery, desires to make known to all fellow-sufferers the sure means of relief. Address, enclosing stamp to pay return postage, Mrs. MARY E. DEWITT, Boston, Mass., and the prescription will be sent, free, by next post. 3m32

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

GREAT CURE OF RHEUMATISM IN Cincinnati, Ohio.—Convincing Evidence.—For more than three years I have been suffering with rheumatism, with enlargement and pain of the bones and joints. I have strictly followed the advice of physicians, and at other times used such family medicines as had been recommended for the cure of rheumatism; still I did not improve in the least, and was frequently compelled to keep my bed, and there by was prevented attending to my business. Some weeks ago I was induced by a friend to try Carter's Spanish Mixture. The effect was miraculous. I felt considerably improved after I had taken the fourth dose; I have only used one single bottle, and am entirely free from all pain. I feel better than I have felt for many years, and I attribute my completely-restorated health solely to the use of Carter's Spanish Mixture. I consider it a most excellent medicine for rheumatism and all diseases of the blood, and cheerfully recommend it to the afflicted,

D. BURRITT,
South-east corner Fourth and Walnut sts
Cincinnati, March 17, 1855.

No Family should be without Hoofland's German Bitters.—Children afflicted with the Summer Complaint entirely cured by them.

CAMDEN, New Jersey, March 14, 1855.

Dear sir—It is with much pleasure that I inform you of the great benefits derived from the use of your German Bitters in my family. During the greater part of last summer, my son, aged two years, was severely afflicted with the *Summer Complaint* in the worst form, for which various remedies prescribed by Physicians and others were used, but with no avail. I also sent him to the country, but it proved of but little benefit. Having a bottle of German Bitters in the house, I was persuaded to try that, which to my astonishment entirely cured him. He continued to take the Bitters some time afterwards and became healthy. I have the greatest confidence in the Bitters, and feel no hesitation in saying that no family should be without them.

Respectfully yours, JOHN W. PARIS,
Plum street, above second
To Dr. C M Jackson.
See advertisment.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.—The well merited success of these celebrated Bitters, and the daily favor with which it has been received by our most respectable citizens, speaks volumes as to its efficacy in bringing about the beneficial results for which it is designed. Having been the result of a long course of study and observation in the Doctor's practice, so that the proprietors have no hesitancy in presenting it to the world, as unsurpassed in effecting a speedy certain and permanent cure for all irregularities and weakness of the digestive organs, to which most persons trace ill health. Sold by all Druggists, Grocers, and Hotels, throughout the U States and Canada.

For sale by H. B. Reed, Meyer & Brother; J. D. Worden & Co., G H, Wagner.

☞A VERMIFUGE, so pleasant to the taste, that it can be mixed in the common food without discovery, is Dr. Wright's Purgative Powders for Children In Derangements of the Bowels, swelling of the Liver, soreness in the side, symptoms of Spasms, Summer Complaints, &c., or as a Vermifuge, they have no equal.

Dr. Wright's Liver Pills, also his Tonic Bitters and Invigorating Cordial, all excellent medicines, are sold by

DR. J. U WINSLOW, Fort Wayne.
See large advertisement. 1m33

A PERFUMED BREATH—What lady or gentleman would remain under the curse of a disagreeable breath when by using the "BALM OF A THOUSAND FLOWERS" as a dentifrice would not only render it sweet but leave the teeth white as alabaster? Many persons do not know their breath is bad, and the subject is so delicate their friends will never mention it. Pour a single drop of "BALM" on your tooth-brush and wash the teeth night and morning. A fifty cents bottle will last a year.

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION may easily be acquired by using the "*Balm of a Thousand Flowers.*" It will remove tan, pimples and freckles from the skin, leaving it of a soft and roseable hue. Wet a towel, pour on two or three drops, and wash the face night and morning.

SHAVING MADE EASY.—Wet your shaving-brush in either warm or cold water, pour on two or three drops of "*Balm of a Thousand Flowers,*" rub the beard well, and it will make a beautiful soft lather, much facilitating the operation of shaving.—Price only Fifty cents.

For sale by all Druggists.

☞Beware of counterfeits.—None genuine unless signed by

W. P. FETRIDGE & CO.,
6m13 Franklin Square, N. York.

COMMERCIAL.

Fort Wayne, Saturday, Feb. 21.

Wheat is scarce and in demand at 1 20 a 1 30. Flour, extra, 7 00; superfine 6 00; Rye flour 5 00.

Corn, 35; Buckwheat 56; Oats 30; Barley 1 50; Rye 63; Beans 1 50 a 2 00; Potatoes 70 a 80; Sweet do.—; Onions 1 50; Butter 15a16; Cheese 9a10; Eggs 12; Salt 2 25; Bacon 9 a10; Lard 9 a10; Hams 10a12; Pork 7 00a7 50; Beef 4 00a 5 00; Flaxseed 1 24; Clover 5 75; Timothy Seed 2 50; Apples, green, $1 25 a 2, dry, 2 25a2 50 Wool, common, 25 a 28. fine, 34 a 42; white fish, h.-bbl 5 75; pickerel 5 00; trout 5 00 lake herring 5 00, Cranberries 3 00.

BLACHLY, SIMPSON & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
Foreign and Domestic
Staple & Fancy Dry Goods,
No 11 Pearl Street,
CINCINNATI,

Have now in store a large and varied stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Notions, &c. fresh and carefully selected, to which they will be constantly receiving additions during the season.

They ask the attention of Merchants visiting this city, this spring, to their stock. p3w31

Merchants visiting Cincinnati
are invited to examine our extensive assortment of
DRY GOODS
of all descriptions, at our New Warerooms, No. 77 Pearl Street.

JNO. W. ELLIS & Co.,
p3w31 Formerly at No. 23 Pearl Street.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed from the Clerk of Common Pleas of Allen County, I have levied upon and will expose for sale at public auction at the Court House door in said county, between the hours of one and four o clock P. M., of the 21th day of March, A D. 1857, the rents and profits for a term of years not exceeding seven of the north-west quarter of the north-east quarter of section twenty (20), in township thirty-two (32), north of range twelve (12) east, in Allen County, Indiana; and on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of judgment, interest thereon, and costs, I will at the sametime and place, and by public auction as aforesaid, expose to sale the fee simple of said real estate.

Ordered to be sold to satisfy said execution in the case of Myron F Barbour vs. Abraham Pulver, administrator of Eve Pulver, deceased.

WM. FLEMING, Sh'ff A. C,
L. C. JACOBY, Esq , Att'y.
Feb. 21, 1857. ($3 00) 5w33

J. B. WHITE,
Tailor and Furnisher,
Columbia Street, over Myers' New Jewelry Store,

IS now prepared to do all kinds of Custom Work in his line of business, on the most reasonable terms. My work is got up in the most fashionable style, and warranted to fit and give satisfaction to all parties.

Cutting and Repairing done.

Also Agent for J. Coby's New System Transfer Shoulder for Cutting Coats; the newest system out. 3m33

CAN FRUITS.—Fine fresh Peaches, Strawberries, and Pine Apples, in Cans, just received by
Jan. 16. DRAKE & BOURIE.

Final Settlement Notice.

In the matter of the Estate of Augustus Phelps, deceased.

THE administratrix of said estate having filed her final account current and vouchers in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana, more than ten days prior to the next term of said Court, Notice is hereby given that at the next term of said Court, said account current and vouchers will be presented and examined for a final settlement of said estate.

I. D. G. NELSON, C.C.C.P. Allen Co.
Feb. 14, 1857. ($1 50) 3w33

State of Indiana, Whitley County, ss. } In the Whitley Common Pleas Court, April Term, A.D. 1857.

PETITION FOR PARTITION.

Asa Meredith *vs.* Job Meredith.

WHEREAS, it appearing to the satisfaction of the Clerk of said Court, by the affidavit of a disinterested person, that the said Job Meredith is a non-resident of the State of Indiana,

Notice is therefore hereby given to the said John Meredith, that unless he shall appear in the Whitley Common Pleas Court, on the second day of the next term thereof (April 7th, 1857), then and there to answer, demur or plead to the petition of the said Asa Meredith, in this behalf, the same will be heard and determined in his absence.

: L.S. : Witness my hand as Clerk and the seal of said Court, at Columbia City, the 11th day of February, 1857.

ISAIAH B McDONALD,
Clerk Whitley Co. C P. Court.
JAMES S COLLINS, Att'y for Plaintiff,
February 11, 1857. ($2 35) 3w33

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an Execution to me directed by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, I will expose for sale by public auction, at the court house door in Allen County, Indiana, between the hours of one and four o'clock P. M. of the 7th day of March, A. D. 1857, the rents and profits for a term of years not exceeding seven, of Lot numbered one hundred and eight (108) in Hanna's addition to the town of Fort Wayne, in the county of Allen and State of Indiana; and on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgment, interest thereon, and costs, I will, at the same time and place, and by public auction as aforesaid, expose to sale the *fee simple* of said real estate.

Ordered to be sold to satisfy said execution in favor of John Conger, and against Abraham B. Miller.

WM. FLEMING, Sh'ff A C.
Feb. 13, 1857 [$2 00] 3w33

JOHN BROWN,
DEALER IN
STONE AND LIME,
N. Y. & Louisville Cement Plaster of Paris
AND LAND PLASTER.

The above articles kept constantly on hand at his new stone Building, north of the canal, near the City Mills y18

Nursery Notice.

THE undersigned, Proprietors of the ELM PARK NURSERIES, 4 miles east of Fort Wayne, will offer, the ensuing spring, great inducements to those wishing to set Orchards, or fit up Yards, Lawns and Ornamental Grounds.

They have a fine grown stock of

FRUIT TREES

in cultivation. No pains or expenses have been spared to obtain and test all the varieties of any celebrity, grown in any part of the United States.—The Trees are very thrifty, being grown in deep rich soil, without the use of manure, and much more certain to live than Eastern Trees that are grown almost exclusively by stimulating manures, in compact nursery rows, with scarce any roots; whilst ours have fine mass of fibrous roots, which, when taken fresh from the ground, will ensure their growth, if they receive any ordinary care in transplanting.

We have a fine stock of

Evergreens, Ornamental Trees, and Shrubbery,

including all the rare and beautiful Roses in cultivation; Peonies, white, pink, red and fragrant of different colors, besides SMALL FRUITS, such as Currants, Gooseberries, Strawberries, &c, &c.

GRAPE ROOTS of any size, from one year old plants to bearing vines, can be furnished in large or small quantities. The Grape is as easily grown as the Apple, and no person should dispense with so cheap a luxury.

Also a very large quantity of the finest and largest RHUBARB or Pie Plant in cultivation.

All orders directed to the subscriber, or left at the Clerk's Office in Fort Wayne, will be promptly filled.

W. H. LOOMIS & Co.
Feb 3, 1857. 3m32

BOOKS!
McDONALD'S TREATISE
On the Law relating to the
Powers & Duties
OF THE
JUSTICES OF THE PEACE & CONSTABLES
of the State of Indiana.

Just received at HILL & JACOBS,
February 12, Calhoun st.

HILL & JACOBS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Booksellers & Stationers,
Calhoun St., Fort Wayne.
School, Law, Medical and Miscellaneous Books; Writing, Wrapping and Printing Papers; Fancy Articles, &c.
Pianos, Melodeons, Guitars, and other MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
BOOK BINDING promptly executed.

BOOKS & STATIONERY
At Wholesale and Retail.

HILL & JACOBS would most respectfully announce to the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country, that they have now on hand a very large and well selected stock, consisting in part of

School Books
of every description used in this vicinity;
Law & Medical Books,
a general assortment;
MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,
a full supply of all kinds.
Also all the standard POETS.

PAPER—French, English and American Cap and Letter; Bill Paper, Wrapping, Printing, and Hardware do. of all kinds.

PAPER HANGINGS, Window Shades and Fire Board Prints—a beautiful assortment.

FANCY ARTICLES for Ladies and Gentlemen; Rose Wood and Mahogany Writing Desks, Port Folios, Card Cases, Ladies' Portmonaies, Gent's Travelling Cases, &c. &c.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

Piano Fortes, Melodeons, Guitars, Violins, Flutes, &c, of various styles and qualities, from the best manufactories in the United States.

SHEET MUSIC, the latest and most popular constantly on hand. Also; Guitar and Violin Strings, &c.

In short, in this establishment, may be found almost every thing, from the penny Toy Book up to a $10 Bible.

We have also, connected with this establishment, a BOOK BINDERY, and are prepared to do Binding of all kinds in as good and workmanlike manner as can be done in any place in the State.—County Officers, in the surrounding counties, are particularly requested to notice this, as we are prepared to do Blank Work in the very best style—Magazines and Periodicals neatly bound on the shortest notice.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS are earnestly solicited to give us a call, as our arrangements with Eastern Publishers and Booksellers are such as to enable to sell, at WHOLESALE, on very favorable terms.

By close attention to business, and best efforts to please we hope to merit a liberal share of public patronage.

Business Rooms at C. L. HILL'S old stand, Calhoun street, Fort Wayne, Ind.

C. L. HILL.
February 31, 1857. WM. JACOBS.

NOTICE.

THERE will be a meeting of the members of the Methodist Protestant Church at New Haven, Ind., on Wednesday, February 11th, 1857, at six o'clock P M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Trustees for a Meeting-House to be built in said village.

By order of the building committee.
Jan. 31, 1857. p2w31

Residence for Sale.

I OFFER for Sale the BRICK HOUSE, with TWO LOTS, adjoining the residence of J. L Williams on Wayne Street.

Apply to J L. WILLIAMS or P. HOAGLAND.
A. COMSTOCK.
Jan. 26th 1857. tf—31

First Annual Statement
OF THE CONDITION OF
FORT WAYNE GAS LIGHT COMPANY.
January 1, 1857.

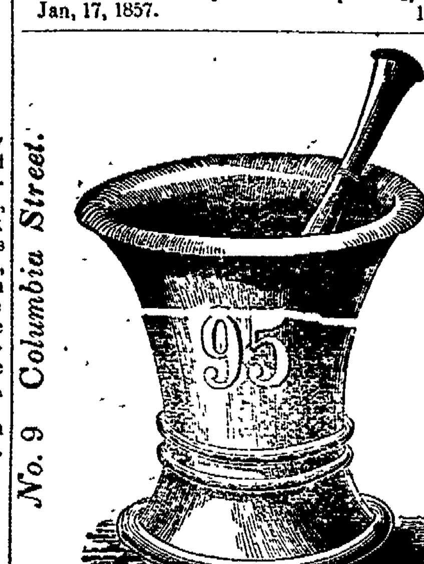
Amount of Capital Stock,	$65,000 00
Capital Stock all paid up.	
Amount of Liabilities	2220 42

B: W. OAKLEY, President.
L. F. KIRK, Sec'y.

H. WILLIAMS, A. C. HUESTIS.
WILLIAMS & HUESTIS,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
GROCERIES,
Fruit, Glass, Nails, Woodenware,
Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Lard. &c.,
No. 85 Columbia street,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

MERCHANTS supplied with Groceries of all kinds, on as favorable terms, all things considered, as can be purchased in *any market.*

☞*All orders filled with dispatch.*
Jan, 17, 1857. 1y29

No. 9 Columbia Street.

No. 95 Columbia, Street.

MEYER & BROTHER,
(Successors to Wall & Meyer,)
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,
PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, DYESTUFFS,
Patent Medicines, Surgical Instrumen Glassware, Window Glass, Brushes,
of all kinds
Pure Wines & Brandies
Perfumery Soaps, and Fancy Articles,

ARE constantly receiving fresh supplies of a articles in their line direct from New York an Boston.

Country Merchants and Physicians are respectfull invited to call and examine our stock. All Drug and Medicines will be warranted pure and unadulterated, having been selected with care from some of the best Eastern Houses.

Fort Wayne, Jan. 10th., 1857.

AMBROTYPES.
Price still Reduced!

HAVING a limited supply of material intended for the Holydays still on hand, good Pictures may be obtained for a short time, at

Mr. Benham's New Ambrotype Rooms,

at rates much lower than has ever before been offered in this city.

All wishing pictures will consult their interest and call without delay.

Something New!

MELAINOTYPE is the name of a new style of picture taken the same as the Ambrotype, except instead of being on glass, they are taken on *Metallic Plates*, thus obviating the objection of being broken.

These beautiful pictures are now taken at Mr. Benham's rooms, Columbia street, a few doors west of the Post Office. Call and see specimens

January 10th, 1857. 3w28

NEW DRUG STORE,
Apothecarie's Hall, 61 Columbia st., F. Wayne,
Dr. J. U. WINSLOW, Proprietor.

THE subscriber is now opening a LARGE and carefully selected stock of

English, French & German Chemicals,
Drugs, Medicines,
PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES,
Paint and Varnish Brushes, Glass, Glassware, Patent and Proprietary Medicines, Fancy Articles, &c.
ALSO
WINES, BRANDIES, and other LIQUORS,
which were imported expressly for medical purposes, and warranted pure, together with a lot of choice
Family Groceries, &c.

The above Goods were selected personally by the subscriber, and purchased for cash; he, therefore, feels assured that, in every respect, they will give complete satisfaction.

Practitioners in the country are especially invited to call and examine the quality and prices before purchasing.

☞ Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours.

☞ Professional advise given and prescription made without charge.

J U. WINSLOW, M. D.
Aug. 2, 1856. y5

Notice of Distribution to Heirs.

Estate of Leonard Chase.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the January term, 1857, of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana, after final settlement of the estate of Leonard Chase, deceased, the sum of ——— was found remaining for distribution amongst the heirs. Said heirs are therefore notified to appear at the next term of said Court, and receive their distributive share.

I. D. G. NELSON, C. C. C. P. Allen Co.
Feb, 6th, 185y. ($1 50) 3w32

BLANK DEEDS and MORTGAGES

For Sale at the SENTINEL OFFICE, at *Reduced Prices.*

Splendid Prizes for Farmers!
Two Ways of making Money!!

No. 1, One Silver Watch	$10
2, One Canary Bird	5
3, One pr Boots made to measure	5
4, Copy of Fort Wayne Newspaper tobe selected by the winner	2

The above prizes will be paid to persons delivering the most

BARK
To H. C. GREY & Co.,

at their Tannery on the Feeder Canal, near Capt. Rudisill's Mill, by the first day of August, 1857. The bark must be either

White or Black Oak,

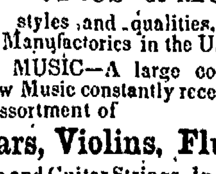
in good condition, and of this year's peeling.

The person bringing the most bark will receive the first prize; the one bringing the next largest amount will receive the second prize, and so on.—We will pay

The Highest Market Price in Cash for all Bark delivered.
January 31st.

100,000 Hides Wanted!

FOR which the highest market price will be paid in Cash.
Jan. 31. H. C. GREY & Co.

PIANO FORTE  WAREROOM

HILL & JACOBS having opened rooms for the sale of Piano Fortes and other Musical Instruments, keep on hand a full assortment of

Piano Fortes & Melodeons,

of various styles and qualities, from the most celebrated Manufactories in the United States.

SHEET MUSIC—A large collection kept on hand. New Music constantly received.

A fine assortment of

Guitars, Violins, Flutes, &c.

Also Violin and Guitar Strings. In fact, almost every thing in the music line.
Feb. 6, 1856.

NOTICE
To Liquor Dealers and Merchants.

A COMPLETE assortment of the OILS necessary for

Making and Flavoring every kind of
LIQUOR,

and a package of the articles used for giving ARTIFICIAL STRENGTH to Liquors, (converting 70 gallons of Whisky to 100 gallons,) and every article necessary to commence a LIQUOR STORE, will be furnished for $20. Also all the information necessary to conduct such an establishment, thus enabling the new beginner to successfully compete with the oldest liquor dealers

Address through the Post Office,
P. LACOUR, New Orleans.

LACOUR'S CONCENTRATED ACID for making VINEGAR is put up in 2 gallons packages, at $5 per package—in good shipping order.
January 10th, 1857. 1y28

KID GLOVES.

50 doz. Ladies and Gents. White, Black and Colored Kid Gloves of all sizes and of the most approved quality, this day opened and for sale at the Boston Dry Goods Store.
Dec 18, '56. WM. T. ABBOTT.

HARDWARE.

OLIVER P. MORGAN,
Successor to H. Durrie,
No 81 Columbia street, Fort Wayne, Ind

OFFERS a large assortment of STOVES which for quality and variety is equal to any in this market, at *greatly reduced prices.* Purchasers will find it to their advantage to call at least before buying elsewhere.

He is now receiving a large variety of

HARDWARE,
AMERICAN & FOREIGN BAR IRON
AND STEEL, OF ALL SIZES,
Axles Eliptic Springs, Anvils, Bellows, Vices,
and other heavy goods, which in variety will compare with any stock in this vicinity.

FARMER'S GOODS,
such as Chains of all kinds, Shovels, Spades, Scoops Forks, Grubbing Hoes Picks, &c , &c.

Building Materials
including Nails, Sash and Glass, of all sizes DOOR TRIMMINGS—Locks, Latches, Butts, Screws, &c.

MECHANICS' TOOLS for Carpenters and Joiners Blacksmiths and Coopers, fully up to the times in shape and quality.

Saddlers' Hardware & Gunsmiths' Trimmings,
of a greater variety than is usually found
TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,
Plated and Britannia Castors, Tea and Table Spoons, Forks, &c.

SOLAR & FLUID LAMPS,
Britannia Tea Setts Curtain Cornices and Bands, together with
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS
of every kind and variety.

He is prepared to execute any order for the manufacture of

Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Work.

To Merchants he offers an assortment of TIN WARE, warranted in quality, at *Lower Prices* than usual

Tin Plate and Tinners' Goods always on hand.
Dec. 19, 1856. y—25

CITY ORDERS!

SOME difficulty having occurred in determining the amount of outstanding orders issued by the city, on account of their not having been properly recorded:—All persons holding City Orders issued prior to May 1st, 1855, are requested to surrender them to the City Clerk, who is authorized to make a new issue for all orders surrendered, including the accrued interest,

It is hoped that the holders of such orders will present them as soon as convenient, or before the 1st day of March next, as the Council wish to determine the amount outstanding, and make arrangements for their redemption at as early a day as possible.

By order of the Council,
A. C. PROBASCO, City Clerk.
Fort Wayne, December 18, 1856 3m25

JAMES E. MORRISON,
Dealer in Groceries,

OFFERS for sale, North side of Main street, opposite the Public Square, a general assortment of

Family Groceries,

Amongst which may be found

Coffee, Sugars, Teas, Molasses, Syrups, Spices, Tobacco, Soap, Candles, Wash Boards, Buckets, Nails, Window Glass, Cotton Batting, Candle Wick, Alum, Madder Copperas, Bed Cords, Powder, Lead, Caps, &c.

He will pay in cash the highest market price for all kinds of produce and marketing.

N. B. Remember the place, North side of Main Street, opposite Public Square.
Fort Wayne, Dec 11, 1856 y24

REMOVAL.
MRS. SULLEY

BEGS to announce to the Ladies of Fort Wayne and vicinity, that she has removed her Fancy Store and MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT from near the Canal Bridge, to her new store, on the

Corner of Wayne and Calhoun streets, opposite the Mayer House.

Mrs. SULLEY would say to the Ladies of Fort Wayne that her new store has been fitted up expressly for the Millinery business, and is replete with all the elegancies and conveniences, necessary for an extensive trade, and she will at all times keep on hand a large and well selected stock of

Millinery & Fancy Goods,

Embroideries, Linen and Fancy Laces, Dress-Trimmings, Mantles, Furs, &c.

Mrs S hopes by strict attention to business, the low prices and superior quality of her goods, to offer inducements beyond any house in the trade.

Fort Wayne, December 1st, 1856. 3m21

READY-MADE SHIRTS.

10 DOZEN fine Shirts, with real Linen Bosoms and made in the best manner, just opened at ABBOTTS

Also, 20 Dozen Linen Bosoms that we sell for what the linen would cost, at the Boston Dry Goods Store WM. T. ABBOTT.

RUBBERS! RUBBERS!

GENTS heavy Rubbers for 75 cents a pair.
Misses do " 50 "
at ABBOTTS.
Dec. 18, '56.

NEW STYLE DE LAINES.

20 Pieces splendid New Style de Laines received by express, this day, and for sale by
WM. T. ABBOTT.

The Saturday Evening Post.
THE BEST WEEKLY PAPER.
Sample Numbers Fusnished Gratis.
EXAMINE FOR YOURSELVES.

Apply to the publishers,
DEACON & PETERSON,
3w31 66 South Third St., Philadelphia.

FEATHERS—a large lot just received and for sale cheap by
Jan. 21, 2857. GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

On hand and arriving for J. W. ROBB & Co.,

25 Hhds. N. O. Sugar,	20 bags Pepper,
15 do P. R. do	10 do Pimento,
10 Tierces, Cuba do	25 boxes Gro. Pepper,
100 bbls. Crushed do	25 do do Pimento,
30 do Pow'd do	100 do No. 1 Herring,
25 do Granulated do	100 do Scaled do
50 do Coffee crush do	50 do Layer Raisins,
50 do Grocer's Syrup,	50 do M R do
30 do Golden do	30 hf do do do
20 do Portland do	25 qr do do do
20 do P R Molasses,	100 matts Cassia,
30 do N. O. do	50 bales Cott Wick,
300 bags Rio Coffee,	50 do do twine,
100 do Laguaira do	100 bbls Tar,
50 pockets O G Java do	25 do Tanners' Oil,
70 hf ch'ts Y H Tea,	50 boxes Mustard,
25 do Imperial do	25 do Cream Tartar,
20 do G P do	50 do No. 1 Soap,
25 do Black do	30 do Toilet do
100 catties Imp & Bld. do	10 do Castille do
200 boxes Tobacco lbs. 10s & 5s.	100 do T D Pipes,
	100 do K N do
50 kegs Ky 6 twist	Alum, Madder, Copperas,
200 boxes Star Candles,	Chrome Green, Chrome
100 do Pearl Starch,	Yellow. Extract Logwood.
50 do Pepper Sauce,	Citrons, Figs, British
20 do Tomato Catsup,	Lustre, Nutmegs, Cloves,
50 do No. 1 Chocolate,	&c., &c.

Also, a fine stock of
Foreign and Domestic Liquors and Cigars.
J. W. ROBB & Co.

Holiday Gifts.

ON hand at the Boston Dry Goods Store, No. 75 Columbia Street, Retticules, Work Boxes, Card Cases, Cigar Cases, Dressing Cases, Fans Odor Paper Weights, Portmonnaies, Tablets, and lots of other Fancy Goods that will be sold during the holidays, at a

Great Deduction from first Cost,

as we are very anxious to clear out all such traps without delay.
Dec. 18, 1856. WM. T. ABBOTT.

GENTS SHAWLS.

A NEW lot, by express, just received at
WM T ABBOTT.
Dec. 18, 1856.

THOSE SHILLING MUSLINS.

WE have just received four cases of those beautiful soft finished Bleached Muslins, that are better that can be bought elsewhere for 15 cents, and while they last, we shall sell at the same old price. Owing to the great advance in cotton goods, this lot will be the last we shall have. Call soon and get a years' supply at the Boston Dry Goods Store.
Dec. 18, '56 WM. T. ABBOTT

Dr. Wright's Tonic Bitters
AND
INVIGORATING CORDIAL!
PREPARED ONLY BY
DR. HOMER WRIGHT, Pittsburg, Pa.
Proprietor of Dr. Wright's Family Medicines.

A Delightful Tonic, Anti-Dyspeptic, and Invigorant, having the soft and delicious flavor of the rarest Cordials.

These Bitters never fail to cure

Dyspepsia Liver Complaint, Headache,

And all Disease having their origin in Imperfect Indigestion, or a Deranged Condion of the Stomach, Liver or Kidneys.

Such as Pain in the Stomach, Heartburn, oppression after Eating, Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Costiveness, Inward Piles, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Loss of Appetite, Night Sweats, Flatulency, Pains in the Chest, Back or Side, Nausea, Difficult Breathing, Swimming of the Head, Fluttering of the Heart Sudden Flushes of Heat, Choking or Suffocating Sensation when lying down Fever, and Dull Pain in the Head, Dots and Webs before the Sight, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes &c., &c.

The use of these Bitters imparts a Tone to the Stomach, which fortifies the system against all infectious diseases, as well as renders safe a residence in FEVER AND AGUE Districts, or in localities where the water is impure and unhealthy. Used as a beverage to ward off Fever and Ague, or as a medicine in the debility occasioned by that disease. or other fevers: these BITTERS posses merits far superior to any other article in the market.

With its Tonic properties, in unites the power of calming Irritation and allaying Nervous Irritability. It never fails to cure Neuralgia, Paralysis, Nervous debility, a Prickly Sensation of the Flesh, Mental Depression, constant imagining of evil, Great depression of Spirits, Faintness after exercise, Broken Sleep and Terrifying Dreams.

As a medicine in FEMALE DISEASES—in Fleur Albus, chronic tendency to miscarriage, general lassitude and weakness, sinking of the stomach. pains of the limbs, irregularities, obstructions, &c., it will be found the best medicine ever offered to the sex.—Fully one half of our female population are in bad health, or as they express it, "never feel well." They feel prostrated, have no energy, no appetite, and are extremely nervous. The tonic and invigorating properties of these Bitters render them invaluable to this class of invalids.

THE AGED AND INFIRM

Will find in these Bitters a Cordial that will restore in a degree, the ardor and energy of more youthful days, infuse new life into their veins, and make their descent down "the slippery vale of years," healthy and happy.

Living witnesses can be found in almost every village in the Union, who have certified to the good properties of these Bitters in the afflictions for which they are recommended.

WHAT THEY SAY AT HOME

Mrs Jarvis, of delicate constitution, residing at No 25 Ross street, after suffering nine years with the worst form of Dyspepsia and general debility, and spending hundreds of dollars in travelling for health and paying doctor's bills was CURED SOUND AND WELL by the use of two bottles of Dr. Wright's Tonic Bitters and Invigorating Cordial. She says "By the use of your Bitters I can now take my meals regularly, and experience no unpleasant effects from eating of any dish set before me. I think I am cured permanently sound and well, and have no dread of a recurrence of the disease."

Mr L. R Livingston, of the Pittsburgh Novelty Works, says; "Two female members of my family have derived great benefit from the use of your Bitters Send me two more bottles."

Mrs Kinzer, No 62 Smithfield street, an aged and infirm lady, suffering from Dyspepsia and debility, says: "Your Bitters did me more good than any other medicine I ever tried"

Mr Lucien Gray, No 17 Grant Street, says "I caught a bad cold, which settled on my lungs; and I became very weak and debilitated, with symptoms of Consumption; but by the use of your Bitters I soon regained my health and strength. I would recommend them to persons suffering from weakness or debility of any kind, as I know they are good."

One dose taken before meals will create a good appetite, assist digestion, remove flatulency, prevent costiveness, and be a sure cure for Dyspepsia.

IN QUART BOTTLES—Price $1.

DR WRIGHT'S PURGATIVE POWDER FOR CHILDREN.

These Powders being small and sweet, can be mixed in the common food of the child, without exciting the least suspicion. As a physic for children, they are far preferable to nauseating oils and vermifuges, and are superseding all other medicines for children, wherever introduced.

In Derangement of the Bowels, swelling of the Liver, soreness in the side, symptoms of spasms, summer complaint, &c, or as a VERMIFUGE, they have no equal.

MORE HOME TESTIMONY.

Mrs. Bevington, of Birmingham, Pa, says:—"That box of Powders which I took with me to Ohio saved the life, I am sure, of one, of my children in the Summer Complaint. While I have children, I never want to be without your Powders."

Mrs. Patterson, No. 1 Reed st., says—"I gave one powder to my little girl in the afternoon, and another at bed time, and next morning she passed more than ONE HUNDRED WORMS.

N. B.—Any simple medicine can be given to assist the operation, if necessary.

Mrs. Patterson, No. 219 Front street, Mrs Gray, No. 17 Grand street, Mrs Greer, No. 183 Second street, Mrs Jope, No 174 Front street, Mrs. Atterbury Grand street, Mrs Allsip, Penna. Avenue, and a host of other highly respectable ladies of Pittsburg, have given these Powders, in affection of the Liver, Summer Complaint, Worms, and other disorders of the Bowels in children, and recommend them highly Price 25 cents per box.

DR. WRIGHT'S LIVER PILLS.

An excellent family Pill, highly efficacious in affections of the Liver and all Bilious Disorders.—They cannot be excelled as a mild and efficient cathartic, in all cases where pills are necessary.

Price 25 cents per box.

Manufactory and principal depot No 8 Grant st., Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞Dr. Wright's Medicines are sold wolesale and retail, by Dr. J. W. WINSLOW, Apothecaries' Hall, Fort Wayne; P. HELLER & SON, Heller's Corners; D. J. DANTON, Perry; SNYDER, & TALBOT, Zanesville; J. BEACHGOOD, Maysville; and by Dealers in Medicine everywhere. 1y24

New Grocery and Provision Store!
Corner of Berry and Calhoun streets, opposite G. Miller's.

A. G. BARNETT respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has opened in the above store, (formerly Reiter's Confectionary,) a full stock of choice

FAMILY GROCERIES

Crushed, Coffee, and N. Orleans Sugars; Rio and Java Coffee; Teas, Pepper, Spices, Tobacco, Segars, Pickles, Sauces, &c., &c.

CONFECTIONARIES
Of all kinds, Wholesale and Retail.

PROVISIONS such as Potatoes Butter, Eggs, Fruit, Flour, Corn Meal, Dried Beef, Hams, Fish; &c.

Cash paid for all kinds of Farmers' Produce.

It is his design to furnish his customers with the very best and choicest articles in the above line, and to sell at the very lowest prices, and he therefore hopes to receive a liberal share of public patronage.
Nov. 231. tf—21

Notice.

BYRAM D MINER is appointed my Agent to make contracts, during my absence, for the sale of any or all of the real and personal estate owned by me in Allen County, Indiana.

WILLIAM G EWING, Jr.
Fort Wayne, September 17th, 1856. 3m12

A CARD.

WE take this opportunity of saying to our customers and the public, that we now have in store one of the largest and best assorted stock of

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES

ever offered by us in this market.

Our facilities for buying in the Eastern Markets are unsurpassed by any other house in the State.—One of our firm, JONAS W. TOWNLEY, devotes his whole time to the purchase of Goods in the New York, Boston and Philadelphia Market, which enables us, instead of purchasing and receiving all our Goods at one time, to have

New Goods arrive almost every day!

We have, this Spring, received over seven hundred packages of goods, and more are on the way.

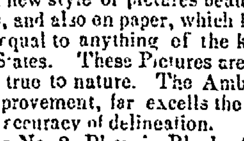
Our assortment will be found complete in each department, and we invite the attention of *Merchants in town or country, Farmers, Mechanics, and the public* in general, to give us a call, and we assure them our aim will be to give them Goods in our line, at

Wholesale or Retail,

as cheap as they can be afforded in this market.

One Price, and no abatement.

J. W TOWNLEY & Co.
Fort Wayne, April 19th, 1856,

DAGUERREOTYPE, AMBROTYPE,
And PHOTOGRAPHIC Rooms.


A. McDONALD returns his sincere thanks to the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country for their liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon him; and would respectfully invite their attention to a new style of pictures beautifully gotten up on Glass, and also on paper, which he is prepared to execute equal to anything of the kind now in the United States. These Pictures are peculiarly life like and true to nature. The Ambrotype being the latest improvement, far excells the Daguerreotypes with the accuracy of delineation.

Rooms No. 2 Phoenix Block, Calhoun street,
FORT WAYNE.

DRAKE & BOURIE
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA,

HAVE removed their Wholesale and Retail PROVISION EMPORIUM to No. 5 Phoenix Block. Calhoun street, two doors north of Evans & Co. where they have just received a large choice stock of

GROCERIES,
Provisions, Pickles, Preserves,
Can Fruits, Confectionaries,
Fish, &c., &c.

All of which will be sold very low for cash, and cash only.

To Farmers they offer the highest cash price for all kinds of marketing, and to the Citizens of Fort Wayne, the largest and most complete assortment of EATABLES in the city, *delivered Free of Charge* at their residences.

Are Agents for Maltbey's celebrated

Baltimore Oysters.
Dec 1, 1856.

Quit Drinking Poisonous Liquors
PATENT IMPROVED PROCESS
FOR MAKING ALL KINDS OF
Liquors and Vinegar,
INSTANTLY, by the use of
LACOUR'S ESSENTIAL OILS.

THESE OILS are obtained by Distillation at the Chemical Laboratory, Parish of Jefferson, of PIERRE LACOUR, author of Lacour's Chemical Analysis, Lacour's Chemical Manipulations, Lacour on the Manufacture of Liquors, &c.

Purchasers are particularly requested to return the flasks and obtain their money, if the Oil does not give perfect satisfaction.

LACOUR'S OIL OF COGNAC converts neutral spirit to a superior imitation of Imported Brandies viz: Otard, Sezrac, Murett Cognac, Poultney, Seignette, United Vineyard Proprietors, Castillon, and London Dock-Brandies These Liquors will have a full fruity flavor and a beautiful sparkling color. Common Rectified Whisky will be changed by the use of the Oil of Cognac to New York Brandy Pine Apple Brandy, Common Cognac Brandy, &c.

LACOUR'S OIL OF RYE changes Rectified Whisky to Monnongahela Rye Whisky, Old Virginia Malt Whisky, Bourbon Whisky, &c.

OIL OF CEDRAT changes common Rectified Whiskey to Old Irish Malt Whisky, and a superior article of Scotch Whisky.

OIL OF PEACH changes common Whisky to Virginia Peach Brandy, &c Oil of Peach and Oil of Cognac will convert common Whisky to Apple Brandy

OIL OF GIN converts the poorest Whisky to Holland Gin, Schiedam Schnapps, Rose Gin, Swan Gin, English Gin, &c.

LACOUR'S CONCENTRATED ACID will, in five hours after being mixed, change five gallons of good Vinegar and twenty five gallons of water to thirty gallons of the most acid Vinegar that can be found in the market. By the use of Lacour's Concentrated Acid, vinegar can be made for one dollar and sixty cents per barrel.

FOR MAKING LIQUORS, Lacour's Oils require no preparation—only pour the Oil into the Whisky and shake well. The Liquors thus made will have a fine natural aroma, a full, rich, oily taste; a beautiful transparent color, and a fine bead Lacour's Oils exert three distinct properties in converting common Whisky to Brandy, Gin, &c The first property combines with and absorbs the form of flocculent particles the whole of the grain oil (Amyle Alcohol) The Whisky is thus depressed of that peculiar irritating and burning taste, and becomes a neutral spirit; the second property consists in an oily mucillaginous este imparted to the liquor, which renders it mellow and imparts an appearance of great age; the third property is exhibited in the rich vinous nutty oder that is imparted to the liquor, which renders distinction from the genuine brands impossible.

These oils are put up in quart flasks; each flask contains sufficient oil for making three hundred gallons of liquor. Full and comprehensive directions accom. any the bottles. Price $2 per bottle.

For Sale at the corner of St. Charles and Poydras Streets, New Orleans.

One bottle of these oils, five in number, will be securely hacked and shipped with bill of lading, to any part of the country, upon the receipt of $10, to the address of

P. LACOUR, New Orleans.

Purcasers are requested, as a guarantee of good faith, to furnish us the name of any house in New Orleans, and we will ship them a package of the Oils. If they do not perform all that is claimed for them, they will cost nothing.
January 10th, 1857. 1y28

Grocery & Provision Store.

H. C. HANNA continues the business at the old stand of SIGAFF & HANNA No 60 Columbia street, and keeps on hand a full supply of

Family Groceries
AND PROVISIONS,

which he will warrant to be of the best quality—none else will ever be found at this establishment. He will sell at the

Lowest Figure for Cash,

and deliver free of charge in any part of the city.

FLOUR AND FEED

Constantly on hand. The highest price paid for all kinds of Grain and Produce.
October 25. y17

OILS! OILS!

LINSEED OIL, Lard Oil, Bark Oil, Sperm Oil, Tanners' Oil, Corn Oil, Sweet Oil, Castor Oil, and all Ethereal and Essential Oils, for sale at WHOLESALE and RETAIL by
MEYER & BROTHER,
Druggists, No. 95 Columbia street.

CARPETINS.

THE best assortment of Carpetings ever offered in this market may be found at the Boston Dry Goods Store. Also Druggett Crumb Cloths, with borders; and a large invoice of 4-4, 5-4, 6-4 and 8-4 Floor Oil Cloths.

Cedar Paper to put under Carpets, Carpets Bindings, and Carpet Parks constantly on hand.
WM. T. ABBOTT.

MACABOY SNUFF—a fine quality of Lorillard's rose scented, at
J. U WINSLOW.

I HAVE on hand a good assortment of BROCHA SHAWLS single and double, of beautiful patterns, which will be sold at reduced price. at No. 87 Columbia street H R SCHWEGMAN.

Dr. J. B. MARCHISI'S
CELEBRATED CATHOLICON
For the Relief and Cure of Suffering Females.

IT stands pre-eminent for its curative powers in all the diseases for which it is recommended, usually caled

Female Complaints.

Of these are PROLAPSUS UTERI, or falling of the womb; FLUOR ALBUS, or whites; CHRONIC INFLAMMATION AND ULCERATION OF THE WOMB, INCIDENTAL HEMORRHAGE, or Flooding; PAINFUL, SUPPRESSED AND IRREGULAR MENSTRUATION, &c., with all their accompanying evils, (Cancer excepted,) no matter how severe or of how long standing.

☞This medicine has never been introduced by empty puffs and misrepresentations, nor is it intended that its present popularity shall be sustained by any medium but its merits and the approbation of the public.

REFERENCES.

The Medicine is now well known and appreciated and will have a steady and increasing sale. I know of no preparation that can compare with it for the particular complaints for which it is designed. I am satisfied, by the use now making of it in my own family, and by almost every day's evidence of its benefits to others, that it justly merits the warmest recommendations its best friends have given of it.

E. B PERKINS, M. D., Marietta, Ohio.

Having now used the remedy for four years in my practice, I rely wholly on it for the cure of almost all female diseases.

With many regards for yourself, I remain yours &c
H. F BENNETT, M D., Canandaigua N.Y.

Thus far, it has given satisfaction in all cases where it has been used, and I do not hesitate to recommend it in every case for which it is designed.—I consider it an invaluable medicine, and sufferers should know of it

L BROWN, M D, Claremont, N. H.

* * * I would be glad to have a further supply, as the medicine is becoming very popular, and I think will continue, as it has given relief in every case when properly taken.

THOMAS NEWMAN, M D, Mt. Vernon, Ind.

The Catholicon is doing good service here All the patients that have tried the medicine have been benefitted but one—and that one nothing will help Truly yours,

WM LAIRD HAZLETT, M D,
New Philadelphia, Ohio.

I am persuaded, after trying it in a great many cases, that it surpasses all other remedies within my knowledge for that class of difficulties for which it is recommended. It has cured some very extreme cases under my observation, which have resisted all other treatment.

L D FLEMING, M D, Rochester, N. Y.

The claims of this medicine to the confidence of the public are strengthened by the fact of its having received the approbation and liberal patronage of many prominent members of the Medical Faculty of the United States, some of whom have voluntarily given letters of commendation (see pamphlet) sustaining all that is claimed for it as a curative agent.

Pamphlets containing much useful information touching the nature and symptoms of the above diseases, together with testimonials from ladies of the highest respectability, as certified by the most satisfactory authority, to all which the attention of ladies and practitioners is respectfully invited, can be had gratis at the store of

HUGH B. REED, Druggist,
Sole Agent for Fort Wayne, Ind.

Also sold by
Prilliaman & Karns, Bluffton.
Jesse Daviess, William Norton, } Huntington.
Robert Browning, Wholesale Druggist, Indianapolis.
W. W, Robbrts, " "
H, Blacksley, " St. Louis.
J. B. MARCHISI & Co, Proprietors,
3.m26 Central Depot. 304 Broadway, N.Y.

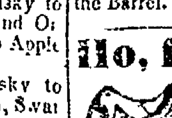
NITRATE of Silver *Pure* in pencels and cristals; Sulphate of Quinine; Sulphate, Muriate, and Acetate of Morphia; Strychnia, Veratria, Podophillin, Iodine, Iodide of Iron, Hydriodate of Potassa, Acetate of Iron, Phosphate of Iron, Citrate of Iron, and pure Iron Filings.

For sale by J. U. WINSLOW,
Aug. 30. *At Apothecaries Hall.*

J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Dry Goods and Groceries,
Corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets.
FORT WAYNE, IND.
JONAS W. TOWNLEY. ROBERT TOWNLEY.

HENRY C. HANNA,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Family Groceries and Provisions.

COFFEE by the Sack. N O Sugar by the Hogshead or barrel. N O Molasses by the Barrel. Pulverized Sugar by the Barrel. Crushed Sugar by the Barrel. Stewart's Golden Syrup by the Barrel.

Ho, for the Farmers!


ALL those that want anything in the line of

SADDLERY

would do well to call on WM BOWEN & SON, as they have every thing in that line All their work is made by men and not made by boys. They have the largest stock ever offered in this city.

Shop in the second story of Bowen's Building.

They will sell BETTER QUALITY of Work for LESS MONEY than any other house in this city.
Nov. 15 y17

Fair Haven Oyster
DEPOT.

THE undersigned have opened a Wholesale and Retail OYSTER DEPOT on the corner of Calhoun and Berry streets, at Reiter's old Confectionary Store, and are prepared to furnish Families Parties, &c., at reduced prices, of Fair Haven and Baltimore Oysters, in kegs, cans, and half-cans.—We solicit a call from all lovers of Oysters, and especially those in the trade

P S. Orders from abroad punctually attended to.
WHITMORE & FILSON,
3m19 Agents for the Co.

Great Chance or a Bargain!
DESIRABLE REAL ESTATE
FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale the well known and beautifully situated Tract of Land on which he resides, situate on the St. Jo Feeder, adjoining the city of Fort Wayne, and containing about 30 acres. It is perhaps the most desirable property in this vicinity for a handsome SUBURBAN RESIDENCE, or it might be advantageously divided and would sell readily in

TOWN LOTS.

It will be sold cheap for Cash, if immediate application be made to the undersigned on the premises, or to the Publisher of the Ft Wayne Sentinel.
E. HINTON.
October 25th, 1865

DRESS GOODS—Challis, Bareges, Lawns, Ginghams, Silks De Laines, &c.—new styles, just received at ORFFS.

To Rent

THREE good Rooms, suitable for Offices, situate on the second story of the new brick building No. 90 Columbia street Also, one large Room in third story, suitable for public meetings; and a large Dry Cellar. Will be rented together or separately.

Inquire of
H THIEME.
Oct. 11th. tf—15

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

[Continued from the First Page]

'Dublin township, one hundred majority for Zim morning!'

'Nine cheers for old Zim!'

'Hip, hip, hurrah!'

The excited candidate was wild with joy and excitement, and he again invited the party to drink.

Another horseman came—another and still another—each one bringing an overwhelming majority for Zim, from the township represented.

'Alas! that it should be the same mad wag under various disguises that brought old Zim the glorious news. The column as footed up gave Zim a cool thousand majority.

Didn't he spend a cool thirty? The landlord's till groaned under the weight of Old Zim's deposits.

'Gentlemen,' said old Zim, 'my heart is full, [his head was'nt anything else,] and I can only say that the glory of this contest belongs to you. 'But I feel a brick in your hat,' said a wag,] and that I have been the humble instrument of breaking down the system.'

Nine cheers.

Thus matters progressed until those who were completely 'sowed up' were laid out, and the remainder found their way home—some charitable friends of the Sheriff elect, toting him home on a shutter.

Early in the morning, the village wags with throbbing temples, met at the tavern to 'take a hair from the dog that bit them,' as well as to laugh over the 'saw' played on old Zim—but scarcely had they commenced worship before in stalk the old gentleman still under the delusion that he had carried the day—nay, more, he insisted on spending a V by way of a morning whet. The wags were determined to keep it up as long as possible, and again drank and congratulated him on his success.

In the midst of the noise and confusion in bounded an inky printer's devil, who deposited an extra on the table, containing the returns. Eagerly did old Zim seize it, and hover over it but a minute. The conclusion of it all is sufficient for the reader. It is as follows:

'By the above it will be seen that the democracy has again triumphed, as Wattles [dem.] majority over Tibbets [Whig] is one hundred and fifty. Zimmerman [volunteer] had three votes in Bergon, two in Dublin, one in Lower Buffalo, and one in this borough [supposed to be cast by himself,] making a total of seven votes.'

The extra dropped from old Zim's hands; he moved towards the door and then looking round full at the gapping crowd he said leisurely:

'Gentlemen, you may go to thunder!' rushing from the bar room, he has never again been heard of in Bugsbury.

The Supply of Cotton.—Apprehensions begin to be felt in England the supply of raw material will not keep pace with the growth of manufactures. Since 1817 the imports of cotton into England from the United States have doubled. In that year the imports were 1,234,000 bales, and in 1856 2,467,000: but, in the face of this, such have been the progress of British manufactures, and the extension of the cotton-trade, that at the end of 1817 the stock on hand at Liverpool was 450,000 bales, or twenty weeks' consumption—while in 1855, with an import of 2,467,000, they ended the year with a stock on hand at Liverpool of only 332,000 bales, or eight weeks' consumption. The estimated crop from the United States this year is only 3,000,000 bales; and at the present rate of consumption it is but England cannot, with that estimate, have anything on hand at the end of the year, for at the present time the United States and the continent are using as much cotton as Great Britain herself.

These facts are directing public attention in England to renewed inquiries respecting the possible success of the cotton culture in India. It is said that the East India Company might long ago have made it a cotton-producing country, and the opinion is expressed that if the Yankees had had it they would have long since made it so.

Negative Artesian Wells.—The London Society of Arts have published Herr Bruckman's paper on "Negative Artesian Wells" that is wells which take instead of giving out water.—Such wells serve as permanent drains, they are sunk in loose strata, or where, communication exists with fathomless fissures or deep lying streams. Herr Bruckman, who is a native of Wurtemburg, states that they may be established in all the so-called normal or sediment formation, deluvium, tertiary, deposits, chalk, Jurassic rocks, and others. And he brings forward examples of the benefits that have followed the sinking of negative wells in towns or in swampy country districts. The drainage becomes at once perfect and constant, fluid matters of all kinds find their way to its mouth, and flow away, while solid matters may be stopped, and used for various purposes.

Kansas "Relief."—We have at last, says the New Hampshire Patriot, something definite in regard to the "relief" furnished by the N. Hampshire "freedom shriekers" to the Kansas sufferers. It appears in the last number of the Independent Democrat, in the form of a card signed by Rev. Mr. Lovejoy and his wife, dated at Lawrence, (Kansas) January 5. They say that the "sum TOTAL" received by them from N. Hampshire is as follows: "One tick, one comforter, two pair sheets, one pair ladies' shoes, two pair drawers, two flannel shirts." Here we have the "sum total" received from New Hampshire!—What has become of the remainder of the funds, including those "cash contributions" which Fogg has received? It is about time to have a report on that subject.

The Rural Districts Equal to any Emergency.—A countryman went to the Lowell post-office, with a bank bill, for a dollar's worth of postage stamps, the clerks wanted specie, and he straightway returned with four Spanish quarters, these being also denied admittance, except at a discount, he came a third time with a hundred coppers, and very copperish look of exultation.—Being informed by the official behind the window that coppers were not a legal tender to a larger extent than three cents at a time, the man from the rural district cooly purchased a single stamp, and repeated the operation till his persecutor caved and took in the remaining cents in a lump, much to the internal satisfaction of the individual outside.—*Springfield Republican.*

☞ In the Wisconsin Assembly, a resolution was introduced to extend an invitation to the respective clergy of Madison to open the morning sessions by prayer, each in turn, and to be paid $25 for it, but this bonus was stricken out, and a resolution inviting them to pray, it being entirely out of their line to pray to Almighty God for his blessings on the Legislature without pay for it.—*Detroit Free Press.*

We suspect the Legislature, nevertheless, gets an occasional blessing from the clergy for nothing.

St. Louis, Feb. 12.

From Kansas and the Plains.—The Westport correspondent of the Republican says that the out-ward-bound Santa Fe mail left on the 3d instant.

A letter from Bent's Fort, of November 23, says that the fort is safe, but the Kiowas have declared war against the whites. Bent has twenty-five whites and four hundred friendly Cheyennes to defend the fort.

A convention to frame a State Constitution for Kansas will meet at Lecompton on the first Monday in September.

A *New Telegraph.*—Some wicked rascal suggests a new kind of telegraph, namely: to place a line of women at the distance of fifty paces from each other, and commit to the first the news to be transmitted, *as a profound secret.* It is thought that there would be greater dispatch secured by such a plan than by any other.

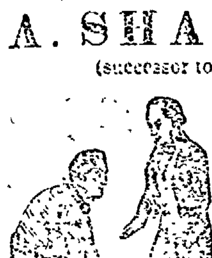
BOOTS & SHOES,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

No. 89 Columbia Street,

A. SHANKLIN,

(successor to *H L Hanna*,)



HAVING purchased the entire stock of Boots and Shoes of A. L. Hanna and daily receiving new invoices, we feel confident that we have the

LARGEST, CHEAPEST, and Best Assorted Stock

of any establishment in northern Indiana to which we call the attention of *Country Merchants*

We continue the manufacture of

Fine French Calf Boots & Shoes

to Custom orders only, and are confident that we can give good satisfaction in that line, both as to fit and wear.

H. SHANKLIN.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 25, 1856.

SHOVELS —Ames & Lippencott's Canal and Grain Shovels. R. W. TAYLOR.

PURE LEMON JUICE. Identical with the expressed juice of Fresh Lemons. For sale at *Apothecaries Hall.*

Coombes' Boarding House.

MRS. COOMBES begs respectfully to inform the inhabitants of Fort Wayne and its vicinity that she has taken and fitted up at a great expense the old established Boarding House No 20 Main street, opposite Mr. John Miller's Furniture Ware house, and solicits the patronage of those who may need a comfortable home, assuring them, from her superior taste and long experience in domestic arrangements, it will be replete with every comfort, second to none. Ladies and Gentlemen travelling will finds a desirable situation.

Good stabling. 3 m18

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60 Pieces CARPETS.
10 Pieces OIL CLOTHS,
10 Pieces MATTING,

For sale by J. W. TOWNLEY & Co

April 19, 1856.

ENGLISH BREAKFAST and fine Oolong Teas, for sale at 61 Columbia street

J U WINSLOW.

HECKER'S FARINA. Pearl Tapioca, Pearl Sago, Pearl Barley, Bermuda Arrow-root—fresh and of the best quality, at 61 Columbia street

J. U. WINSLOW.

WHITE FISH, Pickerel, Lake Salmon, Herring &c., in half bbls—a prime article just received.

July 14th. M. DRAKE.

Who Wants a Home,

and Ten Years to pay for it?

I WILL sell all that part of the well known Kercheval Reserve, laying in St Joseph Township, containing 413 acres, in lots to suit purchasers. The land is of the best quality, and well timbered with Poplar, Walnut, Oak, Ash, &c. I have a Saw Mill on the adjoining premises, so that all the logs can be put into cash. The wood will pay well to haul in Fort Wayne.

TERMS—Those that will go on to improve their land will have two years credit on the entire amount, by paying the interest annually in advance. The principal will then be required in eight equal payments at three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, and ten years from time of purchase.

Purchasers can, if they wish, rent portions of my improved farm adjoining, until they get their land cleared.

For particulars inquire of the subscriber, living at the Steam Saw Mill adjoining, four miles east of Fort Wayne, on the north side of the Maumee river.

JOHN T. BROWNING.

July 25. tf—4

Farm for Sale.

THE undersigned will the Farm on which he resides, in Washington Township, Allen County, containing Eighty Acres. Forty-Five Acres are cleared and in a good state of cultivation; the remainder good timber; Twenty-Six Acres of Wheat in the ground, Eight Acres of good Meadow.

This property will be sold at a bargain, for cash, upon application to the subscriber, residing upon the premises,

tf—17 ROBERT STERLING.

NEW GOODS

At No. 73 corner of Columbia & Clinton Streets.

GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE,

SUCCESSORS TO A. GIBFORD,

ARE now receiving their large assortment of Goods, consisting in part of the following articles, to which we would respectfully call the attention of the public generally, and the Ladies in particular:

BLACK SILKS, 900 yards, purchased at reduced prices and sold at the same by GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

850 Yards Plaid Striped BROCADE and plain Silks of different qualities, at low prices, by GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

1000 Yards DE LAINES Berage De Laines and Shally Berages, cheap at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGES.

LAWNS—100 pieces of plain and printed Lawns, from 6 to 25 cts. per yard, by GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

CALICOES—500 pieces of Merimack and Calicoes, the best styles, at 10 cts per yard, by GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

BROCHA WHITE CRAPE and Stella SHAWLS at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

BONNETS and Bonnet Ribbons, a large assortment. GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE

GINGHAMS—1200 yards English, French and domestic Ginghams, from 1 to 2 per yard, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S.

PRINTS—400 pieces Prints from 5 to 10 cts. per yard, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S

PLAIN and Dotted Swiss and Book Muslins, Jaconett and Lawns. GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

EMBROIDERIES—French Collars Sleeves Bands, Flouncing Muslin, Insertion and Edgings, for sale at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S.

WHITE and colored KID GLOVES; Silk, Gilt, and Cotton Gloves, and Hosiery, cheap. GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

200 PARASOLS of all qualities, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S.

SUMMER GOODS for Men's Wear, and a large assortment of Cloths, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S.

CROCKERY, Looking Glasses and Glassware, a large assortment, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S.

GROCERIES of all kinds, a good assortment. GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

CLOCKS and Yankee Notions, at GRAHAM & RUTLEGE'S

We would mention that the above articles are but a very small part of our stock, as it is too numerous to mention; and if you will just give us a call, we will sell you goods at such low prices as will astonish you. Don't mistake the place. It is the store owned by Hamilton and Williams, that was once so celebrated for selling goods cheap, and we intend to keep up the reputation of the old stand.

All kinds of PRODUCE and cash taken in exchange for Goods.

GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

Fort Wayne, May 7, 1856. y45

PARLOR COOKING STOVES.—You will find three kinds of these Stoves at BRANDRIFF'S.

COFFEE—Old Gov Java, 6lbs for a dollar, at J. U WINSLOW'S

FAIRBANKS'

CELEBRATED

SCALES.

Fort Wayne, Ind.,

COMPARET, HUBBELL & Co., Agents.

189 Broadway, —, New York,

FAIRBANKS & Co., Agents.

April 12, 1857 1y41

Fort Wayne & Chicago R.R.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 31 of March, the accommodation train will leave Fort Wayne every evening, at 6 o'clock (Sundays excepted) after the arrival of the trains from Crestline and Toledo, arriving at Columbia at 7 15.

Returning, the train will leave Columbia at 8 o'clock A. M., and arrive at Fort Wayne at 9 15, in time for the Eastern Trains.

J L WILLIAMS, Chief Engineer.

Fort Wayne, Feb 18 1856 tf—32

CHANGE OF TIME.

OHIO & INDIANA

RAILROAD.

Passenger Trains from and after Thursday, 30th inst, will leave Fort Wayne every morning (Sundays excepted.) at 9 20 arriving at Forest on the Cincinnati, Dayton, and Sandusky Railroad at 2 20, when trains pass north and south at 2 30, giving time for dinner, and arriving at Crestline at 4 30 P. M, connecting without delay with trains for Pittsburg, Cleveland and Columbus arriving at

Cleveland	at	8 P M
Pittsburg,	"	12 50 A M
Columbus,	"	8 25 P M
Cincinnati,	"	7 30 "

Tickets sold to all the cities and important towns in the east as low as by any other route, at the Ticket Office of the O & I Railroad, at the old Packet Office in Fort Wayne, by

S S MORSS, *Agent.*

Freight trains leave Fort Wayne every morning at 5 20 A M and arrive at Crestline at 5 P M when Freight trains leave same evening for Cleveland at 8 22 and for Pittsburg at 9 P M.

Stock should leave Fort Wayne on the morning of Tuesday, Thursdays, and Saturdays, to ensure good connections with the other Stock trains.

J R. STRAUGHAN, *Sup't.*

FARE.

To New York,	$16 60	To Indianapolis,	$3 00
" Philadelphia,	16 00	" Sandusky City,	
" Pittsburgh,	7 50	" Toledo,	4 00
" Cincinnati,	6 10	" Cleveland,	5 75
" Dayton,	5 00	" Columbus,	5 10

Aug 29, 1855 9

New Livery Stable.

THE firm of Link & Co being dissolved, the subscriber informs his friends that he continues the Livery Stable, north side of the Canal, west of Story's Foundry, on his own account, and keeps for hire a fe

BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES of the latest and newest styles. Also, first-rate

Saddle and Carriage Horses.

His charges will be moderate, and he hopes, by courtesy and attention, to merit a share of public support.

W. H LINK.

Fort Wayne, Dec 22, 1855 125

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100 Sacks RIO COFFEE,
20 chests Tea, various kinds,
150 boxes Glass, assorted sizes,
80 boxes Tobacco, choice brands,
20 bbl. Cut and Dry Tobacco,
40 boxes M. R. Raisins,
50 quarter boxes do,
20 bbls Golden Syrup,
Oranges, Lemons, &c.
100 bundle Wrapping Paper, assorted sizes;
A supply of Cap and Letter Paper.

The above GOODS, together with a general assortment of GROCERIES, are now being received and will be sold to the country trade *Low.*

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS,
Wholesale Grocers, No. 85 Columbia street,

April 11, 1855. FORT WAYNE.

Stoves! Stoves!

WE have contracted for $12000 worth of STOVES to be delivered this fall, and manufactured from HANGING ROCK metal, known to all to be the best metal in the world for stoves, made of superior weight, and warranted not to break by fire, bought at low figures, and our customers shall reap the benefit.

COMETS.—We have six sizes of the Comet flat top cooking stoves—the best stove sold in any market; it outstrips all competition wherever introduced. I have sold hundreds in this market, and the sale is every day increasing. No family should be without one. We warrant this stove one year, and if the stove is not what we represent it to be, the money will be refunded. For sale at the sign of the Golden Stove, by A. D. BRANDRIFF.

September 22d, 1855.

THE CASTLE PARLOR and the Gem are both beautiful Stoves; for sale by BRANDRIFF.

BUCKEYE STATE.—We have five sizes of this Stove, warranted good; also, the Hoosier State, takes 30 inches wood, which suits the farmers. This Stove has long been their favorite, is heavy and never breaks. We will warrant it one year. Can be had at BRANDRIFF'S.

OAKLEY & SON,

(SUCCESSORS TO OAKLEY & FRENCH,)

MANUFACTURERS OF

Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Ware,

AND DEALERS IN

STOVES, HOLLOW-WARE, &c.

No. 79 COLUMBIA STREET,

FORT WAYNE.

FORT WAYNE

MERCANTILE INSTITUTE.

Phoenix Block cor. Main & Calhoun Sts Ft. Wayne Ia

THE PRINCIPAL of this Institution, from past experience and success as a Teacher and Practical Book Keeper, has no hesitation in saying that the facilities here afforded to young men for qualifying themselves for the counting room, and various other mercantile pursuits are unsurpassed by any similar institution in the Union.

The course of instruction is thorough and practical, embracing Book-keeping by single and double Entry, and its application to every department of trade, as now practised by the most accomplished and experienced accountants (taught on an entirely new and successful plan, enabling the student to become much more sufficient, in less time than any other plan,) Commercial law, Mercantile Correspondence, Commercial calculation, Practical and Ornamental Penmanship, &c.

The system of Penmanship adopted in this institution is unrivaled, giving a free and easy use of the hand and pen, thereby enabling the student to effect any style of writing. Young ladies and gentlemen desirous of qualifying themselves for teachers, will save much time and expense by securing this system, taught in no other institution in the West.

The thorough and extensive course of Instruction, combined with the elegance, beauty and convenience of the rooms, the highly qualified teachers, and pleasant and healthy location, renders this the most attractive institution to all who may desire an accomplished commercial education.

Being impressed with the necessity of Ladies acquainting themselves more thoroughly with business transactions, the Principal has fitted up apartments with neatness, elegance and convenience, expressly for them.

The ladies Department is entirely separate from the male, having separate entrances from the street, and will remain permanently connected with the institution.

Students are taught individually, and not in classes; therefore they can enter at any time, and advance in the ratio of their capacity.

TUITION:

For full Commercial Course, including Practical Penmanship	$25,00
For same with Ornamental Penmanship	35,00

☞ Catalogues sent on application.

C. J. DIETRICH, Prin.

Ft. Wayne, Feb 16. tf—33

FOR SALE.

I OFFER for sale on liberal terms of payment: LOTS 11 and 12 in block 24, Ewing's Addition, (my late residence), price $3,000.

Also the middle 20 feet (adjoining Mr. F. Nirdlinger's) of lot 540, Hanna's addition. Price $1,000.

82 Acres of Land, 1½ mile from town, adjoining James Embry's farm on the south, and Simon Edsall's farm on the west; 40 acres are well cleared and fenced. Price $1,000.

80 Acres of Land near the Piqua Road, 2½ miles from Fort Wayne, 8 acres cleared, the balance well timbered. Price $2,000.

The above property is rapidly rising in value, and presents a rare opportunity for investment to persons desiring property in and near Fort Wayne.

I also offer for sale, in lots to suit buyers, Lots and Out-Lots in New Haven, and over 7,000 acres of valuable timbered and farming lands, on and near the Lake Erie, Wabash & St. Louis, and Tiffin & Fort Wayne Railroads, in the eastern part of Allen County.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON.

Fort Wayne, March 28, 1856. tf—39

A LITTLE MORE CIDER TOO—Just received 50 Barrels pure Sweet Cider from Ohio.

Dec. 1. DRAKE & BOURIE.

New and Direct Route

FROM

Fort Wayne to St. Louis,

Springfield, Naples, Decatur, and all points in the West.

TOLEDO, WABASH, & WESTERN RAILROAD

COMPLETED.

No change of Cars or Baggage between Fort Wayne and St. Louis.

ON and after Monday, December 1st, 1856, Trains will leave Fort Wayne as follows:

6 00 A. M., New York and St. Louis Express.
5 05 P. M., Mail Express.

Passengers by either of those trains go through to St. Louis without change of Cars, *an advantage not possessed by any on the route.* These trains make close connections at Danville, with Great Western Railroad, for *Springfield, Naples, Decatur, &c.*

The Railroad is built and equipped in the most thorough manner, and for SPEED AND COMFORT, is not exceeded by any route to St. Louis.

An Accommodation Train

will leave Fort Wayne at 3 30 A M, connecting at Peru with Morning Train of the Peru and Indiana Railroad, for Indianapolis, and at Indianapolis with *all the Roads leading from that point.*

GOING EAST—Trains will leave Fort Wayne at 3 40 A M and 12 30 P. M., making close connections at Toledo with Trains of the Cleveland and Toledo Railroad, for *Cleveland, Dunkirk, Buffalo, Albany, New York and Boston*

☞ FREIGHT TRAINS run daily between Fort Wayne, Danville and Toledo.

GEO H BURROWS, Gen Sup't.

Fort Wayne, Dec. 6, 1856

JOSEPH W. ROBB. JUDSON McCOMB.

J. W. ROBB & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merchants,

39 *Columbia street,*

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

RESPECTFULLY invite the attention of Merchants, Druggists, Grocers, Hotel Keepers, &c, to our large and general assortment of

GROCERIES.

Also, a full stock of

Liquors, Wines, & Segars.

All of which we are prepared to sell at New York Jobbing Prices, with the addition of the Transportation

N. B. All kinds of Produce and Merchandise sold on Commission.

☞ Consignements solicited and prompt returns guaranteed.

150 J. W. ROBB & Co.

The Cheap Boot & Shoe Store

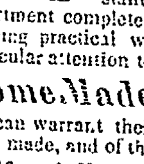
No. 2 Phoenix Block, Calhoun Street,

(KNOWN AS JACOBS' SHOE STORE.)

THE subscribers having bought out the stock of Mr. Jacobs, and received in addition a large new supply, offer for sale a general assortment of

BOOTS & SHOES

At very low Prices.



The Stock includes all the newest and most seasonable styles, from the best eastern manufactories.

Additional supplies will be constantly received, so as to keep the assortment complete.

Being practical workmen themselves, they give particular attention to

Home Made & Custom Work

and can warrant their articles to be well and faithfully made, and of the best materials.

Calf and Kip Boots, Stogics, Brogans, and Ladies wear of all kinds, kept on hand or made to measure.

May 30, 1856 VORDERMARK & Co. y—48

NETTLEHORST & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware

AND DEALERS IN

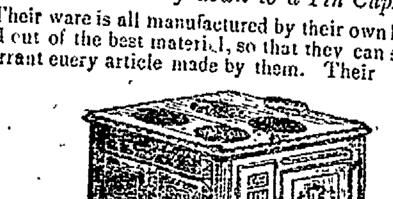
Stoves, Hollow Ware, &c.

Shop and Store Room one door north of H. B. Reed's Drug Store, Calhoun st., Fort Wayne.

C. & B. NETTLEHORST, late of the establishment of W. Oakley, having formed a partnership under the above style and in the above line of business, would most respectfully call the attention of the public to their new relations with the business part of Fort Wayne, and assure all those (and we hope they are many) who want anything in their line, that they are on hand to serve them in any thing

From a Tin Roof down to a Tin Cup.

Their ware is all manufactured by their own hands and out of the best material, so that they can safely warrant every article made by them. Their



COOK AND PARLOR STOVES

Also of the latest improvement and newest style, are manufactured from the very best quality of metal.—They are from the celebrated foundries of Troy, N Y, a recommendation which in addition to a determination to sell them as low as can be possibly afforded will, they trust, ensure them a ready sale.

Repairing done on the shortest notice.

Aug 23, 1856. y 8

Wayne Engine & Car Works

FORT WAYNE,

THE Subscribers, Proprietors of the above Works, manufacture

STATIONARY ENGINES,

Railroad Cars, Machinery,

Agricultural Implements & Castings,

of every description.

They call special attention to their *Stationary Engines.* Having adopted the latest and best improvements, and using the best material and the greatest care in their manufacture, their Engines are regarded as the most superior in use. They furnish to order

Engines of any required power and size,

for *Flour and Saw Mills, or Machine Shops.*

Their Works situate adjoining the Railroad Depots, with immediate connection with the Canal, enable them to deliver work with facility and dispatch.

March 8th, 1856. JONES, BASS, & Co.

5,000 Gallons STONEWARE, wholesale and retail at manufacturer's prices.

H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

BOSTICK & BOLMAN

HAVE just received at their new store, No. 98 Columbia street (directly opposite their old stand) a large and excellent stock of

Fall and Winter Clothing,

Consisting of every variety of Coats, Pants, Vests, and under cloting, finer and better than was ever brought to this market. They have also a general assortment of

Piece Goods

Which they will make to measure on the most reasonable terms, and warrant to fit every time.

They have also a large stock of

Calicoes, De Laines and Muslins

and Dress Goods of every description that they will sell very soon at wholesale or retail.

Fort Wayne, Sept. 13.

CHLORIDE of Lime and Coloride of Soda, at *Apothecaries Hall*, 61 Columbia st.

HONEY SOAP.—A large lot of this popular soap; also an endless variety of Toilet Soaps, at *Apothecaries Hall*

MARSH-MALLOW PASTE—Jujube Paste—Lemon, Rose, Banana, Pine-Apple Liquorice, Hourhound, Wild-Cherry and Iceland Moss Gum Drops for sale at

Apothecaries Hall.

ONE HOTEL STOVE worth $90, for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

CARPETS—Ingrains, English, and Rag—cheapest ever sold in Fort Wayne.

H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

BARK! BARK!

WE will pay the following prices for any amount of WHITE, BLACK or BURR OAK BARK delivered either at our Store on *Columbia street*, under the Telegraph office, or at our Tannery on the Feeder Canal:

White Oak, per Cord			$3 00
Black	"	"	4 00
Burr	"	"	2 00

Fort Wayne, April 19, 1856. H. C GREY & Co.

GLASSWARE.

JUST received, a complete assortment of Glass Dishes of the latest patterns. In connection with this, I have on hand a large assortment of QUEENSWARE, which will be sold cheap at No. 87 Columbia street. H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

GREAT BARGAINS!!

WE are offering all of our last year Barages, Barage DeLaines and Challies at a great sacrifice being determined to clear out every piece of old goods.

Barage DeLains worth 2s we will sell for 1s. Challies and Barages worth from 3s to 4s we sell for 20 cents do do worth from 50 cts. to 5s we sell for 2s.

Now is the time to buy as we are disposing of them very rapidly. WM. T. ABBOTT.

April 25th, 1856.

ROBINSON'S

New Brick Store

At the Old Stand in Fort Wayne.

This Wholesale and Retail

Boot & Shoe Manufactory

AND LEATHER STORE

IS the most extensive establishment of the kind in this part of the country.

My Retail Room

is spacious and well filled, from the styles of the White Satin, Bronze, French Kid, and Toilet Slipper, to the FANCY GAITER and STOGA BOOT.

Merchants & Shoe Dealers

can be supplied as low as they can buy of Eastern Jobbing Houses, as I purchase direct from the Manufacturers in Eastern Villages, where the Jobbers buy their stock; and when my own

HOME MADE WORK

is added to the Eastern, a better stock is furnished.

Also: Sole Leather, Upper, Calf Skins, Kip Skins, Linings, Bindings, Lasts, Pegs and Findings.

Cash paid for Hides & Skins

JAMES H. ROBINSON.

Fort Wayne, Ind, Dec 26, 1855.

NEW CARPETINGS.

THE largest and best selected stock of Woolen Carpets ever opened in Fort Wayne may be found at the Boston Dry Goods Store, 95 Columbia street. WM T. ABBOTT.

FORT WAYNE

STEAM BOILER WORKS,

N. McLACHLAN & Co.,

Proprietors, Fort Wayne, Ind,

THE above extensive establishment having just gone into operation is prepared to do all kinds of BOILER WORK, such as

High and Low Pressure Boilers,

of all sizes and descriptions,

LARD TANKS, SMOKE STACKS, WATER TANKS, &c., &c.

in a thorough and expeditious manner.

From the twenty years experience of N. McLachlan in the above business, the last three of which were with Messrs Coopers and Clark, Mount Vernon, we feel confident that we can make it the interest of those wishing any thing in our line, to give us a call.

Old boilers bought and sold on the most favorable terms.

Repairs promptly attended to.

Fort Wayne, May 4th, 1855 y44

HARDWARE.

I AM now receiving one of the largest and best assorted stocks of heavy Hardware ever before brought to this market, consisting in part of Iron, Nails, Glass, &c. R. W. TAYLOR.

Fort Wayne, September 28.

10,000 GALLONS STONEWARE, at Old Lucky No. 8.

OHIO Box Stove—3 sizes of this Stove, at BRANDRIFF'S.

THREE sizes of Ten Plate Stoves, at BRANDRIFF'S.

10,000 Lbs. of SHEET IRON and Stove Pipe for sale at BRANDRIFF'S

BEST-PREMIUM.—We have 5 sizes of these Stoves; they are truly what their name indicate. For sale nowhere but at BRANDRIFF'S.

COOK AND BOX STOVES, Potash and Sugar Keettles; Long's No. 4 Plows and Castings of every description for sale by

JONES, BASS & CO.

Fort Wayne, Jan. 18 1855. 1f25.

Steam Elevators,

Corner of Pearl street and Maiden Lane, FORT WAYNE.

PRATT & Co. having bought the Warehouse and Mill lately occupied by Little & McCulloch, are prepared to do a

Commission & Forwarding Business,

and will promptly attend to all goods and produce entrusted to them.

Superior FLOUR and CORN MEAL constantly on hand.

The highest price paid for Grain and all kinds of produce.

Fort Way 18th, 1855. y46

1855 1855

COMPARET, HUBBELL, & Co.,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

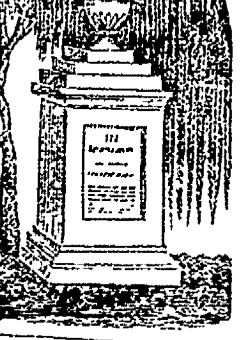
Receive and Forward Goods by the Ohio & Indiana Railroad, and Wabash & Erie Canal.

AGENTS for the ECKFORD LINE on the Wabash & Erie Canal: for the sale of E & T. Fairbank's Scales; for the sale of Dupont's Powder; and also, for the Franklin Glass Works. Buyers, receivers and shippers of

Grain, Flour & Produce.

Their facilities for receiving and shipping goods are unsurpassed, if equalled, by any house in the State. Their Warehouse on the Canal, at the Railroad Depot, is furnished with superior Steam Elevators. June, 1855.

JAMES HUMPHREY'S



Carpets! Carpets! Carpets!!

20 PIECES two and three ply Carpets of beautiful colors and patterns.

5 pieces Stair Carpets and Ruggs Mattings, plain and figured, 4-4, 5-4 and 6-4.

OIL CLOTHS of splendid patterns and width 4-4, 5-4, 6-4 and 8-4, which will be sold cheaper than ever by H. R. SCHW[illegible]

August 10th, 1855.

---

500 Lbs. SAD IRON for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

TIN Plate, Copper Bottom, and Wire, for sale at BRANDRIFF'S

SEVEN sizes Fluted Boxes Stoves; very cheap and heavy plated, at BRANDRIFF'S.

---

500 Lbs. BRASS KETTLES for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

Ironton Premium Cook Stove.

YOU will find six sizes of this excellent Stove of heavy plate, at

Sept. 10. BRANDRIFF'S.

ELEVATED OVEN.—This Stove we get manufactured for this market, out of HANGING ROCK and the only one made of the kind exclusively of that material in the United States; it has two fire-chambers is a quick baker, and is the best kind of a house warmer. We have a large quantity and can afford them low, considering the great weight and good quality, by BRANDRIFF.

KANSAS PARLORS.—3 sizes of this new and beautiful Parlor Stove, got up this season, and will carry off the palm. For sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

TIN and Japaned Ware.—A complete assortment of the very best quality, and the cheapest in the State. *All mending and jobbing done at* BRANDRIFF'S.

Summit City Factory,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

WE are prepared to Manufacture WOOL ON THE SHARE, and CARD, SPIN, FULL and DRESS CUSTOM CLOTH, promptly and in the best style.

Merchants are invited to examine our Stock of

WOOLEN GOODS,

as we are determined to sell a *Good Article* as low as can be purchased in the East. We have, also, a

Set of Machinery,

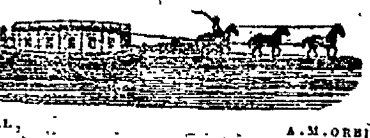
and an assortment of

Machine Cards, Comb Plates, Card Cleaners, &c.,

which will be sold at manufacturers' prices.

H. RUDISILL & SON.

January 20th, 1855. y29

1850.  1850.

J. E. HILL, A. M. ORBISON

HILL & ORBISON,

(Successors to Hill, Orbison & Co.,)

Forwarding & Commission

MERCHANTS

FORT WAYNE, IA.

☞ *Liberal advances made on Produce.* ☜

REFERENCES:

E. Haskell & Co.,	*Toledo.*	Ayres & Tunis,	*New York.*
Smith, Robinson & Co.	"	Kent, Pong & Co.,	"
Collins, Brown & Co.	"	Kimberley, Pear & Co.	*Buff*
Peckham & Scott.	"	C. McKennell & Co.	*Circin*
Field & King,	"	John Rauch,	*Da*
Kirk & Lewton,	*Piqua, Ohio.*	H. S. Mayo,	*Troy.*

Fort Wayne, September 16, 1848.

Indiana Six Hole Premium Cook Store.

YOU will find two sizes of this stove, of heavy plate, and a good baker of beatiful design, at the sign of the Golden Stove.

THE IOWA.—This is a new Stove, just out, and is destined to meet with rapid sales in this city; it is everything that is nice and good. The sight of it is sufficient. We have the exclusive sale of it; the price is low. Call at BRANDRIFF'S.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS!!

DOUBLE and Square Broche, do do Bay State, Waterloo, Northampton and Reccedale of every description and price.

Also Gentlemen's HEAVY SHAWLS, new patterns, which are offered at very low prices at the Boston Dry Goods Store, by

Sept. 19. WM. T. ABBOTT.

Drake's City Express.

WILL deliver all Goods bought at the Emporium to any part of the City FREE OF CHARGE

WASH. M'LEAN. P. L WEAVER.

WASH. M'LEAN, & Co.,

Boiler Makers,

And Dealers in Second Hand Boilers and Engines, *Congress Street, one door East of Ludlow,*

CINCINNATI, Ohio.

Constantly on hand an assortment of new and second-hand Boilers, which they will sell low or exchange for old ones. y—24

Harness Makers.

A SUPERIOR article of HARNESS BRIDLE, & COLLAR LEATHER, of our own manufacture for sale by H. C. GREY & Co

---

1853 1853

FORT WAYNE

STEAM IRON WORKS.

JACOB C BOWSER. JOSEPH STORY.

BOWSER & STORY,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES,

Of every size and variety, for Saw and Grist Mills, Shops and Warehouses,

Railroad Cars, Car Wheels,

SAW AND GRIST MILL GEARING,

Thrashing Machines, Stove, Potash, & Sugar Kettles, Plows, Plow Shears, &c.,

and every other variety of Castings used in the western country, al. on the most improved style and pattern. We invite particular attention to our

SHORT STROKE ENGINES

and machinery for saw mills, which are the most simple, durable, economical, and easily managed of any built in this city, the saw dust and slabs supplying abundant fuel.

Those wishing to purchase in our line will do well to give us a call (or address us by letter) as we are bound not to be beat in style and prices by any establishment in the country.

REPAIRS done with neatness and despatch.

Cash paid for old Castings and Brass.

Fort Wayne, October 20, 1853. y16

HUGH B. REED.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, and Dye Stuffs, Glassware Window Glass, Putty, Paint and Varnish Brushes, Perfumery, Soap, and Fancy Articles, Surgical instruments, Tobacco, Cigars and snuffs Patent Medicines, Pure Wines and Brandies,

IS now receiving direct from the eastern cities, his Fall Stock, to which he invites the attention of dealers. Customers and physicians will always find at his establishment

Fresh & Unadulterated Medicines,

which he has selected with great personal care for this market.

His stock will be found as extensive as any other in the state, and his prices will compare with any other house in the west. Call and examine.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 9, 1852. H B. R.

German Books.

FOR Sale at the Farmer's Depot, Bibles, Testaments, Hymn Book, Stark's Prayer Book, School Books, Kolrausch's History of the German Nation; Luther's Works, Erlanger's edition, 51 volumes, price $20; Wittenberger's edition, $15, Leipsic edition, $26.—Hirsahberger Bible, late edition, $4; Brockhaus' Conversations Lexicon, late edition, 15 volumes.—And a great variety of Literary and Theological Works.

These books are all fine editions, and imported direct from Germany. I have made such arrangements that I can procure any German Book desired, at the shortest notice.

April 28.

At the Mammoth Cave

Will be seen a large stock of

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, Hats & Caps,

And large assortment of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

and any quantity of NOTIONS just received and for sale low for cash by

Oct. 15. y 15 T. STAPLEFORD & Co.

DRIED FRUIT.

150 Bushels Dried Apples,
50 " " Peaches,

For sale at H. R. SCHWEGMAN

PAPER HANGINGS.

2000 ROLLS of elegant Paper Hangings just arrived in tonw and ready for inspection at the Boston Dry Goods Store, 75 Columbia St.

Sept. 19. WM. T. ABBOTT.

RUSSIA NAIL ROOD—500 bundles, 25 lbs. a just received at R. W. TAYLOR.

FRESH LEMONS, Raisins, Almonds, Nuts, Fruits, Confectionaries, &c., &c., for the Holidays. At the cheap Grocery and and Provision Store corner of Calhoun and Berry streets.

Dec. 12. A G BARNETT.

YOUNG HYSON TEA

Worth 6s a pound, for 56 cents.
Fine Gun Powder do, worth 7s, for 62½ cents.
and the very best Imperial do, worth $1 00 a pound for 6s, at 75 Columbia street.

Dec 18, '56. WM. T. ABBOTT.

NEW GOODS,

No. 79 GRANITE STORE. **OAKLEY & SON,** No. 79 GRANITE STORE.

(SUCCESSORS TO OAKLEY & FRENCH.)

WOULD respectfully say to their friends and the public, that they are now receiving their Spring and Summer stock of Goods, which (they flatter themselves) is more complete than ever before offered in this market.

We have a very fine assortment of Table and Pocket

CUTLERY.

A superior stock of all kinds of Culinary ware.—A large supply of

HOUSE TRIMMINGS,

Locks, Latches, Butts, Screws, and all the little etceterics necessary to Trim a Cabin or Mansion.

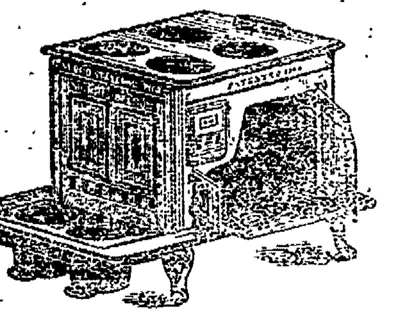
We would call the attention of Railroad Contractors to our stock of Shovels, Mattocks, Spades, Crowbars, and many other implements in their line.

A good assortment of Carpenter's, Cooper's Blacksmith's and other tools of the newest styles, and most improved patterns. *Warranted.*

We have a large stock of best Cast Steel Hoes (Tuttle's genuine), Scythes, Cradles, and all other implements for farming kept in Hardware Stores.

We wish to assure our friends that our Stock is very large, *well* selected in view of *this market*, and purchased *direct* of the *manufacturers* or of the *importers.* In all cases we get our goods of *first* hands, hereby saving one *profit*, of which we are willing to give our customers the benefit.

STOVES.



We have received a fine assortment, and our supply will be kept up all summer.

We are prepared to supply Merchant [illegible] an quantity of

TIN-WARE

at short notice; and all orders for our goods will be put up with dispatch and correctness, at prices that will be advantageous to the purchasers.

We are prepared to do *all* kinds of Job, or House work in the Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron line. All work warranted.

April 14th, 1855.

JOHN ORFF S. LACEY.

EMPIRE MILLS,

AT ST. MARY'S AQUEDUCT,

FORT WAYNE.

THE subscribers having taken the Stone Mills, lately occupied by S. Edsall, are prepared to do a general Milling and Custom Business. Flour delivered in any part of the City free of charge. Orders can be left either at the Mill or at Orff's Store No. 3.

Corn Meal, Buckwheat Flour, Shipstuffs, and ran constantly on hand.

The highest Market Price paid for good sound Wheat.

Feb 1, 1856. ORFF & LACEY. y—

I HAVE just received and offers for sale a good assortment of Buggy and seat Springs, at No 123 and 125, Columbia st. R. W. TAYLOR.

Dec. 12 1853,

OIL CLOTH CARPETING.

NEW Patterns just received and for sale by

Sept. 19. WM. T. ABBOTT.

SPECIAL NOTICE,

Iron, Nails and Glass.

First arrival of the season at the

GRANITE STORE

50 TONS IRON, which makes our assortment unusually large,
150 Kegs NAILS of all sizes, of the best brands.
100 Boxes GLASS, all sizes.

HOES AND FORKS.

150 Dozen Genuine Tuttle Steel Hoes.
50 " AMS and other SHOVELS

A large assortment of general Hardware is expected daily.

OAKLEY & SON'S is the place for country Merchants to assort up their Stocks, and no mistake.

April 14, 1855

NEW CARPETINGS,

20 PIECES new style all Wool Carpetings just received at the Boston Dry Goods Store, which gives us the best assortment ever offered in this market, and for sale at eastern prices by

April 25th. WM. T. ABBOTT.

UNION Box Stove—3 sizes new pattern, for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

GUNS! GUNS!

South side of Columbia St.; *three doors east of Clinton.*

SMITH & CO.,

Rifle and Pistol Manufacturers,

DEALERS in double and single barrel Shot Guns, Revolvers and other Pistols, Powder, Shot, and Caps. Guns neatly repaired.

GUNSMITHS furnished with materials a *Low Prices.*

Store on south side Columbia street, three doors east of Clinton.

☞ *Increased Twist Target Rifles* made to order and warranted to perform according to the annexed scale:

At 100 yards, an average of 1 inch each shot.

200	"	2½ "
300	"	5 "
400	"	8 "

Aug. 27 SMITH & Co. y—8

TUBS, Buckets, Wood Bowls, Trays, Sugar Boxes Flour Buckets, Lard Kitts, Churns, Brooms Bird Cages, Cloth Baskets and Willow Waggons ORFF'S.

F. F. F! BALTIMORE OYSTERS, in cans—fine, fat, and fresh—daily received at the Old Emporium.

DRAKE & BOURIE,

Saleratus! Saleratus!!

PURE Saleratus of the best Brands, in bbls. and hlf. barrels, or in any quantity to suit the trade, can be had at all times, at the lowest market price, of WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

April 14. No. 85 Columbia St., Fort Wayne.

J. & C. ORFF,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware Glasware, Cutlery, &c., &c.,

No. 3 Phoenix Blok, Columbia st.,

FORT WAYNE.

H. R. SCHWEGMAN,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Dry Goods, Groceries,

Hardware & Queensware,

No. 87 Columbia Street,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA,

H. C. GREY & CO.

HAVING their TANNERY completed an in full operation, are now receiving at their store, corner of Columbia and Clinton streets, under the Telegraph office, a full assortment of

Eastern and Imported Leather

FINDINGS, SHOE THREADS, &c.,

which they offer for sale at reasonable price.

As they give their exclusive attention to the leather and finding business, they hope to be able to give complete satisfaction. Country orders promptly filled. All articles ordered may be returned at our expense if not satisfactory.

☞ HIDES wanted at the Highest Market Price

Sept, 10, 1853. y10pd.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

VOL. 17—No 24 | FORT WAYNE, INDIANA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1857. | WHOLE No 1237

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE.—*Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, Third Story, opposite P. Kiser.*

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum, in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.
No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher.
Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten lines for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.
A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch, and on the most reasonable terms.

Insurance Agency.

[Th]e subscriber having received the Agency of the

Ætna Insurance Company

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

IS prepared to issue policies on the most favorable terms. This Company has a Capital Stock of

$300,000.

All paid and well invested, and is one of the oldest and most responsible Companies in the Union.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 30, 1851. y17.

GIRARD
Fire & Marine Insurance Co,
OF PHILADELPHIA,
CAPITAL HALF A MILLION.

One of the most reliable Companies in the Union.

THE undersigned is now prepared to issue policies for this Company, at moderate rates. This is the only Agency in the West.

E. F. COLERICK, *Agent*,
Fort Wayne, Ind.

[He also Agent for the *New England Live Stock Insurance Co.*]

December 15, 1854. 24

General Insurance Agency,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

Ætna Fire & Mar Insurance Co.,
Hartford, Connecticut.—Capital $500,000.
MERCHANTS FIRE & MARINE INS. Co.
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.—Capital $400,000.
STAR FIRE & MARINE INS. Co.
Ogdensburgh, N. Y.—Capital $150,000.

The above Companies have all their capital paid in, and have complied with all the conditions of the late Act of the Legislature relating to Foreign Insurance Companies, thus affording ample guarantees to the insured.

HOUGH & JONES, *Agents.*

May 17th, 1855. 146

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

HOUGH & JONES, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, will attend to all legal business entrusted to their care, and will give special attention to the collecting and securing of debts throughout the State.
Office—Calhoun street.

L. M. NINDE, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.
Office—Corner of Calhoun and Pearl streets, under the Sentinel Office.

WM. W. CARSON, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.
Office—On Calhoun street, one door south of P. Kiser's (second story).

F. P. RANDALL, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery.
Office—Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store.

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jun., Attorney and Counsellor at Law, will attend to the Collection, Adjustment or Securing of Debts, the payment of taxes, purchase and sale of lands, and examination of titles in any part of Indiana.
Office—Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, under the Sentinel office.

W. S. SMITH. W. W. STEEVENS.

SMITH & STEEVENS,
Attorneys at Laws.
FORT WAYNE, IND.

Collections made with fidelity and dispatch, and the proceeds promptly paid over.
Sale or purchase of Real Estate negotiated.
OFFICE—Over City Auction Store. 35

MEDICAL NOTICES.

Dr. C. S. Smith.

Office on Calhoun street, over Hill's Book Store.
Fort Wayne, July 7th. y—1

HOMŒOPATHY.

P. M. LEONARD, M. D., respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, as Homœopathic Physician and Surgeon. He may be found at the office of Dr. Brooks, on Calhoun street, in building north of Canal Bridge, at all times when not professionally engaged.

To the Afflicted.

DR. M. FALCON'S Practice is confined entirely to all obstinate or critical diseases such as
CANCERS, TUMORS, ULCERS, SCROFULA, SALT RHEUM, TETTER, ERYSIPELAS, KINGS EVIL, BARBER'S ITCH, SCALD HEAD, FEVER SORES, PILES, KIDNEY DISEASES, LUMBAGO, DYSPEPSIA, CATARRH, FISTULA OR FISTULA, CANKER OR NURSING SORE MOUTH, ETC., ETC.

All Diseases of the Eyes
Successfully treated.

His mode of treating CANCERS is by giving Medicine internally to operate on the blood, and apply external Medicine, which separates the cancer from the good flesh, and consequently removes it out by the roots, and without the use of any caustic medicine or surgical operation.

He has cured [illegible] of Cancers removed by him. [illegible] any person to examine that wishes, which will convince any rational person that it is the only true method by which a permanent cure can be effected.

Dr. F. will give references to hundreds of persons cured of the above diseases, through different parts of the United States.

Dr. M. Falcon has recently located in Fort Wayne, [illegible] Office and dwelling on corner of Clinton and Wayne streets.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 3, 1856. 16m13

Dr. Rogers.

Office Corner of Calhoun and Main street, at Wagoner's Drug Store.
Fort Wayne, Sept 19, 1853. 7Sm31

A CARD FOR THE LADIES.

THE GREAT TURKISH PERIODICAL REMEDY for the Immediate Removal of Obstructions, Irregularities, Profuse or Painful [illegible] (Falling of the Womb) Leucorrhea or Whites, &c. &c.

These Pills have never been known to fail in producing the menses. Too much cannot be said in their favor. No woman can enjoy good health when that particular part of her peculiar organization is deranged. Sickness at stomach, headache, languor, debility, pain in the head, side and back, loss of appetite, costiveness, &c., are some of the symptoms which attend irregular menstruation. As certain as time are these Pills to remove one and all of these symptoms.

Be sure and get the genuine, which has our signature on each box. These Pills may be had by addressing Dr. Sanfloy and Co., and enclosing $1; the Pills will be sent by return mail.

N. B.—Ladies whose health will not permit of an increase of family, will find these Pills a successful preventive.

Ladies who are pregnant should not use these Pills, as they are sure to bring on mis-carriage, though no injury to health would follow. Address,

DR. SANFLOY & CO.,
Cincinnati, Ohio.

Feb. 6, 1857. 1f—33

Carter's Spanish Mixture.
THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD!
THE BEST ALTERATIVE KNOWN
Not a Particle of Mercury in it!

An infallible remedy for Scrofula, King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Boils, Ague and Fever, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ringworm or Tetter, Scald head, Enlargement and pain of the Bones and Joints, Salt Rheum, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Disorders, and all diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Imprudence in Life, or Impurity of the Blood.

This great alterative Medicine and Purifier of the Blood is now used by thousands of grateful patients, from all parts of the United States, who testify daily to the remarkable cures performed by the greatest of all medicines, "*Carter's Spanish Mixture.*" Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Eruptions of the Skin, Liver Disease, Fevers, Ulcers, Old Sores, Affection of the Kidneys, Diseases of the Throat, Female Complaints, Pains and Aching of the Bones and Joints, are speedily put to flight by using this inestimable remedy.

For all diseases of the Blood, nothing has yet been found to compare with it. It cleanses the system of all impurities, acts gently and efficiently on the Liver and Kidneys, strengthens the Digestion, gives tone to the stomach, makes the skin clear and healthy, and restores the Constitution enfeebled by disease or broken down by the excess of youth, to its pristine vigor and strength.

For the diseases of females it is peculiarly applicable, and wherever it has become known, is regularly prescribed with the happiest effects. It invigorates the weak and debilitated, and imparts elasticity to the worn-out frame, clears the skin, and leaves the patient fresh and healthy; a single bottle of this inestimable remedy is worth all the so-called Sarsaparillas in existence.

The large number of certificates which we have received from persons from all parts of the United States, is the best evidence that there is no humbug about it. The press, hotel keepers, magistrates, physicians, and public men, well known to the community, all add their testimony to the wonderful effects of this *Great Blood Purifier.*

Call on the Agent and get an Almanac, and read the details of astonishing cures performed by *Carter's Spanish Mixture*, (in most cases where every thing else has signally failed.) The limits of an advertisement will not admit their full insertion.

WM. S. BEERS & CO., PROPRIETORS,
No. 304 Broadway, New York.

To whom all orders must be addressed.

For sale by Druggists and Country Merchants in all parts of the United States and the Canadas, and by H. B. Reed and Wall & Meyer, Fort Wayne; P. Heller & Son, Heller's Corners; D. J. Danton, Perry; Snyder & Talbot, Zanesville; J. Beauregard, Maysville. 1y11

DOCTOR HOOFLAND'S
CELEBRATED
GERMAN BITTERS,
PREPARED BY
Dr. C. M. JACKSON, Philadelphia, Pa.
Will effectually cure
Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Jaundice,
Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach.

Such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or webs before the sight, Fever and dull pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant imaginings of evil and Great depression of spirits.

THE proprietor in calling the attention of the public to this preparation, does so with a feeling of the utmost confidence in its virtues and adaptation to the diseases for which it is recommended.

It is no new and untried article but one that has stood the test of a ten year's trial before the American people, and its reputation and sale is unrivalled by any similar preparations extant. The testimony in its favor given by the most prominent and well known Physicians and individuals in all parts of the country is immense, and a careful perusal of the Almanac published annually by the proprietor, and to be had gratis of any of its Agents, cannot but satisfy the most skeptical that this remedy is really deserving the great celebrity it has obtained.

Principal Office and Manufactory,
No. 96 ARCH street, Philadelphia, Pa.

For sale by Druggists and Country Merchants in all parts of the United States and the Canadas, and by H. B. Reed & Co., and Wall & Meyer, Fort Wayne; P. Heller & Son, Heller's Corners; D. J. Danton, Perry, Snyder & Talbot, Zanesville; J. Beauregard, Maysville. 1y11

DR. J. HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED
STOMACH BITTERS

IS a sure cure for Dyspepsia—will remove all Flatulency and Heaviness from the Stomach—keep you free from Costiveness, assist Digestion, give a good Appetite, and impart a healthy tone to the whole system. It is a certain preventive of

Fever and Ague.

For sale by all the principal Druggists, and
HOSTETTER, SMITH & CO.,
Sole Manufacturers and Proprietors,
No. 267 Penn st., Pittsburgh.

CAUTION.

Carefulness should be our study, but more particularly when the health is at stake. Since these Bitters have, from their medical qualities, become so popular, there have been a great many concoctions called Stomach Bitters, and often represented to be the same in virtue as Dr. Hostetter's, palmed upon the public. Beware of these villainous compounds! Our Bitters are put up in square quart bottles, and covered with the patent metallic cap stamped "Hostetter's Stomach Bitters," and Dr. J Hostetter blown on the glass. All others are imitation.

For sale, at Fort Wayne, by
J. H. WEBBER & CO., WALL & MEYER,
H. B. REED, H. G. WAGNER.

Sept 13, 1856 y11

PURIFY THE BLOOD.
Moffat's Life Pills
AND
PHŒNIX BITTERS,
FREE FROM ALL MINERAL POISONS.

THE great popularity which *Moffat's Life Pills* and *Phœnix Bitters* have attained, in consequence of the extraordinary cures effected by their use, renders it unnecessary for the proprietor to enter into a particular analysis of their medicinal virtues or properties. Having been more than twenty years before the public, and having the most testimony of more than [illegible] persons who have been restored [illegible] by them. [illegible] to the very best vegetable [illegible] ... [illegible]

Prepared by WILLIAM B. MOFFAT, M. D.,
New York.

And for sale by WALL & MEYER. y17

WALL PAPER.

C. L. HILL is now receiving a large and beautiful assortment of Wall Paper and Bordering of the latest and richest patterns.
June 23, 1856.

A FULL stock of QUEENSWARE, from a [illegible] to a set, at [illegible] for 25 cents, to a China Tea Set at $2[illegible]. [illegible]

PRINTING INK.

JUST received at HILL'S BOOK STORE, a full supply of [illegible]'s celebrated News Ink—in 25lb, 35lb and 50lb Kegs.
Calhoun street. Dec 1856.

ROCKHILL HOUSE,
By PHILO RUMSEY,
Corner of Broadway and Main Streets,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

January 20th, 1855. 126

HEDEKIN HOUSE,
Barr Street, near Columbia,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

THE undersigned having leased the above well known House for a term of years, respectfully inform the public, that they have refitted and furnished the same anew, and intend it shall not be surpassed by any House in the West.

CALVIN ANDERSON,
JOHN J. KNOX.

Omnibus to convey Passengers to and from the Packets and Cars without charge. y46

MAYER HOUSE,
Formerly Palo Alto
H. B. GARTIN Proprietor,
FORT WAYNE, IND.,
Corner of Wayne and Calhoun Streets.

Omnibus to convey passengers to and from the Cars. y2

NEW GOODS

THIS day opened at the Boston Dry Goods Store, No. 75 Columbia street, a large lot of
New Style De Laines, Prints, and other Dress Goods.
Sept. 12, 1856. WM. T. ABBOTT.

New Fall Goods
At Old No. 3.

J. & C. ORFF are now receiving a new and general assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods

of the latest styles and best quality.

As they will be sold very low, buyers will find it to their interest to call and make their purchases at the far-famed cheap No. 3.

Call and see them!
GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE

Invite the public to examine their new stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

which in point of beauty, style, and quality, will be found at least equal to any in the city; and an examination of the prices will satisfy all that in cheapness they are a little ahead of all competition.

They have also a full supply of the choicest fresh

Family Groceries.

October 29th, 1856.

More Goods!

H. R. SCHWEGMAN has got a tremendous stock of

NEW GOODS

to which he invites public attention. He is too busy opening them and attending the great rush of customers to write a long advertisement this week. Further particulars hereafter.

Oct. 4th

J. PIERR,
No. 1 Phœnix Block, Calhoun Street,

HAS received large additions to his stock from the eastern markets, and now offers to the public a general and full assortment of

FALL & WINTER GOODS,
Groceries, Queensware, &c.

Which he will sell at the lowest rates.

Buyers are requested to call and examine, and satisfy themselves that this is the truth.

Oct. 4th,

DENTAL DEPOT.
61 Columbia St., Fort Wayne, Ind.

The subscriber has just received a large stock of ARTIFICIAL TEETH from the celebrated manufacturers Orum and Armstrong. Consisting of Gum teeth, single and entire sets; Plain and Pivot Teeth; Gold and Tin Foil of superior quality. Also, still be receiving Dental Instruments, Crucibles, &c.

J. C. WINSLOW,
Aug. 16th. 61 Columbia street.

CARIER & WEHMER,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c.,

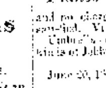
ARE now opening at the corner of Calhoun and Canal streets, two doors north of H. B. Reed's, on the Canal, and will keep constantly on hand a large stock and each variety of articles in their line, and of the best quality, both foreign and domestic, to which they would call the particular attention of both the city and country trade.

CHEAP PRICES!

Please give us a call.

y 35 CARIER & WEHMER.

ORGAN, PIANO FORTE,
AND
Musical Instrument
MANUFACTORY.



THE subscriber has commenced the manufacture of Organ, Piano Fortes and other Musical Instruments, in the 2nd story of the building in Calhoun Street, two doors south of Hamilton's Bank, where he will be happy to see and receive all who need any thing in his line. All kinds of repairs promptly and tended to, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Pianos and Melodeons Tuned,

and no charge made, unless the parties are fully satisfied. Violins, Guitars, &c., repaired.

Umbrellas and Parasols neatly repaired, and all kinds of Jobbing done.

HENRY WAHRENBERG.

June 20, 1856. [illegible]

HUMPHREY & HURD,
Carpenters and Joiners,

HEREBY give notice to their friends and all whom it may concern that they manufacture to order at their shop, nearly opposite the Rockhill House, Doors, Blinds, Sash, and all other kinds of work appertaining to their line of business. Having the best extensive assortment and the very best of machinery driven by steam of any establishment in this vicinity, they are prepared to execute all orders with dispatch and at the lowest prices. Give us a call.

Fort Wayne, April 11th, 1856. y41

BLINDS AND SASH
CHEAPEST AT HOME.

MAKERS of Blinds in Toledo and other places, and their agents here represent [illegible] they can be got cheaper there than made here. To those in want of [illegible] we say we are prepared to furnish BETTER WORK at prices that will compare with the same made abroad and respectfully invite a call.

HUMPHREY & HURD.

Fort Wayne, April 11th, 1856. y41.

JOCQUEL & WEBER,
DEALERS IN
STOVES,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
Tin, Copper, Brass and Sheet Iron Ware.

At their new Tin Shop, First of the [illegible] Columbia Street opposite the Auction Room,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

Spouting, Guttering, and all kinds of Job Work done to order. y37

BONNETS.—The largest, and most tasty assortment, and cheapest can be found at ORFF'S.

POETRY.

[From the London Punch.]

CRINOLINA.

Lesbia's skirt doth streaming fly,
But none observe how full it streameth;
Right and left the men go by,
But of remarking no one dreameth.
Bolder 'twere to dare put on
My Lina's skirts of extra sizes:
Light she seems, but every one
By unexampled bulk surprises.
Oh, my Crinoline dear,
My parasol-filling Crinoline,
Beauty lies
In moderate size,
My [illegible] Crinoline,

Lesbia's dress keeps out the cold,
Good-taste, good sense, all feel have graced it;
But Tex approval must withhold,
There's not a breadth of's not in't wasted!
Oh, my Lina skirts for me,
That swells balloonlike on the breeze,
Letting everybody see
How far stuff can go, if it pleases!
Yes my Crinoline dear,
My rustling, bell shaped Crinoline,
Taste in dress
Can't well be less
Than your display, my Crinoline!

Lesbia had a waist refined,
But with mod'rate drap'ry round it,
Who can tell her hearts confined,
From breaking bounds, when Love hath found it.
Pillowed safe, my Lina's heart
Within her miles of skirts reposes,
Beyond the flight of Cupid's dart—
Your love quiet lost among the rows rs,
Oh, my Crinoline dear,
Expansive and expensive Lara,
Waist less tight,
Skirts less a sight,
Indulge in, do, my Crinoline!

How Sandusky was saved from Famine.

Years agone, when the course of trade ran in a counter direction to what we now behold, owing to a severe drouth, the City of Sandusky underwent all the horrors of a protracted famine. The water on the bar at the mouth of the Bay was so low that vessels were unable to reach the port, and as there was no land transportation at that time which could be relied upon in a case of sudden emergency, it appeared as if providence had forsaken the place entirely, and that its inhabitants must soon perish. For days weeks their stock of provisions had been gradually disappearing, until soon all was gone, and their only reliance was upon the few fish which they were enabled to obtain from the waters of the Bay, and an occasional meager supply of game from the neighboring forest.

At the time of which we write the woods in that vicinity, and in fact throughout the Western reserve, were frequented by vast numbers of wild hogs, which obtained a beautiful subsistence and grew fat on the *shack* which everywhere abounded. These hogs were doubtless estrays, but the sparseness of the population in the interior, and the rapidity with which they multiplied, rendered them strangers to man and very shy of his presence. During the drouth, of which mention has already been made, large droves of these animals wended their way to the lake near which they continued to remain. Sandusky Bay in particular was a favorite place of resort for them, in the waters of which they were accustomed to wallow after slaking their thirst. Those who are acquainted with the locality of which we speak, will remember the annoyance to which the early settlers were exposed in the shape of fine red sand which covered the beach, and which, in times of high wind, was not only exceedingly troublesome, but dangerous. Thousands of hogs, in consequence of frequenting this spot, became totally blind; but still, with all the cunning which belongs to this perverse race in their natural state, they continued to elude the hunters.

One day when the famine in the city was at its height, and when it was apparent that even the strongest must succumb, Joe R—— took down his gun and resolved to make a last effort to rescue his wife and little ones from a fate the most horrible of which the mind has any conception. All day long had their sunken eyes and shriveled hands implored him in vain for bread—and alas he knew to well that not within the whole city was there a mouthful to be had, though he were to offer in exchange thrice its weight in gold.—Nerved to desperation by this reflection, but still with feeble steps, he took his way to the forest, resolved not to return with relief in some shape.

For a long time he hunted in vain, traversing miles of weary pathway, without so much as seeing a single evidence of animated nature, until he was on the point of yielding to despair.—At this moment a noise as of approaching footsteps, attracted his attention, and he paused, with every faculty rendered keen by hunger to listen. Nearer and nearer came the tramping, and just as Joe, to screen himself from observation, took shelter behind a tree, a wild hog emerged from a thicket, advancing directly towards him, followed immediately by another slid. The hunter, trembling with anxiety and excitement raised his gun, but suddenly paused in astonishment at the singular phenomenon before him. The drove (for drove there was) was approaching him in Indian file, and headed directly for the Bay. *The second hog held in his mouth the tail of the first, the third that of the second, and so on,* to the number of sixty and upwards, each was holding fast to the caudal appendage of his predecessor, and all were being led by the foremost of the drove, and he, being the only one that could see, was thus conducting his afflicted companions [illegible].

The hunter comprehended the scene in a moment, and instantly decided upon his course.—Raising the gun deliberately, he fired, and severed the tail of the leader close to the roots. His affrighted leadership, with a loud squeal, bounded into the thicket and disappeared, while his blind companions came to a dead halt. Joe quickly divested himself of his boots and crept stealthily up to the first of the band, which stood quietly holding in his mouth the amputated tail of his former conductor. This the hunter seized and commenced gently pulling upon it. The one hog started, then another, until soon, like a train of cars, all were in motion, and without pausing to rest for a single instant, Joe led them quietly into a large pen near his residence where they were soon killed and the city was saved.

A Pair of Bridal Hits.—We find the following items floating around loose in the papers, and think them as worthy each other's society.

At a wedding the other day, one of the guests who is often a little absent minded, observed gravely: "I have frequently remarked of late that there have been more women than men married this year."

The following atrocity was committed by an old bachelor in Wisconsin who is an editor:

Why is a bridegroom more expensive than the bride? Because the bride is always given away, while the bridegroom is usually sold.

Stranger Banks.—The liabilities of this [illegible] institution, as reported by Joseph Fowle, [illegible] one of the assignees, amount to about $25,000; and the means on hand to apply to the same, only $2,000. After expenses of winding up, she will probably pay to her creditors less than ten cents on the dollar, while her bills issued are entirely worthless. Rather a sound institution, that.—*Covington Friend.*

The Securities of the Late Auditor Talbot.

Mr. Talbott gave two bonds for the faithful performance of his duties; one for $10,000, with ample securities, it is said, to "faithfully discharge the duties of the office of the State of Indiana, according to law," and the other for $25,000, with good security, for the faithful performance of his duties under an act, entitled, "An act to amend an act to authorize and regulate the business of general banking," passed March 3d 1855, as required by the fifth section of said act.

As neither the Gramercy or Shawnee Banks deposited securities for the redemption of their issues under the amended act stated above, there is no liability on the part of the securities of Mr Talbott upon the $25,000 bond. The securities are liable on the first named bond for $10,000 for the misapplication by Mr. Talbott of the securities of the Gramercy and Shawnee Banks, which will be equal to about 23 per cent. on their issues. This is the only security the bill holders have for the redemption of notes of these Banks.

The family of Mr. Talbott is, we understand, wealthy, amply so to redeem all the out-standing notes of these Banks without inconvenience, but we learn that he has little or no property in his own name, which can be reached for his liabilities. We state these facts in answer to the numerous enquiries made of us about the situation of these Banks and the liability of Mr. Talbott. At the time of the failure of the Banks it was expected that Mr. Talbott would feel it incumbent upon him, as a man of honor, to make good the mis-application, on his part, of the bonds deposited with him for the security of the bills of these Banks, but we fear that public expectation will be disappointed in that respect, and that the community will have to pocket the loss occasioned either by his indiscretion, credulousness, or want of sagacity. *State Sentinel.*

How Members of Congress are Made.

Marshal, of Kentucky, in a speech in Congress, a few days ago, took occasion to unbosom himself of a good deal of bitterness toward editors generally, and to speak very disparingly of the entire newspaper press of the country. The Louisville Journal thus takes him off:

"We like Dr. Marshall very well, but his being a member of Congress gives him no right to sneer at editors as a class. To be sure, editors can afford to be sneered at by members of Congress, but members of Congress, considering how they are generally made, can ill afford to sneer at them. When William Penn, the Governor of Pennsylvania, was traveling in a portion of the State where he was not known, a fellow, in whose presence the Quaker Governor presumed to wear his hat, exclaimed with an air of offended dignity, 'Sir, I would have you know that I am a justice of the peace.' 'Well, friend,' said the Governor, in his quiet way, '*I make such things as thee!*'

That's so. The newspapers *make* just such things" as members of Congress. The St. Louis Republican adds its testimony to that of the Journal, as follows:

"The M. C.'s, when they get to Congress, soon forget who made them—who gave them name and position and a Representative character—who in short, in many instances, convert very inferior materials into what are, for the time, honorable gentlemen.' Some blame does lie at the door of the partizan press for the indifference with which they have taken up, and carried the elections of men not worthy of so high a place—and it will be well if the same press shall hereafter exercise some discrimination in the advocacy of men for such responsible stations.—Whatever members of Congress may say to the contrary, the press of this country stands upon a respectable a footing as, and has more influence than, the majority of that body.'

The Dead Alive.—An Extraordinary Murder Case.—Our City Hall has been crowded to its almost capacity during the last few days by an excited and deeply interested crowd of listeners to the Brownstown murder case. Much sympathy was felt for the prisoners—three elderly ladies—as the the examination of the witnesses elicited suspicious appearances and circumstantial evidence of a condemnatory character.—Some blood was proved to have been found about the house, some out of doors, some human hair, and some boards knocked off the barn.—Also, bones supposed to be human were found in the ashes barrel. All this tended to prove that a crime of the blackest dye had been committed; and what rendered conviction a certainty was the fact that a little pedlar had strayed from the fraternal care of his brother, and had not been heard from in a week. Excitement had reached its highest pitch. The pedlar's brother had identified a piece of cloth on the premises as belonging to his brother's coat. The bones, notwithstanding the assertions of the doctors that they belonged to a sheep's hind leg, were believed to be the remains of the pedlar, and the hair was appropriated for the same personage, though it had been maliciously whispered around that they came from the appendage of a male cow. The council were about summing up the case with all their well-known ability, when a little Dutchman (the pedlar) who had stood with his hands in his pockets a quiet spectator of the scene, stepped forth and protested against any such liberties being taken with his affairs, declaring that he had neither been slaughtered nor burnt up, and, as to being dissolved into the small show of sheep bones and horse-hair which the table before him afforded, he felt indignant at the idea.

Of course we shall not attempt to describe the delight of the spectators, the consternation of the learned council or the amazement of the judge, at the summary winding up of the beautiful case which had been made out; but we will confidently assert that the scene was rich.—*Detroit Free Press, 8th inst.*

Startling Disclosure of Embezzlement of Railroad Funds.—We learn with regret that a most embarrassing disclosure was made at the meeting of the Henderson and Nashville Railroad Company on the 15th instant, that threatens [illegible] ... At the meeting it was divulged, by the [illegible] ... that nearly $800,000 of the bonds of the Company had been misapplied by the Company's agent at London. The bonds were issued three years ago, and carried by the late President of the Company to London for negotiation. Not succeeding to the wishes at that time, they were left in the hands of [illegible] ... the Chief Engineer of the road, to be negotiated under the direction, and on such terms as should first be approved by the Company, for iron for the road. It appears this agent, in gross violation of his trust, used a part of the bonds in the purchase of a steamship, or some other vessel, for the avowed purpose of freighting the iron [illegible] ... [illegible] ... When called to answer, he alleged the vessel was the Company's, and [illegible] ... What amount of the bonds were used in this [illegible] ... the balance of them, has not yet been discovered, as no satisfactory account can be obtained from him of their disposition. The correspondence with him has been very unsatisfactory.—*Louis. Journal of Jan 23.*

Appalling Disaster.

Railroad Train Plunging into DuPage River.—Seven Carloads of Horses Submerged.—Three Lives Lost.

The recent heavy rains, washing away embankments, occasioning slides undermining ties and sweeping away bridges, have been the cause of delays, and much hard swearing, of failures to make connections and detentions of the mails, and a general derangement of the rail road lines in Illinois and Missouri. If this were all, we [would] be glad. On the Chicago and Rock Island Road, as it crosses the Du Page River, five miles from Joliet, the heavy rains of Friday had swollen the river till it overflowed its banks, covered the bottom and submerged the track on both sides of the bridge. A freight train, consisting of the locomotive, tender and seven cars loaded with horses, approached this river on Saturday. The engineer, ignorant of any obstruction and confident in the firmness and safety of the road, though covered with water, held on his way, plowing through a stream two feet deep, guided by the iron track until he reached the bridge, when the appalling fact was revealed that the swollen river had not only submerged the bridge, but swept it away! Locomotive, tender, seven cars with their freight of horse, one after another, disappeared beneath the surface of the stream, deep enough, by reason of the freshet, to hide from view every vestige of the train. Down with it went all in charge of it, and three of them were lost. One human life destroyed overbalances the destruction of a thousand horses. But who can think, without a shudder, of those seven cars closely confining, beyond all hope of escape, their noble freight of horses? And who, without a thrill, can picture to his imagination the frantic death-struggles of those helpless animals, as with the falling train they took the fatal plunge, and amid gurling and in-rushing waters, died, their cars of transportation proving their coffins, and their tomb!—*St. Louis Republican, Feb. 11.*

Seeds—A Humbug Exposed.—One of the various humbugs that are so extensively produced at the seat of our Federal Government, is the expenditure of large sums of money to purchase seeds, herbs and plants for distribution through the country by members of Congress, under their frank. It turns out that the seed and roots thus distributed are gross impositions, and many members of Congress have been greatly annoyed by the complaints of their constituents of the utter worthless and, in many cases, of the noxious character of these horticultural and agricultural specimens. Honorable gentlemen, who thought they were strengthening themselves at home—making fast friends by such little attentions—have been disagreeably awakened from these pleasant delusions by the receipt of letters of of ironical thanks, or positive abuse for imposing on unsuspecting farmers and gardeners the seeds of some pestilent weed or creepers, labeled with some high-sounding Latin or Greek name.

The venerable Judge Butler, Senator from South Carolina, got into a serious scrape by some of these little attentions. Having received several parcels of a new and very rare species of fruit or vegetable, labeled "Ground Almonds," he transmitted a quantity of them to his constituents who planted them in various parts of the State. The seeds were in good condition, and germinated rapidly, coming up in the shape of a rich and luxuriant grass, which quickly spread over the whole country, choking and extinguishing all other plants, and carrying everything before it. The unfortunate recipients of this new Nessian shirt, discovered too late that their Senator had, under the name of "ground almonds," imposed on them the seed of that pestilent grass, the great terror of Southern planters, known as *coco*. Mr. Butler has had a very laborious and vexatious task in responding to the numerous letters of complaint from his constituents, in regard to what many of them consider a very sorry practical joke in a dignified official and elderly gentleman. —*Cin. Enq.*

The Davis and Scott Correspondence.—The long-talked-of correspondence between General Scott and Secretary Davis, in relation to the accounts of the former with the Government, of which so much has been said in Washington letters, has at last found into the public prints. We anticipated, from the giving out, something spicy, in the way of personalities, in the letters of the two officials, but were perfectly astonished at the vulgar and low abuse with which they seem to be filled. If the telegraphic accounts are correct, we do not hesitate to say that the correspondence is most discreditable to both of the parties to it, as well as to the Government, in which they are high officials. It is much to be regretted that it ever saw the light, or its objection phrases, at least, ought to have been striken out before it was published. It is lamentable that men, holding such high positions as General Scott and Jefferson Davis, should have resorted to the language of billingsgate in their official intercourse with each other; and years hence, we are confident, it will be a source of regret to both. Unlike the Marcy correspondence, this not seem to have been enlivened by genteel and pungent sarcasm, for, in personalities, it is singularly coarse, rough and vulgar. We think it will be perused by the country with general regret and disgust.—*Cin. Enq.*

One Enough of Him.—Lewis D. Campbell, of Ohio, was elected to a seat in Congress through the influence of know-nothingism. He was a high priest of that proscriptive organization, and was regarded by the order as one of its highest lights. This opinion of him by "Americans" appears to have undergone a great change of late. The Germantown Republican, the know-nothing organ of his congressional district, has an article in relation to him, in which the following language is employed:

"We hope those Americans whom we persuaded to vote for Campbell will pardon us [illegible] ... [illegible] ... Well, a majority of [illegible] ... [illegible]"

The Man who attempted to kill the [illegible] King of Naples, suffered such brutal punishment in this world that he deserves at least as pleasant a hereafter as his royal [illegible] ... [illegible]

A New Excitement in Prospect—Burning the Dead

An eminent New York physician has, according to the Buffalo Republic, written an elaborate work in favor of the practice of burning the dead, which is to be published after his own death.

By his will he directs his mortal remains to be kept for five days in a warm room; the thorax then to be opened and the heart extracted, which is to be embalmed and enclosed in a thick yellow bag, strongly impregnated with asphaltum; the remainder of his body is then to be publicly burnt on a pyre of sassafras or sandal wood, in one of the public cemeteries—the ashes carefully gathered and deposited with the embalmed heart in a bronze urn. Five copies of the leading daily city papers, containing an account of the whole proceedings, are likewise directed to be deposited in the urn, which is then to be hermetically sealed and taken to the New York Museum.

In the midst of the excitement created by these proceedings the work is to be published.—For its circulation $10,000 are appropriated, $10,000 more for distribution among the city officials and leading politicians of all parties, who are to receive from $25 to $700 each for assisting in the ceremony and $10,000 more for the editorial fraternity to be delivered *pro rata*, according to their influence.

Should anything occur to prevent the due execution of the will, the bulk of his property is to be at once transferred to a charitable institution in Philadelphia. The Republic has these facts from the attorney who drew up the will. He estimates the property at $200,000.

An Election Joke.

"NINE CHEERS FOR OLD ZIM,"
or Breaking Down the System.

BY U. J. JONES.

In a remote county of Pennsylvania the scene is laid. The time was the year 1842, when party spirit rose to 102 deg. in the shade, in every hamlet throughout the length and breadth of Uncle Sam's glorious domain. The respective political parties met in convention at Bugsbury (the county seat) and made their nomination for county officers. As there were many aspirants for the few nominations, it follows as a matter of course, that there were some bitter disappointments—to no one more so than to "Old Zim," who was confident of getting a nomination for Sheriff.

Zimmerman, or "Old Zim," as he was familiarly called, was a miserly old codger, who was well to do in the world yet he was up at every convention for a nomination for something from time whereof the memory of man runneth not to the contrary. He was reputed wealthy—that is, he owned a farm and had money, but he never showed the color of it, except when he unfortunately got on a spree; then he would *sow* it broadcast—but that was only a biennial occurrence.

A few evenings after the nominations above noted a knot of dissatisfied were congregated at the Black Horse Tavern, discussing the merits and demerits of the fortunate nominee.

'Gentlemen,' said Old Zim, 'merit and long service to the party, is no recommendation in this county. The wireworkers and schemers have it all their own way.'

'Ay,' responded one of the bar room loafers, 'they does the pickin out, and they expect us to do the votin.'

'But, gentlemen,' continued Zim, 'they will fetch up agin a snag or a sawyer, one of these days. Yes, gentlemen, by the eternal, I'll upset the applecart and spill their peaches. I'll see if it is the *people* or a set of broken down political hacks, as makes the county nomination. By Judas, I'll run as a volunteer candidate for Sheriff and if I don't lay em out, then my name ain't Zimmerman, that's all.'

This determination was received with favor by the crowd, and Zim sealed it with a 'half' for red eye.

Not soon he was in the field, announced thro a card in both papers to his fellow citizens, pledging himself to discharge the duties of the office with impartiality—*in case he was elected.*

Right lustily did old Zim go to work, and things appeared to go on swimmingly. He canvassed the county; and the people were profuse in their promises of doing their best for him. In one of his peregrinations, he met Wattles, the nominee of Zim's party, who was also on an electioneering tour.

'Ha! Wattles,' said he, 'my fine fellow, I'm sorry to see you allow yourself to be the tool of the unholy and corrupt cabal—I say I am sorry to see you sacrificed, but you are bound to be beat. I'll show them that the freemen of the county will not bear dictation; so my friend, if you wish to save yourself from the disgrace of defeat, you had better resign in my favor.'

Wattles expressed his own conviction that he should feel very much used up in such an event but at the same time he had made up his mind to stand the hazard of the die.

Election day at length came and my worthy friend, armed with a hat full of tickets, stationed himself on the ground of his own precinct, and commenced dealing out his tickets, and urging his claims in the strongest kind of way; and as he was, he made his friends swear in Monongahela long before the polls were closed.

The election over, evening came on apace, and the eager [illegible] gathered in the bar room to await the coming of the votes, and the returns to come in from the different townships. Old Zim was circulating about, treating the crowd, expressing full confidence in the success of his effort to 'break down the system.'

Seated in a remote corner, where a number of wags, in a low but earnest conversation, and any one who might have glanced to see them would at once have concluded that something was to follow. The consultation soon broke up and the plot began in about fifteen minutes to develop itself. The clatter of a horse's hoofs were heard on the frozen ground—a solitary horseman rode up to the door, and flinging the reins over a post rushed into the bar room, where he was seated on the top of the table, and silence commanded.

'H[illegible],' said he, drawing a strip of paper from his pocket, 'are the returns from Lower Buffalo township—Wattles 10, McGregor 40, Zimmerman 125—majority for Zimmerman—[illegible]'

'Nine cheers for old Zim!'

'[illegible]'

'[illegible],' said old Zim, taking off his hat, 'I am much obliged to you for the expression [illegible]—that is to say, let us take a horn all around!'

Of course the crowd acquiesced in this proposition, and the welkin rang with loud huzzas [illegible] ... before another horseman came galloping up to the inn.

'[illegible] township, one hundred majority for [illegible]!'

'Nine cheers for old Zim!'

[illegible] ... [illegible]

Continued on the Fourth Page.

[illegible] Wayne Sentinel.

[illegible] FEBRUARY [illegible], 1857.

[illegible] by a vote of nearly [illegible] bill allowing 10 per cent [illegible] &c.

[illegible] for a geological survey of [illegible] in the House—Ayes [illegible]

[illegible] been no [illegible] of State Officers [illegible] extremely deficient [illegible] Thus, the present demo[illegible] until their suc[illegible] So the fusionists will [illegible] by their labors.

[illegible] *Contested Election Case.*—The in[illegible] before our Legislature, in the con[illegible] from Rush Co. show beyond con[illegible] republicans resorted to the most [illegible] means to carry the elec[illegible] A large corruption fund was [illegible] of voters from Wayne and [illegible] where the fusion majority was [illegible] Rush Co. where they [illegible] candidate for Senator [illegible] Long Sol. Meredith, Sen[illegible] from Wayne Co. and other promi[illegible] are implicated in the disgraceful [illegible]

[illegible] up these frauds, it may be remem[illegible] that the fusion press, throughout the [illegible] in their charges of illegal votes [illegible] the democrats. It was the old game of [illegible] thief!" to avert suspicion from [illegible]

[illegible]—Last Saturday and Sunday [illegible] heavy and continued rain, which has [illegible] the rivers almost to high water mark, and [illegible] fences, &c to a great ex[illegible] are almost impassable. Yes[illegible] more rain and sleet, but we do not [illegible] has had any perceptible effect on [illegible] This morning the weather is colder, [illegible] appearance of snow.

The Wabash is very high. We learn by the [illegible] papers that the lower part of that city [illegible] completely inundated on Tuesday.

[illegible] the St Joseph Feeder Dam!

[illegible] occurred at the Feeder Dam [illegible] for some time great appre[illegible] were entertained that the dam would [illegible] away; but we are gratified to be able [illegible] that the dam stands firm and unin[illegible], and the breach can be probably repaired [illegible] much if any delay in opening [illegible] canal this spring.

The river is very high; the force of the water [illegible] the gates admitting water to Swift's [illegible] and the entire current rushing through the [illegible] washed it out as low as the bottom of [illegible] the width of 160 or 200 feet. The [illegible] extends to the abutment of the dam; but [illegible] withstood the fury of the torrent [illegible]

[illegible] the necessary arrangements have been [illegible] procured for repairing the [illegible] the water subsides. Neither [illegible] labor will be spared to repair the [illegible] as early as possible, and it is thought that [illegible] be completed within a month, whenever [illegible] of the river permits the work to be com[illegible] Unless, therefore, the river should re[illegible] at its present high stage for an unusual [illegible] the canal can be opened at least [illegible] as navigation commences on the Lake.

[illegible] *Road to California via the South* [illegible] has passed both branches of Con[illegible] $300,000 for constructing a [illegible] from Fort Kearney to California, on [illegible] South Pass route. A road is already in [illegible] of construction from the Missouri, op[illegible] Council Bluffs, to Fort Kearney.

There will be about 1400 miles to construct, [illegible] route, as remarked by one of its ad[illegible] will be the thoroughfare over which the [illegible] from the East to the West, and over [illegible] all the trade between the At[illegible] and Pacific seaboard will pass. From the [illegible] that has been made it is believed to [illegible] route from the east to the west. In [illegible] on which it is said there will be no [illegible] tunneling and that in no part of [illegible] grading exceed fifteen or sixteen feet [illegible] It avoids all the deserts. By loca[illegible] any other route deserts [illegible] sixty and seventy miles in [illegible] wells will have to be sunk, at [illegible] to the Government. This route, [illegible] passes through a portion [illegible] which is fertile and well timber[illegible] consideration is important, for [illegible] necessity in the construction of [illegible] the streams, which are deeply [illegible] heavy bridging. Plenty of coal is [illegible] many parts of this route.

[illegible] will become the great highway to [illegible] and will be the pioneer for a rail[illegible] will inevitably soon be constructed [illegible]

[illegible] appropriates $2[illegible] [illegible] the Rio Grande [illegible] and $2[illegible] for a [illegible] Indians in New Mexico [illegible] the mouth of the [illegible]

[illegible] expelled Mr. [illegible] Representative from Cinch[illegible] member in the House [illegible] while he was [illegible]

[illegible] was held on Monday last, and [illegible] triumphantly reelected. The [illegible] spectacle to see [illegible] and other renegade Dem[illegible] adherents in [illegible] Know Nothings and [illegible] The fusion was [illegible] the Democrats; but [illegible] Knownothingism, [illegible] defeated, and merged [illegible] Mullter, [illegible] to a faction [illegible] power, degrade them [illegible] They deserve all their [illegible] for them.

[illegible]—Messrs Gwinn and Broderick, [illegible] elected to the U. S. Senate [illegible] They arrived in New York on [illegible] George Law, and have [illegible] in the Senate.

Mr Bright and the Cabinet.—The State Sentinel learns that Senator Bright has been tendered the Department of the Interior by Mr Buchanan, and invited to Washington to aid in forming an administration. At the latest advices Mr. Bright had not yet determined whether he would accept or decline the position.

[illegible] Report.—A rumor is in circulation [illegible] Niagara Suspension [illegible] had fallen, while a train was passing [illegible] that [illegible] passengers were killed. We are happy to announce that there is no foundation for the report—it is an unmitigated hoax. The fact is, the Democrat of last Wednesday had the same rumor as being current there at that time, and owing, we suppose, to the badness of the roads it did not reach here until this morning. The Toledo papers of yesterday, with the latest telegraphic news, make no mention of the catastrophe.

True Financiering.—A fellow calling himself Cyrus F True, from Rochester, N. Y., has been victimizing some of the bankers in Toledo and Adrian, by selling drafts purporting to be drawn by a banker in Rochester on the Corn Exchange Bank of New York. The fraud being discovered by means of the telegraph, Mr. True was followed to Detroit, nabbed, and forced to disgorge his plunder. He left for the west, and may probably try the same game in some other place.

Dr Kane Dying.—A dispatch from Havana dated Feb. 17th states that Dr. Kane, the celebrated Arctic explorer, was believed to be dying, and could not survive a other day.

☞ We refer merchants buying goods in Cincinnati to the card of Messrs. Ellis & Co whole sale Dry Goods dealers who have removed to No. 77 Pearl Street. We understand they have now on hand as good a stock as can be found in any of the New York houses, and will sell on terms to make it an object to dealers to purchase of them.

Chance to get a Lot Cheap!—W. G. Ewing offers a number of desirable building lots, situate near the Wabash Valley Round-house, to be disposed of by lottery on Saturday evening, March 14th—tickets only $1 00 each. The drawing will positively come off at the time named, or earlier if all the tickets are sold.

This is a good chance to obtain a home at a trifling cost. 3w34

To the Afflicted.—We are desired to give notice that Dr. Wm. D. Carlin, Oculist, Aurist, and Surgeon, of Findlay, Ohio, will be at the Mayer House on the 2d, 3d and 4th March, where he may be consulted by all who require surgical aid. The Doctor has had an extensive practice for the past 17 years, in private and in hospitals, and as an army surgeon during the Mexican War. He professes to cure cataracts, squinting, and all other diseases of the eye, distortions of the limbs, deafness, tumors and wens, spinal diseases, and all other afflictions requiring surgical aid; and will perform any operation in modern Surgery, where there is a reasonable hope of benefiting the patient. His stay here will be limited to three days—2d, 3d, and 4th March. 3w34

☞ The Indianapolis Expositor, in an article entitled "*Barons and Earls of the Hoosier Parliament,*" gives the following sketch of Mr. Adams the Representative from Whitley. We copy it that his constituents may be prepared for the addition to their population which he evidently meditates making:—

"Lewis Adams, Representative from Whitley, co, was born when quite young, in Putnam county, New York, has lived in Whitley co. Ind., the last ten years, is a farmer by profession 35 years of age was never married but is disposed to marry the first opportunity, of which fact he desires all marriageable ladies to take notice and govern themselves accordingly, is a progressive Democrat in Politics, Post office address, Columbia City, Whitley co. Ind. Boards at Mrs Kinders the best boarding house in the city."

The Auditor and Swamp Land Funds.

By reference to the report of the Senate proceedings of Saturday, it will be seen that a call has been made upon the Auditor of State for information in reference to certain Swamp Land Funds, which further implicates the conduct of the late incumbent of that office. How far, or in what manner the late Auditor has been derelict in the discharge of his duty, in the particular specified by the resolution, we infer only from the resolution itself. Judging by that, even, we are not necessarily compelled to suppose that there has been any wrong committed by the Auditor in disposing of the fund due to the several counties arising from the sale of Swamp lands. The resolution charges that Mr. Talbott's in his various reports this subject, has left a large amount of these funds unaccounted for. He may, however, be able to account for them satisfactorily, and it is certainly to be hoped by every one that he will do so, or impart the necessary information to his successor, in case the books of the office do not themselves contain it, to enable him to do it for him. The resolution ought to have been introduced before the expiration of Mr. Talbott's term of office.

It is in relation to his official acts that information is asked. He, of course, should have been the one to give it, and not his successor, who may be ignorant of the matter in reference to which inquiry is made, and may, besides, have no means of informing himself on the subject.

It was due to Mr. Talbott's successor that a thorough investigation of the affairs of the office should have been made before he entered upon the discharge of his duties and all the facts connected therewith laid before the General Assembly, so that he might have been relieved of the embarrassment and inconvenience to which inquiries such as that contained in the resolution of Mr. Green necessarily involves. But since such investigation has not been made, and since it is only due to him that the affairs of his predecessor can be probed, the resolution of Mr. Green is a justifiable one, and should be met by the present Auditor as far as it may be in his power to do so.

We repeat again, however, that it would have been much more just to all parties concerned, if the resolution had been introduced a month earlier.—*State Sentinel.*

The Corruption Investigation.

We learn that the committee of the House of Representatives, now engaged at Washington in investing the charges and suspicions of corruption against its members, have struck a trail which will will lead to some rich developments. They have "treed" four of its most respectively, and are on the scent of others. The members implicated are Gilbert, Edwards and Matteson, of New York, and Welch, of Connecticut. They are all Republicans of the first water. Matteson has the reputation of being a very wily fox, who covers his tracks, doubles his trail, and backs and fills, dodges and jumps so cunningly, that there are few beagles that will not be put at fault in his pursuit.

One of the most astounding discoveries, however, of this investigation, is that of "Old Greeley," commonly known as Horace Greeley's involvement involvement in a lobby transaction, wherein he fobbed a fee of 1,000 for merely helping forward a bill which never passed. This was the application for an appropriation in favor of the Des Moines Improvement. Mr. John Stryker, the Secretary of the Concern, has testified to the committee that he came to Washington to promote the passage of the bill, and that in furtherance of it, he paid a fee of $1,000 to Reverdy Johnson and drew a draft on the treasury to Horace Greeley in his favor for $1,000, which draft was paid. Horace has, accordingly, been summoned to tell the committee what he did with this $1,000. This is the transaction which has given rise to the cold indirect against our friend Greeley of the Cleveland Plain Dealer, by the virtuous Horace, who claims of Gray $10,000 for publishing a fact, which has been proved before a committee of the House of Representatives.

Mr. Stryker was asked by one of the committee what the money was given for?

He answered, "to aid in the passage of the bill in favor of the Des Moines Improvement."

"What did it go to?" asked another member.

"Bleeding Kansas, I suppose," replied the well named Stryker!—*Clev. Eng.*

Letter of the Secretary of State to Governor Stevens of Washington Territory.

Department of State,
Washington, Sept. 12, 1856.

His Excellency Isaac J. Stevens, Governor of the Territory of Washington—Sir: I have laid before the President all the documents and papers which you have transmitted to this Department, in explanation of your course in declaring martial law in some parts of the Territory of Washington. After a full consideration of them, he has not been able to find in the case you have presented a justification for that extreme measure. Whether, in any circumstances whatever, the Governor of a Territory can resort to such a measure, unless under express authority given by legislation, is a question which it is not proposed now to discuss or decide. It is quite certain that nothing but direful necessity, involving the probable overthrow of the civil government, could be alleged as any sort of excuse for superseding temporarily and substituting in its place an arbitrary military rule. The recognition of such an inherent power in any functionary, whatever be his grade or position, would be extremely dangerous to civil and political liberty. While the President does not bring into question the motives by which you were actuated, he is induced, by an imperative sense of duty, to express his disapproval of your conduct, so far as respects the proclamation of martial law. Were the President able to admit the conclusion that martial law could, in any case, be established without express legislative authority, he could not find such a case in the state of things in Washington Territory, as you have presented them. Where rebellion, or a formidable insurrection, had in effect overthrown the civil government, martial law has been occasionally resorted to as the only means left for its reestablishment. Martial law has also been resorted to in aid of the government, when in imminent danger of being overpowered by internal or external foes. In such cases the measure has been regarded as excusable; but it never can be excusable where the object in resorting to martial law was to act against the existing government of the country, or to supersede its functionaries in the discharge of their proper duties. The latter seems to have been the principal ground you have had for proclaiming martial law. Your conduct in that respect does not, therefore, meet with the favorable regard of the President.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,
W. L. MARCY.

Later from Nicaragua.

New Orleans, Feb. 17.

The Steamer Texas is at Balize, with dates from San Juan to the 10th inst.

The steamship Tennessee had arrived out.

Colonels Titus and Lockridge proceeded up the river, attacked three hundred Costa Ricans at Cody's Point, at the mouth of Peripagua River, and defeated them with great loss. American loss trifling. The steamer's machinery getting out of order, they came back to Punta Arenas, repaired and had gone back again. There was little doubt but they would be in full possession of the river in a week.

We have dates from Walker to the 3d inst., by the Orizaba from Panama.

Cora had appeared near Rivas and been driven back.

On the 28th ult., Henningsen, with a force of four hundred, attacked fifteen hundred of the enemy at St. George, driving them from their position, and then returning to Rivas.

Walker's whole force was thirteen hundred fit for duty, eleven hundred of whom were in excellent health and spirits, and with provisions and ammunition for three months.

A private dispatch to the agent of the Associated Press, dated Greytown, February 10, confirm the foregoing account.

ARRIVAL OF THE EUROPA.

Halifax, Feb. 14.

The steamship Europa, Capt. Leith, arrived, here at an early hour this morning and will be due at Boston on Sunday evening.

She left Liverpool on Saturday, Jan. 21. Her news consequently three days later than that received by the City of Baltimore at N. Y.

European affairs generally were in a state of quietude, and the main interest was centered in the Chinese Persian question.

The London Globe has a telegraph dispatch from Constantinople dated Jan. 18 announcing that the British steamers have returned from the vicinity of the Isle of Serpents.

The Persian Difficulty.—It is believed that Persia has submitted to the demands of the British. But the intelligence is yet received with doubt. The London News says that Lord Stratford has telegraphed that Persia submitted, not from the fall of Bushire but on general grounds.

Details of the capture of Bushire have been received under date of January 2d, and November 29th.

Some British ships had arrived off the fort of Bushire.

A correspondence ensued, and Dec. 31, the British sent on shore a copy of the declaration of war. The next day, the 1st, the British took possession of Karak, without opposition, as a military depot.

During the 7th and 8th the British troops disembarked at Halliallay, twelve miles southward of Bushire, the men landing with three days rations, and without baggage.

On the morning of the 9th, the army in two brigades advanced along the coast towards the forts, which were falling a little ahead on the flank.

The ship Assaye, on coming abreast of fort Bushire, shelled it from a distance of 700 yards and dislodged the garrison, 800 of whom took up a new position to oppose the British advance.

Brigadier Stopford was shot dead while waving on his men to the attack, the British Commander marched on the enemy, who fought stoutly with the bayonet, until driven back upon the fort, whence they attempted to escape, but were met by the British light cavalry, and by the cavalry in front.

The British loss is reported to be 27 men. Bushire was then summoned to surrender, and the chance having been refused during the night the city was bombarded, and replied steadily for 4 hours and then surrendered, when the British entered the town.

The British report no loss in the fleet.

The Governor, Commander of the fleet, and one officer were made prisoners, and the garrison being too numerous to retain them, they were escorted some distance into the interior, and there liberated.

Bushire was proclaimed British territory, and a free port.

Reports were rife of abominable conduct on the part of the British after the capitulation of the town.

The Chinese details have come to hand, confirming the telegraph accounts of the troubles. An extra China mail of December 16th, says the factories have been burned by the Chinese, and the only particulars we have ascertained was that at 11 [illegible] on Sunday night the flames burst out very directly.

Admiral Seymour had withdrawn his men into the garden—the only [illegible].

What step the admiral means to take is unknown, but there is little doubt that the city of Canton will be no longer spared, and the discharge of rockets and shells is said to have already commenced. The papers then proceed to relate the events that occurred before the burning of the factories.

It is said that the Chinese have apologized to the American authorities for the outrages committed against the flag.

The London Times' correspondent says, on November 17th Capt. Foote of the U. S. ship Portsmouth, was on the way from Whampoa to Canton in the ship Pinnacle for the purpose of withdrawing the American marines in the forts. When passing the Barrier Forts the boat was fired at by the Chinese, and was obliged to put back to Whampoa, notwithstanding that the American flag was displayed by the boat. The Portsmouth and Levant then moved up the river and bombarded the forts which the Chinese bravely defended, replying with a well directed force, killing 2 men and wounding others and doing some damage to the vessels.

Commodore Armstrong then wrote to the Viceroy demanding an apology within 24 hours—The reply being unsatisfactory the Americans at once proceeded to take the forts which they have since destroyed. In this service several lives were lost. Since this the Yeh has written to the Americans and proposed to respect their flag, stating that the outrage was in consequence of a mistake. There was still one or two points at issue, but it is understood that the Americans will accept the apology and retire from Canton.

The Americans met with an accident in destroying the Barrier Forts. One of the mines exploded through the carelessness of a seaman, killing him and two of his comrades and wounding six others.

The Portsmouth and Levant have returned to Whampoa.

A reconstruction of the British Cabinet is still mooted.

From Italy the accounts are quite deplorable. A priest had attempted to assinate the Archbishop of Mantua as he was giving his benediction to the people. The Arch-Bishop received a slight wound and one of the Canons who interposed was shot dead by the assassin.

Verger had been executed at Paris.

Congressional

Washington, Feb. 14.

Senate.—On motion of Mr. Weller, the Senate proceeded to a consideration of the House Bill for a construction of a wagon road from Fort Kearney, via the South Pass of the Rocky Mountains and Great Salt Lake Valley, to the eastern portion of California, which was passed.

On motion of Mr. Toombs, the Senate took up the Minnesota Land bill, which was introduced a few days previous by him, in compliance with the memorial of Gen Shields and others.

Mr Beggs, as a representative from one of the old States, entered his protest against this method of disposing of the public domain.

Mr Foote thought it was too late in the day, after the numerous grants of this kind, to raise such an objection.

Mr. Stuart explained that the quantity of land granted by the bill is one million, three hundred thousand acres, being much less than that which some of the States had received.

The bill passed—ayes 32, nays 19.

Washington, Feb. 15.

Senate.—Mr. Miller has presented the credentials of Mr Gwyan, of California, who was qualified and took his seat.

Mr. Fessenden presented the credentials of Hamlin, Senator elect from Maine, from the 4th of March next.

Mr. Wilson introduced a bill to pay Massachusetts $227,000, being the balance due that State for disbursements during the war of 1813. The bill was referred.

In the Executive session in Senate to-day, the Committee on Foreign relations reported back the Clarendon and Dallas treaties, with amendments to obviate the objections heretofore made to it. It was debated more than three hours.

Washington, Feb. 17.

Senate. Mr. Seward's bill to perfect the home valuation principle in the tariff of 1846 was laid on the table, at his own sustance, in order to avoid embarrassment in its consideration by Adams' amendment to exempt railroad iron from duty. It is his intention to call it up at a future day.

The Senate passed a bill in addition to the act more effectually providing for the punishment of certain crimes against the United States.

A Bill to amend the act to provide for a better organization of the Treasury Department, and for the collection, transfer, and safe-keeping and disbursement of the public revenue, and a bill confirming to States the swamps and overflowed lands therein, passed.

The Senate then proceeded to the consideration of the bill to increase the pay of officers of the army. It was passed after debate, without amendment.

House.—Mr. Wakeman called up Mr. Barbour's motion to consider the vote by which the Senate Submarine Telegraph Bill was referred to the Committee on Post offices.

Mr. Jones, of Tennessee, moved to lay the motion on the table. Negatived.

The question on reconsidering was then carried.

Mr. Jones, of Tennessee moved to lay bill on the table. Negatived—ayes 77; nays 114. He then ineffectually moved to refer bill to Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union. Ayes 77; nays 112.

Mr. Wakeman moved to recommit the bill to the Committee on Ways and Means. Agreed.

The House then passed, 99 against 79, the bill for the relief of the people of Kansas, repealing all rules and regulations, purporting to be laws adopted at Shawnee Mission by a body of men claiming to be the Legislature, and declaring invalid all acts and proceedings of that assembly, likewise providing for an election of new members of the Legislature, and penalties for illegal voting and unlawful interference with the rights of voters.

Washington, Feb. 17.

It is confidently asserted, by the friends of the Minnesota Land Bill, that nothing has been discovered by the committee. The [illegible] General Shields received [illegible] [illegible] of the committee.

The bill increasing the pay of officers of the army, which now awaits the signature of the President, gives Lieutenant General Scott an increase, making his yearly compensation $10,620. The increase in each Brigadier General's pay is [illegible] Colonel [illegible] Lieutenant Colonel [illegible] Major [illegible] Captain and [illegible] each—making their salaries respectively $7,380 [illegible] $2,000, $1,800 and $1,300. The [illegible] is $1,325,000.

An old law provides that any increase in the pay of army officers shall relatively affect that of the marine corps.

Washington, Feb. 16.

The War Department has received intelligence from General Wool, dated Benicia, California, January 31, saying that peace and quiet prevails throughout the department of the Pacific, which he has no doubt will continue as long as the Indians are treated with ordinary justice.

The disposition of the troops is such as not only to give protection to the white settlements, but restrain the Indians, should they exhibit any indication to renew the war, which from the information he has received, he does not in the least apprehend.

Among the fifty Senate bills reported by Washburne, of Illinois, to-day, when those for the improvement of Lake Michigan, the Hurlgate, the channel of the Hudson and Illinois rivers, and the harbors of Providence, Cape Cod, Chicago, and Michigan City. The programme is to unite them all in one bill in favor of which there is a large majority, but want of time may prevent a consummation of the scheme.

Circumstances Alter Cases with the Republicans

Every Republican member of the United States Senate, and all their prominent papers [illegible] in the decision in the Harlan case [illegible] that the case was a violation of justice and equity. Harlan, who was a Black Republican, was elected United States Senator from Iowa by a majority of the House and a minority of the Senate, the aggregate vote, however, being a majority of the whole number of members elected to the Legislature. The non-participation of the majority of the Senators was willful in its character, and designed to produce anarchy and trouble. Under these circumstances, every Republican member of the United States Senate, together with some Democrats, such as Toombs and Pugh, voted in favor of Harlan's right to his seat, and, in our judgement, they took the right view of the case.

But, behold how "circumstances alter cases" with our Republican friends. Messrs. Bright and Fitch, Democrats, have been elected United States Senators from Indiana, like Mr. Harlan by a majority of the House of Representatives and a minority of the Senate, which, together, made up a majority of the joint convention, and also of all the members elected to the Legislature.

As in Iowa the conduct of the majority of the Senate was entirely factious, and its absence was a willful and high-handed attempt to produce a revolution. Such being the case in regard to these two elections, one would suppose that the Republican Senators and Republican press, as in the case of Harlan, would be favorable to admitting Messrs Bright and Fitch to their seats. But no. The fact that the latter are Democrats, makes all the difference in the world. With impudent coolness unsurpassed, they change their position in a few weeks, and show that partisan feelings are superior to all sense of honor, decency and consistency, by asking that the Harlan precedent be followed, which they unanimously opposed. We trust that our Democratic United States Senators will do no such thing. They were abused by the Republicans for that decision, and now let them give the latter a dose of their own medicine.—The Indiana case is stronger than the Iowa, from the fact that there is no law regulating the election of Senators in the former State, while there is in the latter, the law of which State was broken, while in Indiana it was not. It is high time that the United States Senate discountenanced these revolting proceedings in State Legislatures regarding Senators, or otherwise it will destroy that branch of the Government.

Let the rule be laid down, and who can say that it is not a good one, that the absence of a member from a Senatorial convention shall not count any more than his vote if present. Had all the absentees in the Indiana Legislature been present and voted against Messrs. Bright and Fitch, it would not have changed the result, as these gentlemen had a clear majority over all. Let the views of the Republican Senators, as advanced in the Harlan case, govern it, (and surely they cannot object) and Messrs. Bright and Fitch will hold their seats.—*Cin. Enq.*

New York, Feb. 15.

The Burdill Murder.—The Coroner's Jury rendered a verdict at eleven o'clock on Saturday night against Eckel and Mrs. Cunningham, as the principle, and Snodgrass as an accessory and the two Misses Cunningham as having guilty knowledge and concealing the same.

New York, Feb. 16.

On Saturday, the laborers employed on the Railroad tunnel at Bergen, N. J., numbering about 1000 strong were engaged in a bloody row. The belligerants, during the fight, set fire to the shanties, which brought out the firemen. Subsequently several companies of military were ordered on to the scene of the disturbance.

The firemen dispersed the mob, and the presence of the militia prevented any extensive hostile operations on the part of the rioters.—The disturbance extended up to a late hour.

Many of those engaged in the melee were severely beaten. Two or three were reported dead last evening, and the lives of several others were despaired of. Nearly 70 were arrested.

Annual Report of the Auditor of State.

The report of the Auditor of State is a voluminous document, embracing a variety of information on subjects pertaining to that office. The detailed statement of receipts and expenditures for the last year, need not be referred to, as they have already been given in our abstract of the report of Treasurer.

At the time of the passage of the act of Jan, 19, 1846, providing for an adjustment of the indebtedness of the State, the total amount of the bonds outstanding was $11,048,000. Under this act an arrangement was affected for the payment of one-half of the debt and interest by surrendering to the bond holders of the Wabash and Erie Canal, its lands and revenues. For the various kinds of Canal stocks that have been issued on account of that portion of the public debt, the State is in no way responsible.

For the other half of the debt, for which the State was liable, the old bonds were surrendered and new stocks issued as follows:

1st. Five per cent State stock for the principal of the bonds surrendered.

2d. Two and a half per cent. for the *accrued* and one per cent. for the *accruing* interest on those bonds.

The total amount of five per cent. stocks issued on account of the bonds so surrendered, was $5 306,500—leaving of bonds outstanding, $125,000.

Of the two and a half per cent. stock there has been issued $2,040,511.

The amount of stocks redeemed, since the state debt arrangement, is $378,434, of which $150,000 are five per cents, and $226,234 two and a half per cents.

The amount paid for interest on the State debt for the last year was $316,674 34. Whole amount paid since the commencement of the arrangement under the act of 1846, $2,213,[illegible] 75.

The report presents an abstract of the condition of the suspended Free Banks, by which it appears that there has been redeemed of the outstanding circulation of these banks, during the year, $100,029 leaving yet outstanding [illegible]. All the securities and other assets turned over to the Auditor by his predecessor for the redemption of the outstanding circulation of these banks have been exhausted.

A full tabular statement is given of the kind and amount of bonds on deposite by each of the specie paying Free Banks remaining under the General Banking Law of 1852, and the amount of the circulating notes of each, outstanding.

The aggregate circulation of these banks is seven hundred and seventy-seven thousand and thirty nine dollars. Their securities on deposite, consisting of the very best State stocks, amount at their par value, to nine hundred and ninety-[illegible] dollars. This class of banks have until the first day of March 1857, to wind up or accept the provisions of the General Banking Law as amended and passed, March 3, 1855. There are twenty-six of these banks, two of which, the Gramercy and Shawnee have failed since the report of the Auditor was published. The facts connected with these failures are already so well known to the public, that any reference to them, here is unnecessary.

The number of specie-paying Free Banks, which have complied with and organized under the General Banking Law of 1855, is fourteen. These fourteen banks have an outstanding circulation of nine hundred and eighty-eight thousand and twenty-one dollars. They have on deposite as securities for the redemption of their circulation, bonds whose aggregate par value is one million three hundred and twenty two thousand five hundred and sixty seven dollars, and the aggregate market value of which is one million eighty nine thousand nine hundred and eighty-seven dollars.

The Auditor closes this portion of his report by expressing the belief that the Free Banks of Indiana are organized upon a most safe and reliable basis; that they are able to redeem all their circulation at par and are known to be in the hands of men of honor and responsibility.—Further legislation may be necessary in regard to some of the details of the system, but nothing father is required to secure its safety and security.

The ordinary expenses for the year 1857 are estimated at $109,050. The estimate for extraordinary expenditures, including the interest [illegible] salary of State Agent [illegible] appropriations on account of Insane, Deaf and Dumb and Blind Asylums and [illegible] University funds [illegible] $129 425 40—making an aggregate expenditure of ordinary and extraordinary of $731,985 40. The total estimated receipts for 1857 are $646,543.

Estimated expenditures ordinary and extraordinary, for 1858, $413,635. Total estimated receipts for 1858, $747,500.

The value of all taxable property in the State for 1856 was $300,787,819—showing an increase of $1,039,845 over that of the previous year.—There having been no revaluation of real estate since 1850, there is of course no increase in real estate except that which arises from sales of lands, which are immediately added to the tax-list. Under a new valuation of the real property the Auditor thinks that a fair assessment will fix the value of all taxables little, if any, short of $400,000,000. Since the last assessment of real estate, some towns and cities have doubled in their value and in many parts of the country, especially in the vicinity of railroads, lands have in value nearly one hundred per cent., while all over the State a steady advancement has been realized!

The number of polls returned for 1856 is 174,802—being 5,923 less than for the year 1855.—This decrease is to be accounted for in no other way than by carelessness in making the assessment. There should have been a large increase instead of a decrease, as it cannot be doubted that there has been large additions to our population. But little effort was probably made to ascertain and return those who had no property that is taxable.

The vote given at the last Presidential election was 222,434—being an excess over the polls returned of 60,633, and showing a diminution of the polls as compared with the votes of more than one-fourth.—*State Sent.*

INDIANA LEGISLATURE.

[*Compiled from the State Sentinel.*]

Thursday, Feb. 12.

Senate.—Mr. Cravens, from Committee to whom was referred a resolution instructing them to inquire in the expediency of providing by law for an increase of the rate of interest on money, reported against the expediency of such provision.

Mr. Blair, from the Committee on County and Township Business reported back the bill to provide for the uniform mode of doing township business and recommended that it be indefinitely postponed. Bill laid on the table.

Resolution by Mr. Bakes: That the President of the State Bank report the amount of circulation on the 31st day of December, 1856; the amount returned and destroyed up to this time, and on what Branches; and the probable period that will be required to call in their circulation. Adopted.

Bill to amend an act to abridge, revise and simplify the rules, practice, pleadings and forms in Courts of justice, and abolish district forms of an action at law—ayes 33, noes 7.

House.—Resolution by Mr. Ricketts: That a bill be reported by committee, making it a penal offence in judges of elections to refuse a vote offered in compliance with the law. Adopted. Ayes 59, noes 26.

Kerr moved to reconsider vote passing bill requiring ten days residence in the ward to qualify municipal voters. He argued the bill was unconstitutional. House consented. Bill tabled.

Bill amending sec. 9 of act regulating fees of county officers, more particularly, the fees of treasurers.

Colgrove proposed to amend by providing that the county treasurer shall receive in no case more than $1500 per annum.

LaRue said the Treasurer in his county, (Tippecanoe) would have to pay the whole of that $1500 for clerk hire.

Colgrove said the treasurer of his county (Randolph) realized last year $1900 for his official services. This year he would realize $2500. The treasurer of Tippecanoe must be an incompetent man.

LaRue, to cut off debate, amendments and all, moved the previous question. Seconded. Question on the passage of the bill. Ayes 73, noes 12.

Colgrove moved to reconsider the vote. There had been some artful dodging about this bill.

LaRue moved to lay Colgrove's motion to reconsider on the table. Ayes 47, noes 29.

Joint Resolution, With reference to the purchase of the Wabash and Erie Canal by the State, declaring such purchase both inexpedient and unconstitutional. Read a third time. Passed—ayes, 80; nays, none.

Bill for the effectually carrying out the provisions of the United States Fugitive Slave Law.—Tabled.

Bill abolishing Courts of Common Pleas. Indefinitely postponed. Adjourned.

Friday, Feb. 13.

Senate.—*Bills Introduced.*—By Mr. Fisk: Bill to amend an act to provide for the more uniform mode of doing Township business.

By Mr. Crouse: Bill to provide for the sale of certain lands belonging to the State University.

By Mr. McClure: Bill to provide for the more uniform mode of doing Township business.

The bills so introduced were severally read a first time and passed to a second reading.

House Messages.—The following bills passed by the House of Representatives, were severally read a first time and passed to a second reading.

Bill to provide for the appraisement of real property of the State, subject to taxation.

Bill to amend an act concerning the interest on money.

Bill prohibiting the running of railroad trains over other railroad crossings without stopping, and prescribing the punishment for injuries from carelessness in so crossing.

Joint resolution declaring it unconstitutional and impolitic for the State to purchase the Wabash and Erie Canal.

House.—Grove and other Republican members of the House, sent to the Clerk's desk another protest against the transactions of the joint convention of the 4th of February, declaring them informal, illegal, void, &c. Read.

Mr. Speaker. Let the protest be entered on the Journal.

Kerr, Committee on Affairs of the State Prison, reported bill 129 amended, by adding out the clause making only Ministers of the Gospel eligible to the office of Moral Instructor; and further, that it is the unanimous opinion of the committee that the clause authorizing whipping ought to be retained.

Question on concurring in the report: ayes 70 noes 43. House refused to concur.

Batterton moved additional instructions, adopting solitary confinement instead of whipping.

Kerr moved an amendment that in case of vacancies the Governor appoint until the next meeting of the Assembly. Bill recommitted, with additional instructions leaving punishments discretionary.

Bill for support of indigent, blind, and other infirm persons. Ayes 72; nays 3. Passed.

Bill preventing the issue of fraudulent notes, bills, checks, &c., as money, and to prevent and punish fraudulent banking.

The bill, with instructions was recommitted.

Kerr, from Committee on Affairs of the State Prison, reported House State Prison bill amended so as to authorize the Governor to fill vacancies, and to leave the mode of punishment of criminals discretion with the Warden. Report concurred in.

Question on the passage of the bill: ayes 57, noes 31. Passed.

Lane, from Committee on Banks, reported House bill 99 amended, so as to include insurance companies, railroad companies, plank road companies, &c. Report concurred in. Question on passage of the bill.

Question on the bill. Lost—ayes 31; noes 55.

Bill amending act prescribing the duties and fixing the compensation of the Agent of State. Ayes 86; noes 2. Passed.

Saturday, Feb. 14.

Senate.—Resolution by Mr. Green: Whereas it is made the imperative duty of the Auditor of State to apportion and pass to the credit of the Swamp Land Fund of the several counties all the money, warrants and funds of every description now in the State Treasury, or that may hereafter come in it, derived from the sale of swamp lands lying within said counties.

And whereas, it is provided that said money, warrants and funds shall be paid out on the orders of the Swamp Land Commissioners of the county from which such money, warrants and funds were derived;

And whereas, a large amount of such money warrants and funds justly due and owing to the counties remains unaccounted for by the Auditor in his Reports, therefore,

That the Auditor of State be required to report to the Senate a full statement of the funds mentioned in the preamble to this resolution; what amount he has apportioned to the several counties as required of him by law, and the amount thereof yet undisposed of to the Commissioners of Swamp Lands. Adopted.

House.—Mr. Cullen introduced a bill from Committee on Temperance, regulating the sale of spirituous, vinous, malt, and intoxicating liquors. The bill provides for license from $50 to $500, upon notice given to citizens of the township, and granted by the Board of County Commissioners; bonds not to be less than $500, nor more that $3,000; no liquors to be sold on Sunday; a disorderly house to be abated as a public nuisance; damages sustained, and exemplary damages, recoverable by all persons aggrieved by abuse of the right to sell; penalty for sale to minors fixed; adulteration of liquors punished; persons found in a state of intoxication punished by fine; grand jury, mayors, and magistrates to have cognizance of all offences. Rules, on motion of Cullen, suspended, and bill read by title a second time, and, on motion of Denby, 800 copies ordered of the printer.

Monday, Feb. 16.

Senate.—Mr Wallace introduced a bill to repeal an act to establish a Bank and branches, passed by the General Assembly of 1855, the Governor's veto thereof notwithstanding. Read a first time and passed to a second reading.

The Senate then took up the order of the day, in which a large number of bills on their second reading were disposed of.

House.—On motion of Bethell, House bill for the more effectually carrying out the provisions of the Fugitive Slave Law was taken from the table and referred to a select committee. Committee: Bethell, Sherrod, Blake, Kerr and Walpole.

On motion of Blake, the whole matter was made the special order for Friday next, at 2 o'clock.

Bill amending 4th section of act prescribing powers and duties of coroners—reducing the number of jurors from 15 to 6. Passed.

Bill equalizing the salaries of Judges of the Supreme Court.

Tuesday, Feb. 17.

Senate.—Bill to amend an act regulating the fees of officers and repealing all former acts relating thereto, was read a third time and passed—ayes 37, noes 3.

The following bills were also read a third time and passed:

Senate bill to amend an act to establish Courts of Common Pleas, and defining the jurisdiction and duties, and providing for the compensation of the judges thereof. Ayes 38, noes 3.

Bill to provide for the disposition of real estate owned by aliens residing in this state who may die intestate without heirs capable of inheriting the same. Ayes 39, noes 1.

Bill to prevent betting on elections and prescribing the punishment therefor. Ayes 34, noes 6.

Bill supplimentary to the 9th article of an act to revise, abridge and simplify the rules, practice pleadings and forms in courts of justice, and to abolish distinct forms of action at law, &c. Ayes 28, noes 11.

House Joint Resolution declaring it to be unconstitutional and impolitic for the State to purchase the Wabash & Erie Canal. Ayes 40, noes 0.

Bill to amend the ninth section of an act regulating the fees of officers—ayes 35, noes 4.

House.—Resolution by Mr Marvin: committee on Elections, against passage of House bill requiring 60 days' residence in township by voters.—The proposition is unconstitutional.

Question on concurring in report—ayes 54; noes 35.

Hemphreys moved to table the bill. Carried.

Neff; That the further investigation of the recent Rush County frauds is inexpedient.

Resolution tabled.

Carnahan: That the Hall of the House be tendered to the American party for the purpose of holding their convention this afternoon.

The resolution was advocated by Carnahan, Crowe and others on the grounds of courtesy and precedent. Davis, of Sullivan, Branson and Smith of Bartholomew, opposed it because of the press of business. Resolution adopted: ayes 57, noes 29.

Wednesday, Feb. 18.

Senate.—House bill to amend an act concerning interest on money, having been made the special order for the day 10 o'clock, the same was taken up for consideration.

Mr Heffren moved that it be indefinitely postponed, which was agreed to Ayes 27, noes 16.

Senate bill on the same subject was also indefinitely postponed. Ayes 31, noes 10.

The vote on these bills was considered as a test of the opinion of the Senate in reference to any change in the law regulating interest.

Mr Johnson, from the select committee to whom was referred a bill providing for the appraisement of the real property of the State, &c. reported the same back with an amendment, which was adopted, and the bill ordered to be engrossed for a third reading.

By Mr Cowgill: Bill to amend an act to revise, simplify and abridge the rules, practice, pleadings, and forms in courts of justice and to abolish distinct forms of actions of action at law, &c.

By Mr Tarkington: Bill to amend an act to regulate the business of general banking.

Severally read a first time and passed to a second reading.

House.—Bill relative to salaries of public officers, taken up.

Walpole moved to amend, fixing the salaries of the Judges of the Supreme Court at $1,500. He was opposed to the increase of salaries.

Davis, of Sullivan said if the Supreme Court Judges were to be increased to five he was opposed to the increase of salaries. If, however, they were to be reduced to three he would be willing to vote an increase. $1,000 was enough for all the Judges. He moved, until we should ascertain what was to be done as to the number of Judges and as to the redistricting the State into Judicial Circuits, that the bill be tabled. Carried.

Bills introduced.—By Mr. Cullen: No 227, to increase the salaries of Supreme Judges to $2,500 each, and to increase their duties also.

Moon: 278, amending various sections of act relative to appraisement and taxation.

Branson: No 279, prohibiting State or county officers from taking, in payment of State dues, any of the notes of the so called Bank of Indiana and prohibiting them from depositing therein or in any of the branches thereof.

Bill to prevent emigration of voters with the design of influencing or controlling elections.—Passed; ayes 85, noes 0.

Bill changing time of publications of legal notices. Passed, ayes 51, noes 30.

A LADY

WHO has been cured of GREAT NERVOUS DEBILITY, after many years of misery, desires to make known to all fellow-sufferers the sure means of relief. Address, enclosing stamp to pay return postage, Mrs. MARY E. DEWITT, Boston, Mass., and the prescription will be sent, free, by next post. 3m32

...nati, Ohio.—Cincinnati, Ohio. — For more than three years I have been suffering with rheumatism, with enlargement and pain of the knees and joints. I have strictly followed the advice of physicians and at other times used such family medicines as had been recommended for cures of rheumatism; still I did not improve in the least, and was frequently compelled to keep my bed, and thus by was prevented attending to my business. Some weeks ago I was induced by a friend to try Carter's Spanish Mixture. The effect was miraculous. I felt considerably improved after I had taken the fourth dose; I have only used one single bottle, and am entirely free from all pain. I feel better than I have felt for many years, and I attribute my entire health restored health solely to the use of Carter's Spanish Mixture. I consider it a most excellent remedy for rheumatism and all diseases of the blood, and cheerfully recommend it to the public.

D. BURRITT,
South-east corner Fourth and Walnut sts
Cincinnati, March 17 1855.

No Family should be without Hoofland's German Bitters.—Children afflicted with the Summer Complaint entirely cured by them.

Camden, New Jersey, March 14 1855.

Dear sir—It is with much pleasure that I inform you of the great benefits derived from the use of your German Bitters in my family. During the greater part of last summer, my son, aged two years, was severely afflicted with the *Summer Complaint* in the worst form, for which various remedies prescribed by Physicians and others were used, but with no avail. I also sent him to the country, but it proved of but little benefit. Having a bottle of German Bitters in the house, I was persuaded to try that, which to my astonishment entirely cured him. He continued to take the Bitters some time afterwards and became healthy. I have the greatest confidence in the Bitters, and feel no hesitation in saying that no family should be without them.

Respectfully yours, JOHN W. FARIS,
Plum street, above second

To Dr. C M Jackson.
See advertisement.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.—The well merited success of these celebrated Bitters, and the daily favor with which it has been received by our most respectable citizens, speaks volumes as to its efficacy in bringing about the beneficial results for which it is designed. Having been the result of a long course of study and observation in the Doctor's practice, so that the proprietors have no hesitancy in presenting it to the world, as unsurpassed in effecting a speedy, certain and permanent cure for all irregularities and weakness of the digestive organs, to which most persons trace ill health. Sold by all Druggists, Grocers, and Hotels, throughout the U States and Canada.

For sale by H. B. Reed, Meyer & Brother; J. D. Worden & Co, G H, Wagner.

☞A VERMIFUGE, so pleasant to the taste, that it can be mixed in the common food without discovery, is Dr. Wright's Purgative Powders for Children. In Derangements of the Bowels, swelling of the Liver, soreness in the side, symptoms of Spasms, Summer Complaints, &c., or as a Vermifuge, they have no equal

Dr. Wright's Liver Pills, also his Tonic Bitters and Invigorating Cordial, all excellent medicines, are sold by

DR. J. U. WINSLOW, Fort Wayne.
See large advertisement. 1m35

A PERFUMED BREATH—What lady or gentleman would remain under the curse of a disagreeable breath when by using the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers" as a dentifrice would not only render it sweet but leave the teeth white as alabaster? Many persons do not know their breath is bad, and the subject is so delicate their friends will never mention it. Pour a single drop of "Balm" on your tooth-brush and wash the teeth night and morning. A fifty cents bottle will last a year.

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION may easily be acquired by using the "*Balm of a Thousand Flowers.*" It will remove tan, pimples and freckles from the skin, leaving it of a soft and roseable hue. Wet a towel, pour on two or three drops, and wash the face night and morning.

SHAVING MADE EASY.—Wet your shaving-brush in either warm or cold water, pour on two or three drops of "*Balm of a Thousand Flowers,*" rub the beard well, and it will make a beautiful soft lather, much facilitating the operation of shaving.—Price only Fifty cents.

For sale by all Druggists.

☞Beware of counterfeits.—None genuine unless signed by

W. P. FETRIDGE & CO.,
6m13 Franklin Square, N. York.

COMMERCIAL.

Fort Wayne, Saturday, Feb. 21.

Wheat is scarce and in demand at 1 20 a 1 30. Flour, extra, 7 00; superfine 6 00; Rye flour 5 00.

Corn, 35; Buckwheat 56; Oats 30; Barley 1 50; Rye 63; Beans 1 50 a 2 00; Potatoes 70 a 80; Sweet do.—; Onions 1 50; Butter 15a16; Cheese 9a10; Eggs 12; Salt 2 25; Bacon 9 a10; Lard 9 a10; Hams 10a12; Pork 7 00a7 50; Beef 4 00a 5 00; Flaxseed 1 24; Clover 5 75; Timothy Seed 2 50; Apples, green, $1 25 a 2; dry, 2 25a2 50; Wool, common, 25 a 28, fine, 34 a 42; white fish, h.-bbl 5 75; pickerel 5 00; trout 5 00; lake herring 5 00, Cranberries 3 00.

BLACHLY, SIMPSON & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Foreign and Domestic

Staple & Fancy Dry Goods,

No. 11 Pearl Street,

CINCINNATI,

Have now in store a large and varied stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Notions, &c., fresh and carefully selected, to which they will be constantly receiving additions during the season.

They ask the attention of Merchants visiting this city, this spring, to their stock. 13a31

Merchants visiting Cincinnati

are invited to examine our extensive assortment of

DRY GOODS

of all descriptions, at our New Warehouse, No. 77 Pearl Street.

JNO. W. ELLIS & Co.,
10w31 Formerly at No. 23 Pearl Street.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed from the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, I have levied upon and will expose for sale at public auction at the Court House door in said county, between the hours of one and four o'clock P. M. of the 14th day of March, A. D. 1857, the rents and profits for a term of years not exceeding seven of the north-west quarter of the north-east quarter of section twenty (20), in township thirty two (32), north of range twelve (12) east, in Allen County, Indiana; and on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of judgment, interest thereon, and costs, I will at the same time and place, and by public auction as aforesaid, expose to sale the fee simple of said real estate.

Ordered to be sold to satisfy said execution in the case of Myron F. Barbour vs. Abraham Pulver, administrator of Eve Pulver, deceased.

WM. FLEMING, Sh'ff A. C,
L. C. Jacoby, Esq., Att'y.
Feb. 21, 1857. ($3 00) 5w33

J. B. WHITE,

Tailor and Furnisher,

Columbia Street, over Meyer's New Jewelry Store,

IS now prepared to do all kinds of Custom Work in his line of business, on the most reasonable terms. My work is got up in the most fashionable style, and warranted to fit and give satisfaction to all parties.

Cutting and Repairing done.

Also Agent for J. Coby's New System Transfer Shoulder for cutting Coats, the newest system out.
3m33

CAN FRUITS.—Fine fresh Peaches, Strawberries, and Pine Apples, in Cans, just received by
Jan. 18. DRAKE & BOURIE.

Final Settlement Notice.

In the matter of the Estate of Augustus Pacips, deceased.

THE administratrix of said estate having filed her final account current and vouchers in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana, more than ten days prior to the next term of said Court, Notice is hereby given that at the next term of said Court, said account current and vouchers will be presented and examined for a final settlement of said estate.

I. D. G. NELSON, C.C.C.P. Allen Co.
Feb. 14, 1857. ($1 50) 3w33

State of Indiana, Whitley County, ss. } In the Whitley Common Pleas Court, April Term, A. D. 1857.

PETITION FOR PARTITION.

Asa Meredith vs. Job Meredith.

WHEREAS, it appearing to the satisfaction of the Clerk of said Court, by the affidavit of a disinterested person, that the said Job Meredith is a non-resident of the State of Indiana,

Notice is therefore hereby given to the said John Meredith, that unless he shall appear in the Whitley Common Pleas Court, on the second day of the next term thereof (April 7th, 1857), then and there to answer, demur or plead to the petition of the said Asa Meredith, in this behalf, the same will be heard and determined in his absence.

[L. S.] Witness my hand as Clerk and the seal of said Court, at Columbia City, the 11th day of February, 1857.

ISAIAH B. McDONALD,
Clerk Whitley Co. C. P. Court.
James S. Collins, Att'y for Plaintiff,
February 11, 1857. ($2 75) 3w33

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an Execution to me directed by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, I will expose for sale by public auction, at the court house door in Allen County, Indiana, between the hours of one and four o'clock P. M. of the 7th day of March, A. D. 1857, the rents and profits for a term of years not exceeding seven, of Lot numbered one hundred and eight (108) in Hanna's addition to the town of Fort Wayne, in the county of Allen and State of Indiana; and on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgment, interest thereon, and costs, I will, at the same time and place, and by public auction as aforesaid, expose to sale the *fee simple* of said real estate.

Ordered to be sold to satisfy said execution in favor of John Conger, and against Abraham R. Miller.

WM. FLEMING, Sh'ff A. C.
Feb. 13, 1857 [$2 00] 3w33

JOHN BROWN,

DEALER IN

STONE AND LIME,

N. Y. & Louisville Cement Plaster of Paris

AND LAND PLASTER.

The above articles kept constantly on hand at his new stone Building, north of the canal, near the City Mills. y12

Nursery Notice.

THE undersigned, Proprietors of the ELM PARK NURSERIES 4 miles east of Fort Wayne, will offer, the coming spring, great inducements to those wishing to set Orchards, to fit up Yards, Lawns and Ornamental Grounds.

They have a fine grown stock of

FRUIT TREES

in cultivation. No pains or expenses have been spared to obtain and test all the varieties of any celebrity, grown in any part of the United States.—The Trees are very thrifty, being grown in deep rich soil, without the use of manure, and much more certain to live than Eastern Trees that are grown almost exclusively by stimulating manures, in compact nursery rows, with scarce any roots; whilst ours have fine mass of fibrous roots, which, when taken fresh from the ground, will ensure their growth, if they receive any ordinary care in transplanting.

We have a fine stock of

Evergreens, Ornamental Trees, and Shrubbery,

including all the rare and beautiful Roses in cultivation; Peonies, white, pink, red and fragrant of different colors, besides SMALL FRUITS, such as Currants, Gooseberries, Strawberries, &c., &c.

GRAPE ROOTS of any size, from one year old plants to bearing vines, can be furnished in large or small quantities. The Grape is as easily grown as the Apple, and no person should dispense with so cheap a luxury.

Also a very large quantity of the finest and largest RHUBARB or Pie Plant in cultivation.

All orders directed to the subscriber, or left at the Clerk's Office in Fort Wayne, will be promptly filled. W. H. LOOMIS & Co.
Feb 2, 1857. 3m33

BOOKS!

McDONALD'S TREATISE

On the Law relating to the

Powers & Duties

OF THE

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE & CONSTABLES

of the State of Indiana.

Just received at HILL & JACOBS,
February 12, Calhoun st.

HILL & JACOBS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Booksellers & Stationers,

Calhoun St., Fort Wayne.

School, Law, Medical and Miscellaneous Books; Writing, Wrapping and Printing Papers; Fancy Articles, &c.

Pianos, Melodeons, Guitars, and other MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

BOOK BINDING promptly executed.

BOOKS & STATIONERY

At Wholesale and Retail.

HILL & JACOBS would most respectfully announce to the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country, that they have now on hand a very large and well selected stock, consisting in part of

School Books

of every description used in this vicinity;

Law & Medical Books,

a general assortment;

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,

a full supply of all kinds.

Also all the standard POETS.

PAPER—French, English and American Cap and Letter; Bill Paper, Wrapping, Printing, and Hardware paper, of all kinds.

PAPER HANGINGS, Window Shades and Fire Board Prints—a beautiful assortment.

FANCY ARTICLES for ladies and Gentlemen; Rose Wood and Mahogany Writing Desks, Port Folios, Card Cases, Ladies' Portmonnaies, Gent's Traveling Cases, &c., &c.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

Piano Fortes, Melodeons, Guitars, Violins, Flutes, &c., of various styles and qualities, from the best manufactories in the United States.

SHEET MUSIC, the latest and most popular constantly on hand. Also Guitar and Violin Strings, &c.

In short, in this establishment, may be found almost every thing, from the penny Toy Book up to a $20 Bible.

We have also connected with this establishment, a BOOK BINDERY, and are prepared to do Binding of all kinds in as good and workmanlike manner as can be done in any place in the State.—County Officers, in the surrounding counties, are particularly requested to notice this, as we are prepared to do Blank Work in the very best style.—Magazines and Periodicals neatly bound on the shortest notice.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS are earnestly solicited to give us a call, as our arrangements with Eastern Publishers and Booksellers are such as to enable to sell, at WHOLESALE, on very favorable terms.

By close attention to business, and best efforts to please we hope to merit a liberal share of public patronage.

Business Rooms at C. L. HILL'S old stand, Calhoun street, Fort Wayne, Ind.

C. L. HILL,
February 24, 1857. WM. JACOBS.

NOTICE.

THERE will be a meeting of the members of the Methodist Protestant Church at New Haven, Ind., on Wednesday, February 18th, 1857, at six o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Trustees for a Meeting-House to be built in said village.

By order of the building committee.
Jan. 31, 1857. [$2] 31

Residence for Sale.

I OFFER for Sale the BRICK HOUSE, with TWO LOTS, adjoining the residence of J. L. Williams on Wayne Street.

Apply to J. L. Williams or P. Hoagland.

A. COMSTOCK.
Jan. 26th 1857. 3t—31

First Annual Statement

OF THE CONDITION OF

FORT WAYNE GAS LIGHT COMPANY.

January 1, 1857.

Amount of Capital Stock,...... $65,000 00
Capital Stock all paid up.
Amount of Liabilities.......... 2 220 42

B. W. OAKLEY, President.
L. F. Hinz, Sec'y.

R. WILLIAMS, A. C. HUESTIS.

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Fruit, Glass, Nails, Woodenware,

Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Lard, &c.,

No. 85 Columbia street,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

MERCHANTS supplied with Groceries of all kinds, on as favorable terms, all things considered, as can be purchased in *any market.*

☞*All orders filled with dispatch.*☜

Jan. 17, 1857. 1y29

No. 9 Columbia Street. No. 95 Columbia Street.

MEYER & BROTHER,

(Successors to Wall & Meyer,)

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, DYESTUFFS,

Patent Medicines, Surgical Instruments, Glassware, Window Glass, Brushes, of all kinds

Pure Wines & Brandies

Perfumery Soaps, and Fancy Articles,

ARE constantly receiving fresh supplies of articles in their line direct from New York and Boston.

Country Merchants and Physicians are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock. All Drugs and Medicines will be warranted pure and unadulterated, having been selected with care from some of the best Eastern Houses.

Fort Wayne, Jan. 10th, 1857.

AMBROTYPES.

Price still Reduced!

HAVING a limited supply of material intended for the Holydays still on hand, good Pictures may be obtained for a short time, at

Mr. Benham's New Ambrotype Rooms,

at rates much lower than has ever before been offered in this city.

All wishing pictures will consult their interest and call without delay.

Something New!

MELAINOTYPE is the name of a new style of picture taken the same as the Ambrotype, except instead of being on glass, they are taken on *Metallic Plates,* thus obviating the objection of being broken.

These beautiful pictures are now taken at Mr. Benham's rooms, Columbia street, a few doors west of the Post Office. Call and see specimens.

January 10th, 1857. 3w28

NEW DRUG STORE,

Apothecaries' Hall, 61 Columbia st., F. Wayne,

Dr. J. U. WINSLOW, Proprietor.

THE subscriber is now opening a LARGE and carefully selected stock of

English, French & German Chemicals,

Drugs, Medicines,

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES,

Paint and Varnish Brushes, Glass, Glassware, Patent and Proprietary Medicines, Fancy Articles, &c.

ALSO

WINES, BRANDIES, and other LIQUORS,

which were imported expressly for medical purposes, and warranted pure, together with a lot of choice

Family Groceries, &c.

The above Goods were selected personally by the subscriber, and purchased for cash; he, therefore, feels assured that, in *every* respect, they will give complete satisfaction.

Practitioners in the country are especially invited to call and examine the quality and prices before purchasing.

☞ Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours.

☞ Professional advice given and prescription made without charge.

J. U. WINSLOW, M. D.
Aug 2, 1856. y5

Notice of Distribution to Heirs.

Estate of Leonard Chase.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the January term, 1857, of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana, after final settlement of the estate of Leonard Chase, deceased, the sum of was found remaining for distribution amongst the heirs. Said heirs are therefore notified to appear at the next term of said Court, and receive their distributive share.

I. D. G. NELSON, C. C. C. P. Allen Co.
Feb. 6th, 1857. ($1 50) 3w32

BLANK DEEDS and MORTGAGES

For Sale at the SENTINEL OFFICE, at *Reduced Prices.*

Splendid Prizes for Farmers!

Two Ways of making Money!!

No. 1, One Silver Watch.................. $10
2. One Canary Bird.......................... 5
3. One pr Boots made to measure......... 5
4. Copy of Fort Wayne Newspaper to be selected by the winner.... 2

The above prizes will be paid to persons delivering the most

BARK

To H. C. GREY & Co.,

at their Tannery on the Feeder Canal, near Camp Rudisill's Mill, by the first day of August, 1857.

The bark must be either

White or Black Oak;

in good condition, and of this year's peeling.

The person bringing the most bark will receive the first prize; the one bringing the next largest amount will receive the second prize, and so on.—We will pay

The Highest Market Price in Cash for all Bark delivered.

January 31st.

100,000 Hides Wanted!

FOR which the highest market price will be paid in Cash.

Jan. 31. H. C. GREY & Co.

PIANO FORTE WAREROOM

HILL & JACOBS having opened rooms for the sale of Piano Fortes and other Musical Instruments, keep on hand a full assortment of

Piano Fortes & Melodeons,

of various styles and qualities, from the most celebrated Manufactories in the United States.

SHEET MUSIC—A large collection kept on hand. New Music constantly received.

A fine assortment of

Guitars, Violins, Flutes, &c.

Also Violin and Guitar Strings. In fact, almost everything in the music line.

Feb. 6, 1856.

NOTICE!

To Liquor Dealers and Merchants.

A COMPLETE assortment of the OILS necessary for

Making and Flavoring every kind of

LIQUORS,

and a package of the articles used for giving ARTIFICIAL STRENGTH to Liquors, (converting 70 gallons of Whisky to 100 gallons) and every article necessary to commence a LIQUOR STORE, will be furnished for $20. Also all the information necessary to conduct such an establishment, thus enabling the new beginner to successfully compete with the oldest liquor dealers.

Address through the Post Office,

P. LACOUR, New Orleans.

Lacour's CONCENTRATED ACID for making VINEGAR is put up in 2 gallons packages, at $5 per package—in good chipping order.

January 10th, 1857. 1y28

KID GLOVES.

50 doz. Ladies and Gents. White, Black and Colored Kid Gloves of all sizes and of the most approved quality, this day opened and for sale at the Boston Dry Goods Store.

Dec 19, '56. WM. T. ABBOTT.

HARDWARE.

OLIVER P. MORGAN,

Successor to H. Durrie,

No 81 Columbia street, Fort Wayne, Ind

OFFERS a large assortment of STOVES which for quality and variety is equal to any in the market, at *greatly reduced prices.* Purchasers will find it to their advantage to call at least before buying elsewhere.

He is now receiving a large variety of

HARDWARE,

AMERICAN & FOREIGN BAR IRON

AND STEEL, OF ALL SIZES,

Axles Eliptic Springs, Anvils, Bellows, Vices,

and other heavy goods, which in variety will compare with any stock in this vicinity.

FARMER'S GOODS,

such as Chains of all kinds, Shovels, Spades, Scoops, Forks, Grubbing Hoes, Picks, &c., &c.

Building Materials

including Nails, Sash and Glass of all sizes, DOOR TRIMMINGS—Locks, Latches, Butts, Screws, &c.

MECHANICS' TOOLS for Carpenters and Joiners, Blacksmiths and Coopers, fully up to the times in shape and quality.

Saddlers' Hardware & Gunsmiths' Trimmings,

of a greater variety than is usually found

TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,

Plated and Britannia Casters, Tea and Table Spoons, Forks, &c.

SOLAR & FLUID LAMPS,

Britannia Tea Setts Curtain Cornices and Bands, together with

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

of every kind and variety.

He is prepared to execute any order for the manufacture of

Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Work.

To Merchants he offers an assortment of TIN WARE, warranted in quality, at *Lower Prices* than usual

Tin Plate and Tinners' Goods always on hand.

Dec. 19 1855. y—25

CITY ORDERS!

SOME difficulty having occurred in determining the amount of outstanding orders issued by the city, on account of their not having been properly recorded:—All persons holding City Orders issued prior to May 1st, 1855, are requested to surrender them to the City Clerk, who is authorized to make a new issue for all orders surrendered, including the accrued interest,

It is hoped that the holders of such orders will present them as soon as convenient or before the 1st day of March next, as the Council wish to determine the amount outstanding, and make arrangements for their redemption at as early a day as possible.

By order of the Council,

A. C. PROBASCO, City Clerk.
Fort Wayne, December 18, 1856 3m25

JAMES E. MORRISON,

Dealer in Groceries,

OFFERS for sale, North side of Main street, opposite the Public Square, a general assortment of

Family Groceries,

Amongst which may be found

Coffee, Sugars, Teas, Molasses, Syrups, Spices, Tobacco, Soap, Candles, Wash Boards, Buckets, Nails, Window Glass, Cotton Batting, Candle Wick, Alum, Madder, Copperas, Bed Cords, Powder, Lead, Caps, &c.

He will pay in cash the highest market price for all kinds of produce and marketing.

N. B. Remember the place, North side of Main Street, opposite Public Square.

Fort Wayne, Dec 11, 1856 y21

REMOVAL.

MRS. SULLEY

BEGS to announce to the ladies of Fort Wayne and vicinity, that she has removed her Fancy Store and MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT from near the Canal Bridge, to her new store on the

Corner of Wayne and Calhoun streets, opposite the Hedge House.

Mrs. SULLEY would say to the Ladies of Fort Wayne that her new store has been fitted up expressly for the Millinery business, and is replete with all the elegancies and conveniences necessary for an extensive trade, and she will at all times keep on hand a large and well selected stock of

Millinery & Fancy Goods,

Embroideries, Linen and French Laces, Dress-Trimmings, Mantles Vises, &c

Mrs. S. hopes by strict attention to business, the low prices and superior quality of her goods, to offer inducements beyond any house in the trade.

Fort Wayne, December 1st, 1856. 3:24

READY-MADE SHIRTS.

10 DOZEN fine Shirts, with real Linen Bosoms, and made in the best manner, just opened at ABBOTTS.

Also, 20 Dozen Linen Bosoms that we sell for what the linen would cost, at the Boston Dry Goods Store. WM. T. ABBOTT.

RUBBERS! RUBBERS!

GENTS heavy Rubbers for 75 cents a pair.
Misses do " 50 "
at ABBOTTS.

Dec 18, '56

NEW STYLE DE LAINES.

20 Pieces splendid New style de Laines received by express, this day, and for sale by
WM. T. ABBOTT.

The Saturday Evening Post.

THE BEST WEEKLY PAPER.

Sample Numbers Furnished Gratis.

EXAMINE FOR YOURSELVES.

Apply to the publishers,
DEACON & PETERSON,
3n31 66 South Third St., Philadelphia.

FEATHERS—a large lot just received and for sale cheap by
Jan. 7, 1857. GRAHAM & BUTLER.

On hand and arriving for J. W. ROBB & Co.,

25 Hhds N. O. Sugar,	20 bags Pepper,
15 do P. R. do	10 do Pimento,
10 Tierces, Cuba do	25 boxes Gro. Pepper,
100 bbls. Crushed do	25 do do Pimento,
35 do Powd do	100 do No. 1 Herring,
25 do Granulated do	100 do Scaled do
50 do Coffee crush do	50 do Layer Raisins,
50 do Grocer's Syrup,	50 do M R do
30 do Golden do	30 hf do do do
30 do Portland do	30 qr do do do
30 do P R Molasses,	100 mats Cassia,
30 do N. O. do	50 bales Cott Wick,
300 bags Rio Coffee,	50 do do twine,
100 do Laguaira do	100 bbls Tar,
50 pockets O G Java do	25 do Tanners' Oil,
50 hf chts Y. H. Tea,	50 boxes Mustard,
25 do Imperial do	25 do Cream Tartar,
20 do G. P. do	50 do No. 1 Soap,
25 do Black do	30 do Toilet do
100 caddies Imp & Blk do	10 do Castille do
200 boxes Tobacco 8s-10s & 5s.	100 do T D Pipes,
	100 do K N do
50 kegs Ky. 6 twist	Alum, Madder, Copperas,
200 boxes Star Candles,	Chrome Green, Chrome
100 do Pearl Starch,	Yellow, Extract Logwood,
50 do Pepper Sauce,	Citrons, Figs, British
20 do Tomato Catsup,	Lustre, Nutmegs, Cloves,
50 do No. 1 Candles,	&c., &c.

Also, a fine stock of

Foreign and Domestic Liquors and Cigars.

J. W. ROBB & Co.

Holiday Gifts.

ON hand at the Boston Dry Goods Store, No. 75 Columbia Street, Reticules, Work Boxes, Card Cases, Cigar Cases, Dressing Cases, Fans, Odor Paper Weights, Portmonnaies, Tablets, and lots of other Fancy Goods that will be sold during the holidays, at a

Great Deduction from first Cost,

as we are very anxious to clear out all such traps without delay.

Dec. 18, 1856. WM. T. ABBOTT.

GENTS SHAWLS.

A NEW lot, by express, just received at
WM. T. ABBOTT.
Dec. 18, 1856.

THOSE SHILLING MUSLINS.

WE have just received four cases of those beautiful soft finished Bleached Muslins, that are better than can be bought elsewhere for 15 cents, and while they last, we shall sell at the same old price. Owing to the great advance in cotton goods, this lot will be the last we shall have. Call soon and get a years' supply at the Boston Dry Goods Store.

Dec. 18, '56. WM. T. ABBOTT

Dr. Wright's Tonic Bitters

AND

INVIGORATING CORDIAL!

PREPARED ONLY BY

DR. HOMER WRIGHT, Pittsburg, Pa.

Proprietor of Dr. Wright's Family Medicines.

A Delightful Tonic, Anti-Dyspeptic, and Invigorant, having the soft and delicious flavor of the best Cordials.

These Bitters never fail to cure

Dyspepsia Liver Complaint, Headache,

And all Diseases having their origin in Imperfect Digestion, or a Deranged Condition of the Stomach, Liver or Kidneys.

Such as Pain in the Stomach, Heartburn, Oppression after Eating, Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Costiveness, Inward Piles, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Loss of Appetite, Night Sweats, Flatulency, Pains in the Chest, Back or Side, Nausea, Difficult Breathing, Swimming of the Head, Fluttering of the Heart, Sudden Flushes of Heat, Choking or Suffocating Sensation when lying down, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Dots and Webs before the Sight, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, &c., &c.,

The use of these Bitters imparts a Tone to the Stomach, which fortifies the system against all infectious diseases, as well as renders safe a residence in Fever and Ague Districts, or in localities where the water is impure and unhealthy. Used as a beverage to ward off Fever and Ague, or as a medicine in the debility occasioned by that disease, or other fevers, these Bitters posses merits far superior to any other article in the market.

With its Tonic properties, it unites the power of calming Irritation and allaying Nervous Irritability. It never fails to cure Neuralgia, Paralysis, Nervous debility, a Prickly Sensation of the Flesh, Mental Depression, constant imagining of evil, Great depression of Spirits, Faintness after exercise, Broken Sleep and Terrifying Dreams.

As a medicine in Female Diseases—in Fleur Albus, chronic tendency to miscarriage, general lassitude and weakness, sinking of the Stomach, pains of the limbs, irregularities, obstructions, &c., it will be found the best medicine ever offered to the sex—Fully one half of our female population are in bad health, or as they express it, "never feel well." They feel prostrated, have no energy, no appetite, and are extremely nervous. The tonic and invigorating properties of these Bitters render them invaluable to this class of invalids.

THE AGED AND INFIRM

Will find in these Bitters a Cordial that will restore in a degree, the ardor and energy of more youthful days, infuse new life into their veins, and make their days at down "the slippery vale of years," healthy and happy.

Living witnesses can be found in almost every village in the Union, who have certified to the good properties of these Bitters in the affections for which they are recommended.

WHAT THEY SAY AT HOME

Mrs Jarvis, of delicate constitution, residing at No. 23 Ross street, after suffering nine years with the worst form of Dyspepsia and general debility, and spending hundreds of dollars in travelling for health and paying doctor's bills, was cured by the use of two bottles of Dr. Wright's Tonic Bitters and Invigorating Cordial. She says: "By the use of your Bitters I can now take my meals regularly, and experience no unpleasant effects from eating of any dish set before me. I think I am cured permanently sound and well, and have no dread of a recurrence of the disease."

Mr L. R. Livingston, of the Pittsburgh Novelty Works, says: "Two female members of my family have derived great benefit from the use of your Bitters. Send me two more bottles."

Mrs Kinzer, No 62 Smithfield street, an aged and infirm lady, suffering from ... says: "Your Bitters did me more good than any other ... I ever took ..."

Mr Lorin Gay, No 19 ... Street, says "I caught a bad cold, which settled on my lungs and ... very weak and debilitated, with symptoms of consumption, ... by the use of your Bitters I soon regained my health and strength. I would recommend them to persons suffering from weakness or debility of any kind, as I know they are good."

One or two taken before meals will create a good appetite, assist digestion, remove Flatulency, prevent costiveness, and be a sure cure for Dyspepsia.

IN QUART BOTTLES—Price $1.

DR. WRIGHT'S PURGATIVE POWDER

FOR CHILDREN.

These Powders being sweet ... can be ... the common food of the child, without exciting the least suspicion. As a purgative for children, they ... no medicine ... and will ... other medicine for children, whenever ...

In Derangement of the Bowels, swelling of the Liver, soreness in the side, symptoms of Spasms, Summer Complaints, &c., or as a Vermifuge, they have no equal.

MORE HOME TESTIMONY.

Mrs. Bevington, of Birmingham, Pa., says: "That box of Powders which I took with me to Ohio saved the life, I am sure, of one of my children in the Summer Complaint. While I have children I never want to be without your Powders."

Mrs. Patterson, No. 1 Reid street, says: "I gave one powder to my little girl in the afternoon, and another at bed time, and next morning she passed more than one hundred worms."

N. B. Any simple medicine can be given to assist the operation, if necessary.

Mrs. Patterson, No. 212 Penn street, Mrs. Gray, No. 17 Grand street, Mrs. Greer, No. 183 Second street, Mrs. Jupp, No. 171 Penn street, Mrs. Alterberry, Grant street, Mrs. Allen, Penn Avenue, and a host of other highly respectable ladies of Pittsburg, have given their Powders, in all ... of the Liver, Summer Complaint, Worms, and other disorders of the Bowels in Children, and recommend them highly. Price 25 cents per box.

DR. WRIGHT'S LIVER PILLS.

An excellent family Pill, highly efficacious in affections of the Liver and all Bilious Disorders.—They cannot be excelled as a mild and efficient cathartic in all cases where pills are necessary.

Price 25 cents per box.

Manufactory and principal depot No. 3 Grant st., Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ Dr. Wright's Medicines are sold wholesale and retail, by Dr. J. U. WINSLOW, Apothecaries' Hall, Fort Wayne, ... Hedges & Co., Hoffer's Corners; D. J. Daxton, Perry, Sarver & Tarter, Zanesville, J. Brubaker, Maysville, and by Dealers in Medicine everywhere. 1 July 24

New Grocery and Provision Store!

Corner of Berry and Calhoun streets, opposite G. Miller's.

A. G. BARNETT respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has opened in the above store, (formerly Reiter's Confectionary,) a full stock of choice

FAMILY GROCERIES

Crushed, Coffee, and N. Orleans Sugars; Rio and Java Coffee; Teas, Pepper, Spices, Tobacco, Cigars, Pickles, Sauces, &c., &c.

CONFECTIONARIES

Of all kinds, Wholesale and Retail.

PROVISIONS such as Potatoes Butter, Eggs, Fruit, Flour, Corn Meal, Dried Beef, Hams, Fish, &c.

Cash paid for all kinds of Farmers' Produce.

It is his design to furnish his customers with the very best and choicest articles in the above line, and to sell at the very lowest prices, and he therefore hopes to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

Nov. 29. tf—21

Notice.

BYRAM D. MINER is appointed my Agent to make contracts, during my absence, for the sale of any or all of the real and personal estate owned by me in Allen County, Indiana.

WILLIAM G. EWING, Jr.
Fort Wayne, September 17th, 1856. 3m12

A CARD.

WE take this opportunity of saying to our customers and the public, that we now have in store one of the largest and best assorted stock of

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES

ever offered by us in this market.

Our facilities for buying in the Eastern Markets are unsurpassed by any other house in the State.—One of our firm, JONAS W. TOWNLEY, devotes his whole time to the purchase of Goods in the New York, Boston and Philadelphia Market, which enables us, instead of purchasing and receiving all our Goods at one time, to have

New Goods arrive almost every day!

We have, this Spring, received over seven hundred packages of goods, and more are on the way.

Our assortment will be found complete in each department, and we invite the attention of *Merchants in town or country, Farmers, Mechanics, and the public* in general, to give us a call, and we assure them our aim will be to give them Goods in our line, at

Wholesale or Retail,

as cheap as they can be afforded in this market.

One Price, and no abatement.

J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.
Fort Wayne, April 19th, 1856.

DAGUERREOTYPE, AMBROTYPE,

And PHOTOGRAPHIC Rooms.

A. McDONALD returns his sincere thanks to the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country for their liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon him, and would respectfully invite their attention to a new style of pictures beautifully gotten up on Glass, and also on paper, which he is prepared to execute equal to anything of the kind now in the United States. These Pictures are peculiarly life-like and true to nature. The Ambrotype being the latest improvement, far excels the Daguerreotype with the accuracy of delineation.

Rooms No. 2 Phenix Block, Calhoun street,
FORT WAYNE.

DRAKE & BOURIE

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA,

HAVE removed their Wholesale and Retail Provision Establishment to No. 5 Phenix Block, Calhoun street, two doors north of Evans & Co. where they have just received a large choice stock of

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Pickles, Preserves,

Can Fruits, Confectionaries,

Fish, &c., &c.

All of which will be sold very low for cash, and cash only.

To Farmers they offer the highest cash price for all kinds of marketing, and to the Citizens of Fort Wayne, the largest and most complete assortment of EATABLES in the city, *delivered Free of Charge* at their residences.

Are Agents for Maltby's celebrated

Baltimore Oysters.

Dec. 1, 1855.

Quit Drinking Poisonous Liquors

PATENT IMPROVED PROCESS

FOR MAKING ALL KINDS OF

Liquors and Vinegar,

INSTANTLY, by the use of

LACOUR'S ESSENTIAL OILS.

THESE OILS are obtained by Distillation at the Chemical Laboratory, Parish of Jefferson, of PIERRE LACOUR, author of Lacour's Chemical Analysis, Lacour's Chemical Manipulations, Lacour on the Manufacture of Liquors, &c.

Purchasers are particularly requested to return the flasks and obtain their money, if the Oil does not give perfect satisfaction.

LACOUR'S OIL OF COGNAC converts neutral spirit to a superior imitation of Imported Brandies viz: Otard, Seignette, Marett Cognac, Pantinoy, Seignette, United Vineyard Proprietors, Castillon and London Dock Brandies. These Liquors will have a fruity flavor and a beautiful sparkling color. Common Rectified Whisky will be changed by the use of the Oil of Cognac to New York Brandy, Pine Apple Brandy, Common Cognac Brandy, &c.

LACOUR'S OIL OF RYE changes Rectified Whisky to Monongahela Rye Whisky, Old Virginia Malt Whisky, Bourbon Whisky, &c.

OIL OF CEDRAT changes common Rectified Whisky to Old Irish Malt Whisky, and a superior article of Scotch Whisky.

OIL OF PEACH changes common Whisky to Virginia Peach Brandy, &c. Oil of Peach and Oil of Cognac will convert common Whisky to Apple Brandy.

OIL OF GIN converts the poorest Whisky to Holland Gin, Schiedam Schnapps, Rose Gin, Swan Gin, English Gin, &c.

LACOUR'S CONCENTRATED ACID will, in five quarts after being mixed, change five gallons of good Vinegar and twenty five gallons of water ... The best ... Vinegar that can be found in this market. By the use of Lacour's Concentrated Acid, vinegar can be made for ... barrel.

FOR MAKING LIQUORS. Lacour's Oils require no preparation—only pour the Oil into the Whisky and shake well. The Liquors thus made will have the natural aroma, a fruity richness, and a beautiful transparent color ... Lacour's Oils have three distinct properties ... The first property ... the second ... the third ... Whisky ... proper ... the taste of the grain ...

Whisky can be ... five ... in each flask ... sufficient for making three hundred gallons of liquor. Full and complete instructions ... Price $2 per bottle.

For Sale at the corner of St. Charles and Poydras Streets, New Orleans.

Orders for the Oils, five or more in number, will be securely boxed and shipped with bill of lading, to any part of the country, upon the receipt of $10, or C. O. D. ...

P. LACOUR, New Orleans.

Lacour's Oils are warranted, as a guarantee of good faith to furnish ... the name of any house in New Orleans, and we will ... a package of the Oils. If they do not perform all that is claimed for them, they will cost nothing.

January 10th, 1857. 1y28

Grocery & Provision Store.

H. C. HANNA continues the business at the old stand of Hanna & Hanna, No. 6 Columbia street, and keeps on hand a full supply of

Family Groceries

AND PROVISIONS,

which he will warrant to be of the best quality—no cheaper ... to be found at this establishment. He will sell at the

Lowest Figure for Cash,

and deliver free of charge to any part of the city.

FLOUR AND FEED

Constantly on hand. The highest price paid for all kinds of Grain and Produce.

October 23 y17

OILS! OILS!

LINSEED Oil, Lard Oil, Bank Oil, Sperm Oil, Tanners' Oil, Corn Oil, Sweet Oil, Castor Oil, and all Ethereal and Essential Oils, for sale at WHOLESALE and RETAIL by

METER & BROTHER,
Druggists, No. 95 Columbia street.

CARPETINS.

THE best assortment of Carpetings ever offered in this market may be found at the Boston Dry Goods Store. Also Druggett Cloths and Crumb Cloths, with borders; and a large invoice of 4-4, 5-4, 6-4 and 8-4 Floor Oil Cloths.

Cedar Paper to put under Carpets, Carpets Bindings, and Carpet Parks constantly on hand.

WM. T. ABBOTT.

MACABOY SNUFF—a fine quality of Lorillard's rose scented, at

J. F. WINSLOW.

I HAVE on hand a good assortment of BROCHE SHAWLS single and double, of beautiful patterns, which will be sold at reduced prices, at No. 51 Columbia street H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

Dr. J. B. MARCHISI'S

CELEBRATED CATHOLICON

For the Relief and Cure of Suffering Females.

IT stands pre-eminent for its curative powers in all the diseases for which it is recommended, usually called

Female Complaints.

Of these are Prolapsus Uteri, or falling of the womb; Fluor Albus, or whites; Chronic Inflammation and Ulceration of the Womb, Incidental Hemorrhage, or Flooding; Painful, Suppressed and Irregular Menstruation, &c., with all their accompanying evils, (Cancer excepted) no matter how severe or of how long standing.

☞This medicine has never been introduced by empty puffs and misrepresentations, nor it is intended that its present popularity shall be sustained by any medium but its merits and the approbation of the public.

REFERENCES.

The Medicine is now well known and appreciated and will have a steady and increasing sale. I know of no preparation that can compare with it for the particular complaints for which it is designed. I am satisfied, by the use now making of it in my own family, and by almost every day's evidence of its benefits to others, that it justly merits the warmest recommendations its best friends have given of it.

E. B. PERKINS, M. D., Marietta, Ohio.

Having now used the remedy for four years in my practice, I rely wholly on it for the cure of almost all female diseases.

With many regards for yourself, I remain yours, &c
H. F. BENNETT, M. D., Canandaigua, N. Y.

Thus far, it has given satisfaction in all cases where it has been used, and I do not hesitate to recommend it in every case for which it is designed.—I consider it an invaluable medicine, and sufferers should know of it

L. BROWN, M D, Claremont, N. H.

* * * I would be glad to have a further supply, as the medicine is becoming very popular, and I think will continue, as it has given relief in every case when properly taken.

THOMAS NEWMAN, M D, Mt. Vernon, Ind.

The Catholicon is doing good service here. All the patients that have tried the medicine have been benefited but one—and that one nothing will help.

Truly yours,
WM. LAIRD HAZLETT, M D,
New Philadelphia, Ohio.

I am persuaded, after trying it in a great many cases, that it surpasses all other remedies within my knowledge for that class of difficulties for which it is recommended. It has cured some very extreme cases under my observation, which have resisted all other treatment.

I. D FLEMING, M D, Rochester, N. Y.

The claims of this medicine to the confidence of the public are strengthened by the fact of its having received the approbation and liberal patronage of many prominent members of the Medical Faculty of the United States, some of whom have voluntarily given letters of commendation (see pamphlet) sustaining all that is claimed for it as a curative agent.

Pamphlets containing much useful information touching the nature and symptoms of the above diseases, together with testimonials from ladies of the highest respectability, as certified by the most satisfactory authority, to all which the attention of ladies and practitioners is respectfully invited, can be had gratis at the store of

HUGH B. REED, Druggist,
Sole Agent for Fort Wayne, Ind.

Also sold by

Prillaman & Karns, Bluffton.
Jesse Davies, } Huntington.
William Norton, }
Robert Browning, Wholesale Druggist, Indianapolis.
W. W. Roberts, " St. Louis.
H. Blackslee,
J. B. MARCHISI & Co., Proprietors,
3 n26 Central Depot, 304 Broadway, N. Y.

NITRATE of Silver *Pure* in pencils and cristals; Sulphate of Quinine; Sulphate, Muriate, and Acetate of Morphia; Strychnia, Veratria, Podophyllin, Iodine, Iodide of Iron, Hydriodate of Potassa, Acetate of Iron, Phosphate of Iron, Citrate of Iron, and pure Iron Filings.

For sale by J. U. WINSLOW,
Aug. 23. *At Apothecaries Hall.*

J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Dry Goods and Groceries;

Corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets.

FORT WAYNE, IND.

JONAS W. TOWNLEY. ROBERT TOWNLEY.

HENRY C. HANNA,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Family Groceries and Provisions,

COFFEE by the Sack. N O Sugar by the Hogshead or barrel. N O Molasses by the Barrel. Pulverized Sugar by the Barrel. Crushed Sugar by the Barrel. Stewart's Golden Syrup by the Barrel.

Ho, for the Farmers!

ALL those that want anything in the line of

SADDLERY

would do well to call on WM. BOWEN & SON, as they have every thing in that line. All their work is made by us and not made by ... They have the largest stock ever offered in this city.

S... ... Bowen's Building.

They will ... BETTER QUALITY of Work for LESS MONEY than any other house in this city.

Nov. 15 y17

Fair Haven Oyster

DEPOT.

THE undersigned have opened a Wholesale and Retail OYSTER DEPOT at the corner of Columbia and Barr streets, ... Gorham ... where they are prepared to furnish Families, Parties, &c., with the ... of Fair Haven and Baltimore Oysters, in Kegs, Cans, and half cans ... We ... fresh from all ... of Oysters, and ... to the trade.

P. S. Orders from abroad promptly attended to.

WHITMORE & GIBSON,
April Agents for Co.

Great Chance for a Bargain!

DESIRABLE REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale that well known and ... situated Tract of Land on which he resides, lying on the St. Joe Road, adjoining the city of Fort Wayne, and containing about 30 acres. It is ... one of the most desirable properties in this vicinity ... SUBURBAN RESIDENCE, ... divided and would all remain in

TOWN LOTS.

It will be sold cheap for Cash. If immediate application be made to the undersigned on the premises, or to the Publisher of the Ft. Wayne Sentinel.

S. HINTON.

Fort Wayne, Aug 29th, 1856.

DRESS GOODS—Challis, Berages, Lawns, Ginghams, Silks, De Laines, &c.—new styles, just received at GREYS.

To Rent

THREE good Rooms, suitable for Offices, situate in the second story of the new brick building No. 99 Columbia street. Also one large Room in third story, suitable for Meetings, and a large Dry Cellar. Will be rented together or separately.

Inquire of

Dec. 11th R. THEWET.

[illegible] unanimously, one hundred majority for [illegible]

[illegible] for Old Zim? [illegible]

[illegible] will find some old with beyond [illegible] length indeed the party to [illegible]

[illegible] came—on the and still [illegible] from the ten ship top [illegible]

[illegible] the Zim the [illegible] gave [illegible] weight of Old Zim's [illegible]

[illegible] of Old Zim, the honest [illegible] traveling [illegible] been the humble instrument of [illegible] down the system?

[illegible] prepared with those who were [illegible] out, and the [illegible] they may [illegible] being him home [illegible]

[illegible] In the morning the village wags with [illegible] at the tavern to take a [illegible] as well as [illegible] Old Zim—[illegible] worship [illegible] still under the delusion [illegible] the way of a morning what [illegible] congratulated [illegible]

[illegible] it will be seen that the democ[illegible] triumphed, as Whites [Dem.] [illegible] and [illegible] of the same [illegible] in Dublin [illegible] making a total of seven [illegible]

The votes dropped from old Zim's hands [illegible] and thus [illegible] gapping crowd beside! [illegible]

[illegible] may go to thunder? nothing [illegible] he has never again been heard [illegible]

The Supply of Cotton.—Apprehensions begin [illegible] in England the supply of raw material [illegible] with the growth of manufac[illegible] the imports of cotton into [illegible] United States have doubled. [illegible] exports were 1,280,000 bales [illegible] the progress of British manufac[illegible] the stock on hand at Liver[illegible] 500,000 bales, or twenty weeks' [illegible] this year is only 800,000 [illegible] as much cotton as Great Britain [illegible]

[illegible] are directing public attention in [illegible] inquiries respecting the [illegible] cotton culture in India [illegible] said that the East India Company might [illegible] made it a cotton-producing coun[illegible] the opinion is expressed that if the Yankees had had it they would have long since [illegible]

Negative Artesian Wells.—The London Society of Arts have published Herr Brackman's [illegible] "Negative Artesian Wells" that is [illegible] which take instead of giving out water.— [illegible] to serve as permanent drains, they are [illegible] loose strata, or where communication [illegible] with subterranean fissures or deep lying [illegible] Herr Brackman, who is a native of [illegible] that they may be establish[illegible] the so-called natural or sediment for[illegible] diluvium, tertiary, deposits, chalk, Jur[illegible] rocks, and others. And he brings forward [illegible] the benefits that have followed the [illegible] negative wells in towns or in swampy [illegible] districts. The drainage becomes at once [illegible] constant fluid matters of all kinds [illegible] way to its mouth, and flow away, while [illegible] may be stopped, and used for va[illegible] purposes.

[illegible]—We have at last, says the [illegible] something definite in [illegible] furnished by the N. Hamp[illegible] to the Kansas suffer[illegible] in the last number of the [illegible] in the form of a card signed [illegible] Lovejoy and his wife, dated at Law[illegible] January 5. They say that the [illegible] by them from N. Hamp[illegible] "One [illegible] one comforter, [illegible] pair ladies' shoes, two pair [illegible]." Here we have the [illegible] from New Hampshire!— [illegible] remainder of the funds [illegible] contributions" which [illegible] It is about time to have a report [illegible]

The Great [illegible] in Every Emergency.—[illegible]

[illegible]

St. Louis, Feb. 12.

[illegible] Indians.—The Western [illegible] says that the [illegible] on the 3d [illegible]

[illegible] of November 23, [illegible] but the Kiowas have [illegible] the whites. Bent has [illegible] four hundred friendly [illegible]

[illegible] at Lexington on the first [illegible]

[illegible]—Some wicked rascal [illegible] kind of telegraph, novelty [illegible] and equally to the [illegible] would be greater dis[illegible] such a plan than by any other.

BOOTS & SHOES,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

No. 50 Columbia Street,

A. SHANKLIN,

sign of the Big Boot

HAVING [illegible] have the LARGEST, CHEAPEST, and Best Assorted Stock [illegible]

[illegible] Fine French Calf Boots & Shoes [illegible]

H. STANKLIN.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 25, 1855.

TOWELS—Damask & Huckaback [illegible] S. W. TAYLOR.

PURE LEMON JUICE.—Prepared with the expressed juice of Fresh Lemons. For sale at Apothecaries Hall.

Coombes' Boarding House.

MRS. COOMBES [illegible] respectfully to inform the [illegible] of Fort Wayne and its vicinity [illegible] taken and fitted up at a great expense [illegible] Boarding House, No. 20 Main [illegible] Mr. John M[illegible] Furniture Ware[illegible] Ladies and Gentlemen travelling [illegible]

[illegible] 3-18

60 Pieces CARPETS,
10 Pieces OIL CLOTHS,
10 Pieces MATTING.
For sale by J. W. TOWNLEY & Co
April 19, 1856.

ENGLISH BREAKFAST and fine Oolong Teas, For sale at [illegible] J. C. WINSLOW.

BECKER'S FARINA, Pearl Tapioca, Pearl Sago, Pearl Barley, Bermuda Arrowroot [illegible] the best quality, at 51 Columbia street. J. C. WINSLOW.

WHITE FISH, Pressed, Lake Sal[illegible] [illegible] a prime article [illegible] July 14th. M. DRAKE.

Who Wants a Home,
and Ten Years to pay for it?

I WILL sell all that part of the well known [illegible] Reserve, lying in St. Joseph Township, containing 613 acres, in lots to suit purchasers. The land is of the best quality, and well timbered with Poplar, Walnut, Oak, Ash, &c. I have a Saw Mill on the adjoining premises, so that all the logs can be put into cash. The wood will pay well to haul to Fort Wayne.

TERMS.—Those that will go on to improve their land will have two years credit on the entire contract, by paying the interest annually in advance. The principal will then be required in eight equal payments at three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine and ten years from time of purchase.

Purchasers can, if they wish, [illegible] portions of my [illegible] until they get their land [illegible]

For particulars inquire of the subscriber, living at the Saw Mill adjoining, five miles east of Fort Wayne, on the north side of the Maumee river. JOHN T. BROWNING.
July 25. n—1

Farm for Sale.

THE undersigned will sell the Farm on which he resides, in Washington Township, Allen County, containing Eighty Acres. Forty Five Acres are cleared and in a good state of cultivation; the residue good timber; Twenty-Six Acres of Wheat in the ground. Eight Acres of good Meadow.

This property will be sold at a bargain, for cash. Upon application to the subscriber residing upon the premises.
n—17 ROBERT STERLING.

NEW GOODS

At No. 71 corner of Columbia & Clinton Streets.

GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE,

Successors to A. Graham,

ARE now receiving their large assortment of Goods, consisting in part of the following articles, to which we would respectfully call the attention of the public generally, and the Ladies in particular:

BLACK SILKS, 900 yards, purchased at reduced prices and sold at the same by GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

850 Yards Plaid Striped BROCADE and plain Silks of different qualities, at low prices, by GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

1000 Yards DE LAINES Berage De Laines and Shady Brilliants, cheap at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGES.

LAWNS—100 pieces of plain and printed Lawns, from 6 to 25 cts. per yard, by GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

CALICOES—500 pieces of Merrimack and Cocheco, the best styles, at 10 cts. per yard, by GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

BROCHA WHITE CRAPE and Stella SHAWLS, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

BONNETS and Bonnet Ribbons, a large assortment. GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

GINGHAMS—1800 yards English, French and domestic Ginghams, from 10 to 25 per yard, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S.

PRINTS—800 pieces Prints, from 5 to 10 cts. per yard, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S.

PLAIN and Dotted Swiss and Book Muslins, Jaconet and Lawns. GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

EMBROIDERY—[illegible] Sleeves, Bands, Flouncing, Muslin, Insertion and Edgings [illegible] GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S.

WHITE and colored KID GLOVES, Silk, [illegible] and Cotton Gloves and Hosiery, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

200 PARASOLS of all qualities, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S.

SUMMER GOODS for Men's Wear, and a large assortment of Cloths, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S.

CROCKERY, Looking Glasses and Glassware, a large assortment, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S.

GROCERIES of all kinds [illegible] GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

CLOCKS and Yankee Notions, at GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE'S.

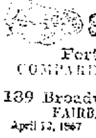
We would mention that at the above establishment [illegible]

[illegible]

GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.
Fort Wayne, May 7, 1856. y45

PARLOR COOKING STOVES—You can find three kinds of those stoves at BRANDRIFF'S

COFFEE—Old Gov. Java [illegible] J. C. WINSLOW'S



FAIRBANKS'
CELEBRATED
SCALES.

Fort Wayne, Ind.,
COMPARET, HUBBELL, & Co.
Agents.
139 Broadway,—New York,
FAIRBANKS & Co., Agents
April 12, 1857 1y41

Fort Wayne & Chicago R.R.

[illegible]

CHANGE OF TIME.

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 31st of March [illegible] will leave Fort Wayne [illegible] Toledo [illegible]

[illegible] Fort Wayne [illegible]

J. E. WILLIAMS, Chief Engineer.
Fort Wayne, Feb. 28, 1856. [illegible]

CHANGE OF TIME.

[illegible]

OHIO & INDIANA
RAILROAD.

Passenger Trains on and after Thursday, [illegible] will leave Fort Wayne [illegible] Crestline [illegible] Dayton, and Sandusky Railroad [illegible] making [illegible] without delay with trains for Pittsburg, Cleveland and Columbus arriving at

Cleveland at		8 P M
Pittsburg, "		12 50 A M
Columbus, "		8 05 P M
Cincinnati, "		[illegible]

Tickets sold to all the cities and important towns [illegible] Office of the O & I Railroad, at the old Peck's Office in Fort Wayne, by

S. S. MORSS, Agent.

Freight trains leave Fort Wayne every morning at 5:20 A. M. and arrive at Crestline at 5 P. M. [illegible] for Cleveland at [illegible] and for Pittsburg at 9 P. M.

Stock trains leave Fort Wayne on the mornings of Tuesday, Thursdays, and Saturdays [illegible] connections with the other stock trains.

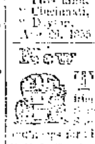
J. R. STRAUGHAN, Sup't.

FARE.

To New York,	$20 51	To Indianapolis,	$8 00
" Philadelphia,	16 00	" Sandusky City,	
" Pittsburgh,	7 20	" Toledo,	4 00
" Cincinnati,	6 10	" Cleveland,	5 15
" Dayton,	5 20	" Columbus,	5 05

Aug. 25, 1855. 9

New Livery Stable.



THE firm of Link & [illegible] being dissolved, the subscriber informs [illegible] that he continues the [illegible] north side of the Canal, west of [illegible]'s Foundry, on his own account [illegible]

BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES
of the latest and newest styles. Also fine
Saddle and Carriage Horses.
His charges will be moderate, and he hopes by courtesy and attention, to merit a share of public support.

W. H. LINK
Fort Wayne, Dec. 22, 1855 125

100 Sacks RIO COFFEE,
20 chests Tea, various kinds,
150 boxes Glass, assorted sizes,
50 boxes Tobacco, choice brands,
20 bbl Cut and Dry Tobacco,
40 boxes M. R. Raisins,
50 quarter boxes do,
20 bbl's Golden Syrup,
Oranges, Lemons, &c.
100 bundles Wrapping Paper, assorted sizes;
A supply of Cap and Letter Paper.

The above GOODS, together with a general assortment of GROCERIES, are now being received and will be sold to country trade low.

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS,
Wholesale Grocers, No. 85 Columbia street,
April 24, 1855 Fort Wayne.

Stoves! Stoves!

WE have contracted for $2,000 worth of STOVES to be delivered this fall, and manufactured from Hanging Rock metal, known to all to be the best metal in the world for stoves, made of superior weight, and warranted not to break by fire, bought at low figures, and our customers shall reap the benefit.

COMETS.—We have six sizes of the Comet flat top cooking stoves—the best stove sold in any market. It outstrips all competition wherever considered. I have sold hundreds in this market, and the sale is every day increasing. No family should be without one. We warrant this stove one year, and if the stove is not what we represent it to be, the money will be refunded. For sale at the sign of the [illegible] stove, by A. D. BRANDRIFF.
September 22d, 1855.

THE CASTLE PARLOR and the Gem are both beautiful Stoves, for sale by BRANDRIFF.

BUCKEYE STATE.—We have five sizes of this Stove, warranted good; also, the Hoosier State, takes 30 inches wood, which suits the farmers. This Stove has long been their favorite in heavy and severe freaks. We will warrant it one year. Can be had at BRANDRIFF'S.

OAKLEY & SON,

(Successors to Oakley & French,)

MANUFACTURERS OF

Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Ware,

AND DEALERS IN
STOVES, HOLLOW-WARE, &c.
No. 79 COLUMBIA STREET,
FORT WAYNE.

FORT WAYNE
MERCANTILE INSTITUTE.

Phoenix Block cor. Main & Calhoun Sts Ft. Wayne Ia.

THE PRINCIPAL of this Institution, from past experience and success as a Teacher and Practical Book Keeper, has no hesitation in saying that the facilities here afforded to young men for qualifying themselves for the counting room, and various other mercantile pursuits are unsurpassed by any similar institution in the Union.

The course of instruction is thorough and practical, embracing Book-keeping by single and double Entry, and its application to every department of trade, as now practiced by the most accomplished and experienced accountants [illegible] Commercial law, Mercantile Correspondence, Commercial calculations, Practical and Ornamental Penmanship, &c.

[illegible] enables the student to effect [illegible] Young ladies and gentlemen [illegible] in other institutions in the West.

The thorough and extensive course of Instruction, combined with the elegance, beauty and convenience of the rooms, the highly qualified teachers, and pleasant and healthy location renders this the most [illegible] to all who may desire an accomplished commercial education.

Being impressed with the necessity of Ladies acquainting themselves more thoroughly with business [illegible] the Principal has fitted up apartments [illegible]

The Ladies Department is entirely separate from the male, having separate entrance from the street, and will remain permanently connected with the institution.

Students are taught individually and not in classes, therefore they can enter at any time, and advance as [illegible] their capacity.

TUITION.

For full Commercial Course, including Practical Penmanship	$25.00
For same with Ornamental Penmanship	[illegible]

[illegible]

C. J. DIETRICH, Prin.
Ft. Wayne, Feb. 15, [illegible]

FOR SALE.

I OFFER for sale on [illegible] LOTS 11 and 12 in block 21, Ewing's Addition, [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Acres of Land, 11 miles from town [illegible] Ewing's farm on the [illegible]

[illegible] Acres of Land near the Piqua Road, 2 miles from Fort Wayne, [illegible] cleared, the balance well timbered. Price [illegible]

The above property [illegible]

I also offer for sale [illegible] Lots and Out Lots in New Haven [illegible] Fort Wayne [illegible]

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON.
Fort Wayne, March [illegible] [illegible]

A LITTLE MORE CIDER TO [illegible] Received, 50 Barrels pure Sweet Cider from Ohio.
Dec. 1. DRAKE & BOURIE.

New and Direct Route

FROM

Fort Wayne to St. Louis,

Springfield, Naples, Decatur, and all points in the West.

[illegible]

TOLEDO, WABASH, & WESTERN RAILROAD

COMPLETED.

No change of Cars or Baggage between Fort Wayne and St. Louis.

TWO daily [illegible] leave Fort Wayne [illegible] 8:00 A. M., New York and St. Louis Express, 5:15 P. M., Mail Express.

Passengers by either of these trains [illegible] *transferred by any on the route.* [illegible] *Railroad, for Springfield, Naples, Decatur, &c.* This Railroad [illegible] SPEED AND COMFORT [illegible] St. Louis.

An Accommodation Train

will leave Fort Wayne at 3:10 A. M. [illegible] Morning Train of the Peru [illegible] and Indianapolis [illegible]

TOLEDO FAST—Trains will leave Fort Wayne at 3:10 A. M. and 12:20 P. M., making close connections at Toledo with Trains of the Cleveland and Toledo Railroad, *for Cleveland, Dunkirk, Buffalo, Albany, New York and Boston.*

THE FREIGHT TRAINS run daily between Fort Wayne, [illegible]

GEO. H. BURROWS, Gen Sup't.
Fort Wayne, Dec. 6, 1856

Jesten W. Robb. Judson McCune.

J. W. ROBB & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merchants,

72 Columbia street,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

RESPECTFULLY invite the attention of Merchants, Druggists, Grocers, Hotel Keepers, &c. to our large and general assortment of

GROCERIES.

Also, a full stock of

Liquors, Wines, & Segars.

All of which we are prepared to sell at New York Jobbing Prices, with the addition of the Transportation.

N. B. All kinds of Produce and Merchandise sold on Commission.

[illegible] Consignments solicited and prompt returns made.

179 J. W. ROBB & Co.

The Cheap Boot & Shoe Store

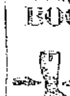
No. 2 Phoenix Block, Calhoun Street.

(Known as Jacobs' Shoe Store)

THE subscribers having bought out the stock of Mr. Jacobs, and received in addition a large new stock, offer for sale a general assortment of

BOOTS & SHOES

At very low Prices.



The Stock includes all the newest and most reasonable styles, from the best eastern manufactories.

Additional supplies will be constantly received, so as to keep the assortment complete.

Being practical workmen themselves, they give particular attention to

Home Made & Custom Work

and can warrant their articles to be well and faithfully made, and of the best materials.

Calf and Kip Boots, Stogies, Brogans, and Ladies wear of all kinds,

kept on hand or made to measure.

VORDERMARK & Co.
May 30, 1856 y—38

NETTLEHORST & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware

AND DEALERS IN

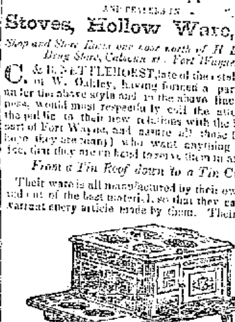
Stoves, Hollow Ware, &c.

Shop and Store Room one door north of H. B. Reed's Drug Store, Calhoun st. Fort Wayne.

C. & E. NETTLEHORST, late of the establishment of W. Oakley, having formed a partnership under the above style and in the above line of business, would most respectfully call the attention of the public to their new relations with the business part of Fort Wayne, and assure all those (and we hope they are many) who want anything in their line, that they are on hand to serve them in any thing

From a Tin Roof down to a Tin Cup.

Their ware is all manufactured by their own hands and out of the best material, so that they can safely warrant every article made by them. Their



COOK AND PARLOR STOVES

Also of the latest improvement and newest style are manufactured from the very best quality of metal.—They are from the celebrated foundries of Troy, N. Y., a recommendation which, in addition to a determination to sell them as low as can be possibly afforded will, they trust, ensure them a ready sale.

Repairing done on the shortest notice.

Aug 22, 1855 y d

Wayne Engine & Car Works

FORT WAYNE,

THE Subscribers, Proprietors of the above Works [illegible]

STATIONARY ENGINES,
Railroad Cars, Machinery,
Agricultural Implements & Castings,

of every description.

They call special attention to their *Stationary Engines.* Having adopted the latest and best improvement, and using the best material and the greatest care in their manufacture, their Engines are regarded as the most superior in use. They furnish

Engines of any required power and size,

for Flour and Saw Mills, or Machine Shops.

Their Works adjoining the Railroad Depot, with immediate connection with the Canal, enable them to deliver work with facility and dispatch.

March [illegible], 1856. JONES, BASS, & Co.

5,000 Gallons STONEWARE, wholesale and retail at [illegible] prices
H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

BOSTICK & BOLMAN

HAVE just received at their new store, No. 95 Calhoun street, (nearly opposite their old stand,) a large and excellent stock of

Fall and Winter Clothing,

Consisting of every variety of Coats, Pants, Vests, and other clothing, finer and better than was ever brought to this market. They have also a general assortment of

Piece Goods

Which they will make to order on the most reasonable terms, and warrant to fit every time.

They have also a large stock of

Calicoes, De Laines and Muslins,

and Dress Goods of every description, that they will sell very cheap at wholesale or retail.

Fort Wayne, Sept. 13.

CHLORIDE of Lime and Chloride of Soda, at *Apothecaries Hall,* 61 Columbia st.

HONEY SOAP.—A large lot of this popular soap; also, a great variety of Toilet Soaps, at *Apothecaries Hall.*

MARSH-MALLOW PASTE, Jujube Paste, Lemon Rock, Rose, Pine-Apple, Liquorice, Horehound, Wild-Cherry and Iceland Moss Gum Drops for sale at

Apothecaries Hall.

ONE NOTT'S STOVE worth $30, for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

CARPETS—Ingrains, English, and Rag—cheapest ever sold in Fort Wayne.
H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

BARK! BARK!

WE will pay the following prices for any quantity of WHITE BLACK or BURROAK BARK delivered either at our Store on Columbia street, under [illegible] or at our Tannery on the Feeder Canal:

White Oak, per Cord	....	$3 00
Black "	"	3 00
Burr "	"	2 00

Fort Wayne, April 10, 1856. H. C. GREY & Co.

GLASSWARE.

JUST received, a complete assortment of Glass Dishes of the latest patterns. In connection with this, I have on hand a large assortment of QUEENSWARE, which will be sold cheap at No. 87 Columbia street. H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

GREAT BARGAINS!!

WE are closing all of our last year Bareges, Barege Delaines and Challis at a great sacrifice being determined to clear out every piece of old goods.

Barege Delains worth 2s we will sell for 1s. Challis and Bareges worth from 3s to 4s we will sell for 20 cents [illegible] worth from 50 cents [illegible] we will sell for [illegible]

Now is the time to buy as we are disposing of them rapidly. WM. T. ABBOTT.
April 29th, 1856.

ROBINSON'S
New Brick Store

At the Old Stand in Fort Wayne.

This Wholesale and Retail

Boot & Shoe Manufactory
AND LEATHER STORE

IS the most extensive establishment of the kind in this part of the country.

My Retail Room

Is complete and well filled, from the styles of the White Satin, Gaiter, French Kid, and Toilet Slipper, to the Fancy Gaiter and Stout Boot.

Merchants & Shoe Dealers

can be supplied as low as they can buy of Eastern Jobbing Houses, as I purchase direct from the Manufacturers in Eastern Villages, where the Jobbers buy their stock; and when my own

HOME MADE WORK

is added to the Eastern, a better stock is furnished.

Also: Sole Leather, Upper, Calf Skins, Kip Skins, Linings, Bindings, Lasts, Pegs and Findings.

Cash paid for Hides & Skins.

JAMES H. ROBINSON.
Fort Wayne Ind, Dec 25, 1855.

NEW CARPETINGS.

THE largest and best selected stock of Woolen Carpets ever offered in Fort Wayne may be found at the Boston Dry Goods Store, 95 Columbia street. WM. T. ABBOTT.

FORT WAYNE
STEAM BOILER WORKS,
N. McLACHLAN & Co.,

Proprietors, Fort Wayne, Ind.

THE above extensive establishment having just gone into operation is prepared to do all kinds of BOILER WORK, such as

High and Low Pressure Boilers,

of all sizes and descriptions,

LARD TANKS, SMOKE STACKS, WATER TANKS, &c. &c.

In a thorough and expeditious manner.

From the twenty years experience of N. McLachlan in the above business, the last three of which were with Messrs. Cooper and Clark, Mount Vernon, we feel confident that we can make it the interest of those wishing any thing in our line, to give us a call. Old boilers bought and sold on the most favorable terms.

Repairs promptly attended to.

Fort Wayne, May 4th, 1855 y11

HARDWARE.

I AM now receiving one of the largest and best assorted stocks of heavy Hardware ever before brought to this market, consisting in part of Iron, Nails, Glass, &c. R. W. TAYLOR.
Fort Wayne, September 28.

10,000 GALLONS STONEWARE, at Old Lucky No. 8.

OHIO Box Stove—3 sizes of this Stove, at BRANDRIFF'S

THREE sizes of Ten Plate Stoves, at BRANDRIFF'S.

10,000 lbs. of SHEET IRON and Stove Pipe for sale at BRANDRIFF'S

BEST PREMIUM.—We have 5 sizes of these Stoves; they are truly what their name indicate. For sale nowhere but at BRANDRIFF'S.

COOK AND BOX STOVES, Potash and Sugar Kettles; Long's No. 4 Plows and Castings of every description for sale by JONES, BASS & CO.
Fort Wayne, Jan. 18 1855. 625

Steam Elevators,

Corner of Pearl street and Maiden Lane,
FORT WAYNE.

PRATT & Co. having bought the Warehouse and Mill lately occupied by Little & McCulloch, are prepared to do a

Commission & Forwarding Business,

and will promptly attend to all goods and produce entrusted to them.

Superior FLOUR and CORN MEAL constantly on hand.

The highest price paid for Grain and all kinds of produce.

Fort Wayne 15th, 1855. y46

[illegible] 1855

COMPARET, HUBBELL, & Co.,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,

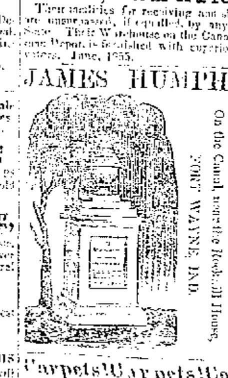
Receive and Forward Goods by the Ohio & Indiana Railroad, and Wabash & Erie Canal.

AGENTS for the ECKFORD LINE on the Wabash & Erie Canal, for the sale of E. & T. Fairbank's Scales; for the sale of Dupont's Powder; and also, for the Franklin Glass Works. Buyers, receivers and shippers of

Grain, Flour & Produce.

Their facilities for receiving and shipping goods are unsurpassed, if equalled, by any house in the State. Their Warehouse on the Canal, at the Railroad Depot is furnished with superior Steam Elevators. June, 1855.

JAMES HUMPHREY'S



STEAM MARBLE
Free & Lime Stone Works,
On the Canal, near the Rockhill House,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

Carpets! Carpets! Carpets!!

20 PIECES two and three ply Carpets of beautiful colors and patterns.

5 pieces Stair Carpets and Rugs, Mattings, plain and figured, 4-4, 5-4 and 6-4.

OIL CLOTHS of splendid patterns and width 4-4, 5-4, 6-4 and 8-4, which will be sold cheaper than ever by H. R. SCHW[illegible]
August 10th, 1855.

500 lbs. SALMON for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

TIN Plate, Copper Bottom, and Wire, for sale at BRANDRIFF'S

SEVEN sizes Fluted Boxes Stoves; very cheap and heavy plated, at BRANDRIFF'S.

500 doz. BRASS KETTLES for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

Ironton Premium Cook Stove.

YOU will find six sizes of this excellent Stove of heavy plate, at
Sept. 19. BRANDRIFF'S.

ELEVATED OVEN.—This Stove we got manufactured for this market, out of Hanging Rock [illegible] the only one made of the kind ever made of that material in the United States; it has two fire chambers; is a quick baker, and is the best kind of a house warmer. We have a large quantity and can afford them low, considering the great weight and good quality. BRANDRIFF.

KANSAS PARLORS.—A stove of this new and beautiful Parlor Stove, got up this season, and will carry off the palm. For sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

TIN and Japaned Ware.—A complete assortment of the very best quality, and the cheapest in the State. *All mending and jobbing done at* BRANDRIFF'S.

Summit City Factory,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

WE are prepared to Manufacture WOOL ON THE SHARE, and CARD, SPIN, FULL and DRESS CUSTOM CLOTH, promptly and in the best style.

Merchants are invited to examine our Stock of

WOOLEN GOODS,

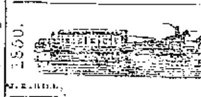
as we are determined to sell a *Good Article* as low as can be purchased in the East. We have, also, a

Set of Machinery,

and an assortment of

Machine Parts, Comb Plates, Card Cleaners, &c.,

which will be sold at manufacturers' prices.
H. RUDISILL & SON.
January 20th, 1855. 129



1850. 1850.

HILL & ORBISON,

(Successors to Hill, Orbison & Co.,)

Forwarding & Commission
MERCHANTS

FORT WAYNE, IA.

Liberal advances made on Produce

REFERENCES:

E. Haskel & Co.,	Toledo.	Ayres & Tunis,	New York
Smith, Robinson & Co.	"	Kent, Pong & Co.	"
Collins, Brown & Co.	"	Kinderly, Frank & [illegible]	[illegible]
Peckham & Scott.	"	C. M. Kennell & Co.	Cincin
Field & King,	"	John Lancis,	Do
Kirk & Lawton, Piqua, Ohio.		H. S. Mayo,	Troy.

Fort Wayne, September 10 1848.

Indiana Six Hole Premium Cook Stove.

YOU will find two sizes of this stove, of heavy plate, and a good baker of beautiful design, at the sign of the Golden Stove.

THE IOWA.—This is a new Stove, just out, and is destined to meet with rapid sales in this city; it is everything that is nice and good. The sight of it is sufficient. We have the exclusive sale of it; the price is low. Call at BRANDRIFF'S.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS!!

DOUBLE and Square Brocha, do do Bay State, Waterloo, Northampton and Rosedale of every description and price.

Also Gentlemen's HEAVY SHAWLS, new patterns, which are offered at very low prices at the Boston Dry Goods Store, by
Sept. 19. WM. T. ABBOTT.

Drake's City Express.

WILL deliver all Goods bought at the Emporium to any part of the City FREE OF CHARGE

Wash. M'Lean. P. L. Weaver.

WASH. M'LEAN, & Co.,

Boiler Makers,

And Dealers in Second Hand Boilers and Engines, *Congress Street, one door East of Ludlow,*
Cincinnati, Ohio.

Constantly on hand an assortment of new and second-hand Boilers, which they will sell low or exchange for old ones. y—21

Harness Makers.

A SUPERIOR article of HARNESS BRIDLE, & COLLAR LEATHER, of our own manufacture for sale by H. C. GREY & Co

1853 1853
FORT WAYNE
STEAM IRON WORKS.

Jacob C Bowser. Joseph Story.

BOWSER & STORY,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES,

Of every size and variety, for Saw and Grist Mills, Shops and Warehouses,

Railroad Cars, Car Wheels,

SAW AND GRIST MILL GEARING,

Thrashing Machines, Stove, Potash & Sugar Kettles, Plows, Plow Shears, &c.,

and every other variety of Castings used in the western country, all on the most improved style and pattern. We invite particular attention to our

SHORT STROKE ENGINES

and machinery for saw mills, which are the most simple, durable, economical, and easily managed of any built in this city, the saw dust and slabs supplying abundant fuel

Those wishing to purchase in our line will do well to give us a call (or address us by letter) as we are found not to be beat in style and prices by any establishment in the country.

REPAIRS done with neatness and despatch.
Cash paid for old Castings and Brass.
Fort Wayne, October 20, 1853. y16

HUGH B. REED.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, and Dye Stuffs, Glassware Window Glass, Putty, Paint and Varnish Brushes, Perfumery, Soap, and Fancy Articles, Surgical Instruments, Tobacco, Cigars and snuff Patent Medicines, Pure Wines and Brandies,

IS now receiving direct from the eastern cities, his Fall Stock, to which he invites the attention of dealers. Customers and physicians will always find at his establishment

Fresh & Unadulterated Medicines,

which he has selected with great personal care for this market.

His stock will be found as extensive as any other in the state, and his prices will compare with any other house in the west. Call and examine.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 9, 1852. H. B. R.

German Books.

BOOKS at the Farmer's Depot, Bibles, Testaments, Hymn Book, Starck's Prayer Book, School Books, Kohlrausch's History of the German Nation, Luther's Works, Erlangen's edition, 51 volumes, price $20; Wittenberger's edition, $15, Leipzig edition, $[illegible] Hirschberger Bible, [illegible] Brockhaus' Conversations Lexicon, [illegible] 16 volumes.— And a great variety of Literary and Theological Works.

These books are all fine editions, and imported direct from Germany. I have made such arrangements that I can procure any German Book desired, at the shortest notice.
April 23.

At the Mammoth Cave

Will be seen a large stock of

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, Hats & Caps.

And large assortment of

READY MADE CLOTHING.

and any quantity of NOTIONS just received and for sale low for cash by
Oct. 13. y 15 T. STAPLEFORD & Co.

DRIED FRUIT.

150 Bushels Dried Apples,
50 " " Peaches,
For sale at H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

PAPER HANGINGS.

2000 ROLLS of elegant Paper Hangings just arrived in town and ready for inspection at the Boston Dry Goods Store, 75 Columbia St.
Sept. 19. WM. T. ABBOTT.

RUSSIA NAIL ROOD—500 bundles, 25 lbs. a just received at R. W. TAYLOR.

FRESH LEMONS, Raisins, [illegible] Nuts, Fruits, Confectionaries, &c. &c. for the Holidays. At the cheap Grocery and [illegible] Store corner of Calhoun and Barry street.
Dec. 19. A. G. BARNETT.

YOUNG HYSON TEA

Worth 6s a pound, for 56 cents
Fine Gun Powder do, worth 7s, for 621 cents, and the very best Imperial do, worth $1 00 a pound for 6s, at 75 Columbia street.
Dec. 18, '56. WM. T. ABBOTT.

NEW GOODS.

No. 79 GRANITE STORE. **OAKLEY & SON,** No. 79 GRANITE STORE.

(Successors to Oakley & French.)

WOULD respectfully say to their friends and the public, that they are now receiving their Spring and Summer stock of Goods, which they flatter themselves is more complete than ever before offered in this market.

We have a very fine assortment of Table and Pocket

CUTLERY.

A superior stock of all kinds of Calfaury ware.— A large supply of

HOUSE TRIMMINGS,

Locks, Latches, Butts, Screws, and all the little etceteries necessary to Trim a Cabin or Mansion.

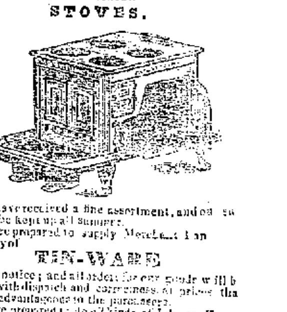
We would call the attention of Railroad Contractors to our stock of Shovels, Mattocks, Spades, Crowbars, and many other implements in their line.

A good assortment of Carpenter's, Cooper's Blacksmith's and other tools of the newest styles, and most improved patterns. *Warranted.*

We have a large stock of best Cast Steel Hoes, (Tuttle's genuine), Scythes, Cradles, and all other implements for farming kept in Hardware Stores.

We wish to assure our friends that our Stock is very large, well selected in view of *this market,* and purchased *direct of the manufacturers* or of the importers. In all cases we get our goods of *first hands,* thereby saving one *profit,* of which we are willing to give our customers the benefit.

STOVES.



We have received a fine assortment, and can [illegible] will be kept up all summer.

We are prepared to supply Merchants [illegible] quantity of

TIN-WARE

at short notice; and all orders for our goods will be put up with dispatch and correctness, at prices that will be advantageous to the purchasers.

We are prepared to do *all* kinds of Job, or House work in the Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron line. All work warranted.
April 14th, 1855.

John Orff S. Lacey.

EMPIRE MILLS,

At St. Mary's Aqueduct,

FORT WAYNE.

THE subscribers having taken the Stone Mills, lately occupied by S. Edsall, are prepared to do a general Milling and Custom Business. Flour delivered in any part of the City free of charge. Orders can be left either at the Mill or at Orff's Store No. 3.

Corn Meal, Buckwheat Flour, Shipstuff, and Bran constantly on hand.

The highest Market Price paid for good sound Wheat.

Feb 1, 1856. ORFF & LACEY. y—

I HAVE just received and offers for sale a good assortment of Buggy and Seat Springs, at No. 123 and 175 Columbia st. R. W. TAYLOR.
Dec. 19 1855.

OIL CLOTH CARPETING.

NEW Patterns just received and for sale by
Sept. 19. WM. T. ABBOTT.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Iron, Nails and Glass.

First arrival of the season at the

GRANITE STORE

50 TONS IRON, which makes our assortment unusually large,
150 Kegs NAILS of all sizes, of the best brands
100 Boxes GLASS, all sizes.

HOES AND FORKS.

150 Dozen Genuine Tuttle Steel Hoes,
50 " AMES and other SHOVELS

A large assortment of general Hardware is expected daily.

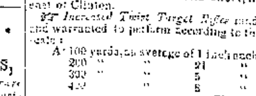
OAKLEY & SON'S is the place for country Merchants to assort up their Stocks, and no mistake.
April 14, 1855.

NEW CARPETINGS,

20 PIECES new style all Wool Carpetings just received at the Boston Dry Goods Store, which gives us the best assortment ever offered in this market, and for sale at eastern prices by
April 25th. WM. T. ABBOTT.

UNION Box Stove 3 sizes new pattern, for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

GUNS! GUNS!



South side of
Columbia St.;
three doors east of Clinton.

SMITH & CO.,

Rifle and Pistol Manufacturers,

DEALERS in double and single barrel Shot Guns, Revolvers and other Pistols, Powder, Shot, and Caps. Guns neatly repaired.

GUNSMITHS furnished with materials at *Low Prices.*

Store on south side Columbia street, three doors east of Clinton.

Increased Twist Target Rifles made to order and warranted to perform according to the annexed scale:

At 100 yards, an average of 1 inch each shot.			
200	"	2½	"
300	"	5	"
400	"	8	"

Aug. 27 SMITH & Co.
y—8

TUBS, Buckets, Wood Bowls, Trays, Sugar Boxes, Flour Buckets, Lard Kegs, Churns, Brooms, Bird Cages, Cash Baskets and Willow Wagons. ORFF'S.

F. F. F! BALTIMORE OYSTERS, in cans—fine, fat, and fresh—daily received at the Old Emporium.
DRAKE & BOURIE,

Saleratus! Saleratus!!

PURE Saleratus of the best Brands, in kegs, and bbl. barrels, or in any quantity to suit the trade, can be had at all times, at the lowest market price, of WILLIAMS & HUESTIS,
April 14. No. 85 Columbia St., Fort Wayne.

J. & C. ORFF,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware,
Glassware, Cutlery, &c., &c.,

No. 3 Phenix Blk, Columbia st.,
FORT WAYNE.

H. R. SCHWEGMAN,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Dry Goods, Groceries,
Hardware & Queensware,

No. 87 Columbia Street,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

H. C. GREY & CO.

HAVING TANNERY completed and now in full operation [illegible] store, corner of Columbia and Clinton streets, under the Telegraph Office, a full assortment of

Eastern and Imported Leather

FINDINGS, SHOE THREAD, &c.,

which they offer for sale at reasonable price.

As they give their exclusive attention to the leather and finding business, they hope to be able to give complete satisfaction. Country orders promptly filled. All articles ordered may be returned at our expense if not satisfactory.

HIDES wanted. Highest Market Price
Sept. 10, 1853. y10pd.